

Bertie County Board of Commissioners



March 7, 2016
2:00pm

	Ronald "Ron" Wesson	District 1
	Stewart White	District II
	Tammy A. Lee	District III
Chairman	John Trent	District IV
Vice Chairman	Ernestine (Byrd) Bazemore	District V

BERTIE COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

March 7, 2016
Meeting Agenda

This agenda is only a tentative schedule of matters the Commissioners may address at their meeting and all items found on it may be deleted, amended or deferred. The Commissioners may also, in their absolute discretion, consider matters not shown on this agenda.

2:00 – NC Flag salute & protocol per N.C.G.S. 144-8

2:05 – JCPC funding agreement discussions with Ms. Larree Cherry, JCPC Chairman and NC Department of Public Safety’s Area Consultant, Ms. Pamela Stokes to review the State process for reviewing juvenile justice programs at the community level for the following agencies: a.) Visions in View, b.) Esquires for Education, c.) The Hive House

3:00 – Grant application updates by Ms. Emily Miller of McAdams and Associates

4:00-4:05 Call to Order and Welcome by Chairman Trent

4:05-4:10 Invocation and Pledge of Allegiance by Commissioner Lee

4:10-4:25 Public Comments (3 minute time limit per speaker)

(A)

***** APPOINTMENTS *****

4:25-4:35 (1) Presentation by Greg Kirkpatrick of Habitat for Humanity

4:35-4:45 (2) Presentation to consider support of request to expand fox/coyote trapping in Bertie County by Mr. David Denton, Denton Wildlife Services, Sargeant George Owens, Bertie County Wildlife Officer, and representing the NC Wildlife Resources Commission are: James C. Turner, Evin Stanford, and Colleen Olfenbuttel

4:45-4:55 (3) EMS/NET financial report and other updates by Emergency Services Director, Mitch Cooper

Board Appointments (B)

1. Nursing Home/CAC Board
2. Planning Board

Consent Agenda (C)

1. Accept Tax Release Journal – January 2016
2. Approve minutes for Regular Session 2-1-16
3. Approve Work Session minutes for 2-1-16
4. Approve minutes for Special Meeting 2-19-16
5. Accept Register of Deeds Fees Report – February 2016
6. Surplus property bid acceptance – old Dr. Jordan’s Office lot
7. Budget Amendment – Governing body travel & mass mailing for “Year in Review/2016 Directory”

*****OTHER ITEMS*****

Discussion Agenda (D)

1. Blue Jay Recreation Center lease to Bertie County
2. Shared & Vacation Leave (maximum accumulation) Policy
3. Fiscal Update by Finance Officer, William Roberson
4. Water District III (and South Windsor) – resolution to approve Engineering Design and Final Plans for submittal to USDA Rural Development

Commissioners’ Reports (E)

County Manager’s Reports (F)

County Attorney’s Reports (G)

Public Comments Continued

3 minute time limit per speaker

Closed Session

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 143-318.11(a)(3) to go into closed session to consult with the County Attorney in order to preserve the attorney-client privilege that exists between the attorney and this public body.

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 143-318.11(a)(4) to discuss matters relating to the location or expansion of industries or other businesses in the area served by the public body, including agreement on a tentative list of economic development incentives that may be offered by the public body in negotiations. The action approves the signing of an economic development contract or commitment, or the action authorizing the payment of economic development expenditures, shall be taken in an open session.

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 143-318.11(a)(5) to establish, or to instruct the public body’s staff or negotiating agents concerning the position to be taken by or on behalf of the public body in negotiating (i) the price and other material terms of a contract or proposed contract for the acquisition of real property by purchase, option, exchange, or lease; or (ii) the amount of compensation and other material terms of an employment contract or proposed employment contract.

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 143-318.11(a)(6) to consider the qualifications, competence, performance, character, fitness, conditions of employment, or conditions of initial employment of an individual public officer or employee or prospective public officer or employee; or to hear or investigate a complaint, charge, or grievance by or against an individual public officer or employee.

Adjourn



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: Work Session Item #1

DEPARTMENT: ---

SUBJECT: N.C. Flag salute & protocol per N.C.G.S. 144-8

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: Requested by the Board.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): Requested by the Board.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---

Chapter 144.

State Flag, Official Governmental Flags, Motto, and Colors.

§ 144-1. State flag.

The flag of North Carolina shall consist of a blue union, containing in the center thereof a white star with the letter "N" in gilt on the left and the letter "C" in gilt on the right of said star, the circle containing the same to be one third the width of said union. The fly of the flag shall consist of two equally proportioned bars, the upper bar to be red, the lower bar to be white; the length of the bars horizontally shall be equal to the perpendicular length of the union, and the total length of the flag shall be one half more than its width. Above the star in the center of the union there shall be a gilt scroll in semicircular form, containing in black letters this inscription: "May 20th 1775" and below the star there shall be a similar scroll containing in black letters the inscription: "April 12th 1776". (1885, c. 291; Rev., s. 5321; C.S., s. 7535; 1991, c. 361, s. 1.)

§ 144-2. State motto.

The words "esse quam videri" are hereby adopted as the motto of this State, and as such shall be engraved on the great seal of North Carolina and likewise at the foot of the coat of arms of the State as a part thereof. On the coat of arms, in addition to the motto, at the bottom, there shall be inscribed at the top the words, "May 20th, 1775." (1893, c. 145; Rev., s. 5320; C.S., s. 7536.)

§ 144-3. Flags to be displayed on public buildings and institutions.

The board of trustees or managers of the several State institutions and public buildings shall provide a North Carolina flag, of such dimensions and material as they may deem best, and the same shall be displayed from a staff upon the top of each and every such building, at all times except during inclement weather, and upon the death of any State officer or any prominent citizen the flag shall be put at half-staff until the burial of such person has taken place. (1907, c. 838, s. 2; C.S., s. 7537; 2009-570, s. 23.)

§ 144-4. Flags to be displayed at county courthouses.

The boards of county commissioners of the several counties in this State shall likewise authorize the procuring of a North Carolina flag, to be displayed either on a staff upon the top or draped behind the judge's stand, in each and every courthouse in the State, and the State flag shall be displayed at each and every term of court held, and on such other public occasions as the commissioners may deem proper. (1907, c. 838, s. 3; C.S., s. 7538.)

§ 144-5. Flags to conform to law.

No State flag shall be allowed in or over any building here mentioned unless such flag conforms to the description of the State flag contained in this chapter. (1907, c. 838, s. 4; C.S., s. 7539.)

§ 144-6. State colors.

Red and blue, of shades as adopted and appearing in the North Carolina State flag and the American flag, shall be, and hereby are, declared to be the official State colors for the State of North Carolina.

The use of such official State colors on ribbons attached to State documents with the great seal and/or seals of State departments is permissive and discretionary but not directory. (1945, c. 878.)

§ 144-7. Display of official governmental flags; public restrictions.

(a) A county, city, consolidated city-county, or unified government shall not prohibit an official governmental flag from being flown or displayed if the official governmental flag is flown or displayed:

- (1) In accordance with the patriotic customs set forth in 4 U.S.C. §§ 5-10, as amended; and
- (2) Upon private or public property with the consent of either the owner of the property or of any person having lawful control of the property.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, for the purpose of protecting the public health, safety, and welfare, reasonable restrictions on flag size, number of flags, location, and height of flagpoles are not prohibited, provided that such restrictions shall not discriminate against any official governmental flag in any manner.

(c) For purposes of this section, an "official governmental flag" shall mean any of the following:

- (1) The flag of the United States of America.
- (2) The flag of nations recognized by the United States of America.
- (3) The flag of the State of North Carolina.
- (4) The flag of any state or territory of the United States.
- (5) The flag of a political subdivision of any state or territory of the United States. (2005-360, s. 1.)

§ 144-8. State salute to the North Carolina flag.

The phrase "I salute the flag of North Carolina and pledge to the Old North State love, loyalty, and faith." is adopted as the official salute to the North Carolina flag. (2007-36, s. 1.)

§ 144-9. Retirement of State flag.

An official flag of the State that is no longer a fitting emblem for display because it is worn, tattered, or otherwise damaged may be respectfully retired by fire. (2010-189, s. 1.)



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: Work Session Item #2

DEPARTMENT: ---

SUBJECT: JCPC funding agreement discussions with Ms. Larree Cherry, JCPC Chairman and NC Department of Public Safety's Area Consultant, Ms. Pamela Stokes to review the State process for reviewing juvenile justice programs at the community level for the following agencies:

- a. Visions in View
- b. Esquires for Education
- c. The Hive House

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS:

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S):

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---

Bertie County Juvenile Crime Prevention Council Request for Proposals

\$93,232

Anticipated County Allocation

10%

Required Local Match Rate

January 15, 2016

Date Advertised

The Juvenile Crime Prevention Council (JCPC) has studied the risk factors and needs of Juvenile Court involved youth in this county and hereby publishes this Request for Proposals. The JCPC anticipates funds from the NC Department of Public Safety, Division of Adult Corrections and Juvenile Justice, Juvenile Community Programs section in the amount stated above to fund the program types specified below. Such programs will serve delinquent and at-risk youth for the state fiscal year 2016-2017 beginning on, or after, July 1, 2016. The use of these funds in this county requires a local match in the amount specified above.

The JCPC will consider proposals for the following needed programs:

Mentoring,	Substance Abuse Treatment	Vocational
Parent and Family Skill Building	Skill Building	Restitution/ Structured
Social Skill Building	Community Service	Teen Court
Home Based Family Counseling	Day and/or Counseling	

Proposed program services should target the following risk factors for delinquency or repeat delinquency:

Youth under the age of 12 when first complaint was filed against them, Youth who use alcohol / drugs, School Behavior Problems, and Peer Relationships

Programs should address the following concerns as reported in the Needs Assessments for adjudicated youth:

Peer Domain: Poor Peer Relationships and Gang Association

Individual Domain: Mental Health Issues and Substance Abuse Issues

Family Domain: Parents who have marginal supervision skills and parents who have criminal records.

School Domain: Youth who have serious behavior problems at school.

Applicants are being sought that are able to address items below:

1. Program services compatible with research that are shown to be effective with juvenile offenders.
2. Program services are outcome-based.
3. The program has an evaluation component.
4. Program services detect gang participation and divert individual, if applicable.

Local public agencies, 501(c)(3) non-profit corporations and local housing authorities are invited to submit applications to provide services addressing the above elements.

Larree Cherry

at

252-794-2527

JCPC Chairperson or Designee

Telephone #

In order to apply for FY 2016-2017 JCPC funding, you must complete and submit your application online by accessing NC ALLIES. Please read and follow all instructions at the following link:

<https://www.ncdps.gov/index2.cfm?a=000003,002476,002483,002482,002514>

After submitting the application electronically, print and submit hard copies as indicated below. Private non-profits are also required to submit No Over Due Tax forms, Conflict of Interest Statements, and proof of 501(c)(3) status.

NOTE: For further information, or technical assistance about applying for JCPC funds in this county, contact your Area Consultant, Pam Stokes at 252-355-9013.

Deadline for Application is: Friday March 18, 2016 by 12:00 P.M.

Mail or deliver Larree Cherry, JCPC Chair

applications to: 751 Charles Taylor Road

Aulander, NC 27805

Number of original copies to submit: 5

Telephone: 252-794-2927

**Bertie County Juvenile Crime Prevention Council
Bertie County, North Carolina
By-Laws**

Article I. Name

The name of this organization shall be the Bertie County Juvenile Crime Prevention Council.

Article II. Purpose

The purpose of the Bertie County Juvenile Crime Prevention Council (hereafter referred to as The Council) shall be that of overall coordination among the community and youth serving agencies and institutions within Bertie County. The Council shall be the local planning body for developing community-based alternatives to youth development centers and to provide community-based delinquency prevention and intervention programs, gang prevention strategies programs and substance abuse prevention programs.

The Juvenile Crime Prevention Council was established by the General Assembly in the 1998 session. General Statutes 147-33.34 through 137-33.55 defines the legislative intent: creation: delinquency and substance abuse prevention strategies and programs: method appointment: membership: chair and vice-chair: terms of appointment: meetings: vacancies: removal: quorum: compensation of members: powers and duties: and funding of programs. The creation of The Council is stated in G.S. 147-33.61.

Article III. Powers and Duties

Section I. The Council shall be responsible on an annual basis for:

(a) Reviewing the needs of juveniles in the county who are at risk of delinquency or who have been adjudicated undisciplined or delinquent and the resources available to process and submit a written plan of action for the expenditure of juvenile sanction and prevention funds to the Board of County Commissioner for its approval. Upon the county's authorization, the

plan shall be submitted to the Division of Juvenile Justice for final approval and subsequent implementation.

(b) The Council shall ensure that appropriate intermediate dispositional options are available and shall prioritize funding for dispositions of intermediate and community level sanctions for court adjudicated juveniles pursuant to minimum standards adopted by the ~~Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention~~. Department of Public Safety/ Division of Juvenile Justice.

Section II. The Council shall be responsible on an ongoing basis for:

(a) Assessing the needs of the juveniles in the community, evaluating the adequacy of resources available to meet those needs, and developing or proposing ways to address unmet needs.

(b) Developing intervention strategies and risk assessments for youth at risk.

(c) Evaluating the performances of Juvenile Crime and Prevention Councils' services and programs as a condition of continued funding.

(d) Submitting to the County Commissioners documentation of the progress of The Council: i.e. needs assessments, recommendations for funding, and implementation.

Article IV. Membership

Section I.

The Council membership will be reviewed yearly. Members will be re-appointed by the County Commissioner when the membership roster is updated. In order to provide for staggered terms, the terms for the first 13 specified members would expire in even years. The remaining will expire on odd years. All subsequent appointments shall be for the terms of two years. Members may be reappointed. The Chairperson shall advise the Board of Commissioners of members who should be replaced because of resignation, limited interest and participation, or a conflict of interest.

Section II.

The Council must be composed of up to, but not more than twenty-five (25) members and should include, if possible

- (1) The local School Superintendent or the person's designee
- (2) A Chief of Police
- (3) The Sheriff or that person's designee
- (4) The District Attorney or that person's designee
- (5) The Chief Court Counselor or that person's designee
- (6) The Director of the area mental health developmental disabilities and substance abuse authority, or that person's designee
- (7) The Director of Social Services or that person's designee
- (8) The County Manager or that person's designee
- (9) A substance abuse professional
- (10) A member of the faith community
- (11) A County Commissioner
- (12) Two persons under the age of 18, one of whom is a member of the State Youth Council
- (13) A juvenile defense attorney
- (14) The Chief District Court Judge or a District Court Judge designated by the Chief District Court Judge.
- (15) A member of the business community
- (16) The Director of the Health Department or that person's designee
- (17) A representative of United Way or another non-profit organization
- (18) A parks and recreation representative.
- (19) Up to seven (7) members of the public.

Article V. Officers

The officers of The Council shall be a Chair (or Co-Chairs), Vice-Chair, and Secretary/Treasurer and shall be elected annually by members of The Council. Officers shall be elected by May of each year. New officers will assume office as of July 1st of that same year. Officers shall be eligible for re-election to succeeding terms. The Chair shall not be a program manager.

Article VI. Meetings

Section I.

Regular meeting shall be held monthly on a date and time specified by The Council. These meetings must be held no less than seven times annually, All meetings will be open to the public.

Section II.

Special meetings may be called by the Chair or Vice-Chair. Notice of special meetings shall be given to the members of The Council in writing, by e-mail or by phone at least 3 days in advance.

Section III.

Minutes shall be taken at every meeting. Copies shall be sent or given to the chairman of the County Commissioners, the Regional Consultant, and to the Chair of The Council.

Article VII. Voting

Section I.

Conflict of Interest- Members of the Council who are employed by recipients of funding administered by The Council shall not vote on funding matters for their organizations.

Section II.

A quorum of the Bertie County JCPC will be the majority of the members present at the meeting. The Chairperson will not be considered a voting member unless there is a tie vote. At the time of a tie, the Chairperson will cast the deciding vote.

Section III.

Only members who are in "good standing" are eligible to vote on Juvenile Crime Prevention Council funding decisions. "Good standing" is defined as having attended a minimum of 50% of previously scheduled meetings and not missing three consecutive scheduled meetings during the present fiscal year. Excused absences (informing the Secretary and Chairperson before meetings) are legitimate absences.

Article VIII. Committees

The Council may maintain five standing Committees.

- (a) Executive Committee- must inform The Council of all actions taken.
- (b) Needs Assessment Committee- shall evaluate community needs and recommends programs to fill those needs.
- (c) Monitoring Committee- shall evaluate the effectiveness of existing programs and make recommendations for changes.
- (d) Funding and Program Review Committee- shall review programs applying for funds administered by ~~DJDP~~ the Division of Juvenile Justice and make recommendations for the programs that should be funded to The Council.
- (e) Membership/Nominating Committee- shall recommend and recruit new officers and members to the Council.
- (f) Bylaws Committee- shall review the by-laws and recommend changes to the Council and to monitor by-laws.

ARTICLE IX. CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

Juvenile Crime Prevention Council (JCPC) members are public officers. N.C. Gen. Stat. § 14-234 requires that (1) No public officer or employee who is involved in making or administering a contract on behalf of a public agency may derive a direct benefit from the contract except as provided in this section, or as otherwise allowed by law; (2) A public officer or employee who will derive a direct benefit from a contract with the public agency he or she serves, but who is not involved in making or administering the contract, shall not attempt to influence any other person who is involved in making or administering the contract; and (3) No public officer or employee may solicit or receive any gift, reward, or promise of reward in exchange for recommending, influencing, or attempting to influence the award of a contract by the public agency he or she serves.

Accordingly, no JCPC member or managing staff may receive directly or indirectly, any funds disbursed from the State of North Carolina, except for duly, authorized staff compensation and benefits, and reimbursement for expenses actually incurred in connection with the Council's business and in accordance with final approved grant agreements.

WHEREAS, Bertie County (County/JCPC Collaborative) desires to require its members to avoid conflicts of interest or the appearance of impropriety in the disbursement of State funds;

PROVIDED, no member of the JCPC shall be deemed to benefit directly or indirectly from any contract or grant funded in whole or in part by State funds if he/she receives only the salary or stipend due to him/her in the normal course of employment with, or service to, said JCPC.

FURTHERMORE, said JCPC has written conflict of interest policies and reporting procedures applicable to members who have any interest or any authority regarding the resources of JCPC. These policies have been communicated to members and full disclosure has been provided for any possible appearance of conflict of interest that may exist.

Council members shall not use their official affiliation with the JCPC to secure preferential treatment for any juvenile. Council members shall not use confidential information regarding juveniles or their families, JCPC agencies or other council members for personal gain or benefit. Council members must disclose a (potential) conflict of interest when the council member:

1. Is related to a program staff member;
2. Is related to another JCPC member;
3. Has/may have personal, financial, professional, and/or political gain at the expense or benefit of the JCPC, other than the benefit of therapeutic intervention for the juveniles and families served by JCPC funded programs;
4. Or a council member's family member participates in activities of, is a member of, or is an employee of a business entity that may be viewed as having direct or indirect influence over the JCPC's business;
5. Or a council member's family member may be viewed as having direct or indirect financial gain from personal or business investments/interest in real property held by that council member;
6. Received honorarium or other compensation outside of the scope of employment and operations that creates or appears to create bias;
7. Secured employment with a competing applicant for JCPC funding; and
8. Has a relationship other than professional with a JCPC funded program or applicant for funding, or any staff member or volunteer working for the program/applicant.

ARTICLE X. FUNDING AND REVIEW PROCESS & PROCEDURES

The Juvenile Crime Prevention Council conducts a Risk and Needs Assessment each year. Through the Risk and Needs Assessment, the JCPC determines the priority needs for funding. The JCPC will prioritize programs that serve as disposition or diversion resources for delinquent and undisciplined youth. The JCPC will publicly advertise the availability of funds and request for proposals for the priority of services for a period of no less than 30 days.

A Funding and Review Subcommittee will be appointed from the JCPC Membership or the entire Council will screen and review all proposals submitted, interview prospective program managers or their representatives and prioritize recommendations for the funding of programs.

Recommendations for funding will be in agreement with the Bertie County Annual Plan and support the risk factors and the needed services identified. The funding recommendations will be submitted in writing to the JCPC, including rationale for why a program was or was not recommended for funding and the recommended funding level.

The entire membership will then vote on the recommendations ~~by the sub-committee.~~ After a consensus is obtained, the JCPC Chairperson will make a report to the Board of County Commissioners, which has ultimate responsibility for approval.

These by laws are adopted by the Bertie County Juvenile Crime Prevention Council on ~~September 11, 2012.~~ October 13, 2015.



BERTIE COUNTY
106 DUNDEE STREET
POST OFFICE BOX 530
WINDSOR, NORTH CAROLINA 27983
(252) 794-5300
FAX: (252) 794-5327
WWW.CO.BERTIE.NC.US

**BOARD OF
COMMISSIONERS**

JOHN TRENT, Chairman
ERNESTINE (BYRD) BAZEMORE, Vice Chairman
RONALD "RON" WESSON
TAMMY A. LEE
STEWART WHITE

February 22, 2016

Dear Ms. Ruffin,

Budget calendars and funding request forms will be distributed by the end of February. Additionally, the Board of Commissioners is considering amending its funding process for certain agencies receiving special appropriations, especially in the areas of at risk youth, mentoring and social skill development. Your agency is one of the potential programs which may be impacted by this potential change.


You are invited and strongly encouraged to attend the Board's next work session on Monday, March 7th at 2:00 p.m. in the Commissioners meeting room at 106 Dundee Street in Windsor.

The governing body will be discussing an annual funding agreement with the Bertie County Juvenile Crime Prevention Council (JCPC) represented by Ms. Larree Cherry, JCPC Chairman and NC Department of Public Safety's Area Consultant Ms. Pamela Stokes to review the State process for reviewing juvenile justice programs at the community level. The Board is considering funding your agency and possibly others that qualify, through the JCPC funding process.

Attached with this correspondence is a copy of the Bertie County JCPC Request for Proposals which was advertised on January 15, 2016 and please note that the application deadline is March 18th by 12:00 p.m., and this timetable will apply for the fiscal year which begins July 1, 2016, if the Board takes action to initiate the JCPC budget process.

Please understand that this item is a new initiative and has not been previously considered by the Board, so there will likely be many questions addressed during the work session on March 7th. Your attendance will be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,


Scott T. Sauer
County Manager



BERTIE COUNTY
106 DUNDEE STREET
POST OFFICE BOX 530
WINDSOR, NORTH CAROLINA 27983
(252) 794-5300
FAX: (252) 794-5327
WWW.CO.BERTIE.NC.US

**BOARD OF
COMMISSIONERS**

JOHN TRENT, Chairman
ERNESTINE (BYRD) BAZEMORE, Vice Chairman
RONALD "RON" WESSON
TAMMY A. LEE
STEWART WHITE

February 22, 2016

Dear Ms. Saunders,

Budget calendars and funding request forms will be distributed by the end of February. Additionally, the Board of Commissioners is considering amending its funding process for certain agencies receiving special appropriations, especially in the areas of at risk youth, mentoring and social skill development. Your agency is one of the potential programs which may be impacted by this potential change.

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Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Scott T. Sauer".

Scott T. Sauer
County Manager



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POST OFFICE BOX 530
WINDSOR, NORTH CAROLINA 27983
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**BOARD OF
COMMISSIONERS**
JOHN TRENT, Chairman
ERNESTINE (BYRD) BAZEMORE, Vice Chairman
RONALD "RON" WESSON
TAMMY A. LEE
STEWART WHITE

February 22, 2016

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Holley,

Budget calendars and funding request forms will be distributed by the end of February. Additionally, the Board of Commissioners is considering amending its funding process for certain agencies receiving special appropriations, especially in the areas of at risk youth, mentoring and social skill development. Your agency is one of the potential programs which may be impacted by this potential change.

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Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Scott T. Sauer".

Scott T. Sauer
County Manager



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: Work Session #3

DEPARTMENT: ---

SUBJECT: Grant application updates by Emily Miller of McAdams and Associates

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: FYI only.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): FYI only.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---

**Bertie County Grants Update for BOC
March 7, 2016**

Tall Glass of Water

Land Acquisition Grants:

PARTF \$500,000

Agenda items on April meeting for application. Full app due May 2, 2016.

CAMA Access Grant \$500,000

Pre-application on agenda for consideration. Due March 16, 2016.

Blue Jay Recreation Improvements

Submitted pre-application February 2, 2016 requesting \$100,000.

If pre-app is approved the County will be notified on March 28, 2016 and the full application will be due May 27, 2016.

Other potential assistance for the park:

Roanoke Electric – lighting

Kaboom – playground equipment

Blue Cross Blue Shield – walking trail

Aulander

Update on community meeting, public surveys, and next steps for PARTF grant. Also applying for a Baseball Tomorrow Grant.

Askewville

Update on funding options through USDA Community Facilities and construction budget.

Affordable Housing

Gathering site layouts for similar projects for the BOC's review at the April meeting. NCHF made a recommendation to Manager to contact SECU for financing options and suggested 40-60 units of patio / townhomes.

Energy Projects

Review energy savings options for poultry processing and growers through EnSave.
Discuss solid waste methane projects completed in other counties.

Emergency Services Funding

Update on grant / loan opportunities for each individual town and for the county.

Basketball Court at Windsor Recreation Complex

Researching options other than PARTF.

Bertie County Board of Commissioners



March 7, 2016
4:00pm

	Ronald "Ron" Wesson	District 1
	Stewart White	District II
	Tammy A. Lee	District III
Chairman	John Trent	District IV
Vice Chairman	Ernestine (Byrd) Bazemore	District V

BERTIE COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

March 7, 2016
Meeting Agenda

This agenda is only a tentative schedule of matters the Commissioners may address at their meeting and all items found on it may be deleted, amended or deferred. The Commissioners may also, in their absolute discretion, consider matters not shown on this agenda.

2:00 – NC Flag salute & protocol per N.C.G.S. 144-8

2:05 – JCPC funding agreement discussions with Ms. Larree Cherry, JCPC Chairman and NC Department of Public Safety’s Area Consultant, Ms. Pamela Stokes to review the State process for reviewing juvenile justice programs at the community level for the following agencies: a.) Visions in View, b.) Esquires for Education, c.) The Hive House

3:00 – Grant application updates by Ms. Emily Miller of McAdams and Associates

4:00-4:05 Call to Order and Welcome by Chairman Trent

4:05-4:10 Invocation and Pledge of Allegiance by Commissioner Lee

4:10-4:25 Public Comments (3 minute time limit per speaker)

(A)

***** APPOINTMENTS *****

4:25-4:35 (1) Presentation by Greg Kirkpatrick of Habitat for Humanity

4:35-4:45 (2) Presentation to consider support of request to expand fox/coyote trapping in Bertie County by Mr. David Denton, Denton Wildlife Services, Sargeant George Owens, Bertie County Wildlife Officer, and representing the NC Wildlife Resources Commission are: James C. Turner, Evin Stanford, and Colleen Olfenbuttel

4:45-4:55 (3) EMS/NET financial report and other updates by Emergency Services Director, Mitch Cooper

Board Appointments (B)

1. Nursing Home/CAC Board
2. Planning Board

Consent Agenda (C)

1. Accept Tax Release Journal – January 2016
2. Approve minutes for Regular Session 2-1-16
3. Approve Work Session minutes for 2-1-16
4. Approve minutes for Special Meeting 2-19-16
5. Accept Register of Deeds Fees Report – February 2016
6. Surplus property bid acceptance – old Dr. Jordan’s Office lot
7. Budget Amendment – Governing body travel & mass mailing for “Year in Review/2016 Directory”

*****OTHER ITEMS*****

Discussion Agenda (D)

1. Blue Jay Recreation Center lease to Bertie County
2. Shared & Vacation Leave (maximum accumulation) Policy
3. Fiscal Update by Finance Officer, William Roberson
4. Water District III (and South Windsor) – resolution to approve Engineering Design and Final Plans for submittal to USDA Rural Development

Commissioners’ Reports (E)

County Manager’s Reports (F)

County Attorney’s Reports (G)

Public Comments Continued

3 minute time limit per speaker

Closed Session

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 143-318.11(a)(3) to go into closed session to consult with the County Attorney in order to preserve the attorney-client privilege that exists between the attorney and this public body.

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 143-318.11(a)(4) to discuss matters relating to the location or expansion of industries or other businesses in the area served by the public body, including agreement on a tentative list of economic development incentives that may be offered by the public body in negotiations. The action approves the signing of an economic development contract or commitment, or the action authorizing the payment of economic development expenditures, shall be taken in an open session.

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 143-318.11(a)(5) to establish, or to instruct the public body’s staff or negotiating agents concerning the position to be taken by or on behalf of the public body in negotiating (i) the price and other material terms of a contract or proposed contract for the acquisition of real property by purchase, option, exchange, or lease; or (ii) the amount of compensation and other material terms of an employment contract or proposed employment contract.

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 143-318.11(a)(6) to consider the qualifications, competence, performance, character, fitness, conditions of employment, or conditions of initial employment of an individual public officer or employee or prospective public officer or employee; or to hear or investigate a complaint, charge, or grievance by or against an individual public officer or employee.

Adjourn



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: A-1

DEPARTMENT: ---

SUBJECT: Presentation by Greg Kirkpatrick of Habitat for Humanity

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: FYI only.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): FYI only.

ATTACHMENTS: No

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING:

ITEM HISTORY: ---



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: February 15, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: A-2

DEPARTMENT: ---

SUBJECT: Presentation to consider support of request to expand fox/coyote trapping in Bertie County by Mr. David Denton, Denton Wildlife Services, Sergeant George Owens, Bertie County Wildlife Officer, and representing the NC Wildlife Commission are: Coastal Regional Wildlife Biologists James C. Turner, Evin Stanford, and Colleen Olfenbuttel.

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: FYI only.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S):

Bertie County does not allow the trapping of fox by local county law. The County Board of Commissioners can pass a new local County law to override the old law.

Below you can read why the NC Wildlife Resources Commission cannot regulate fox. There is also an additional attachment behind this abstract.

Forty years ago the Fox Hunters had a strong lobby and had fox hunting with no trapping laws passed. Only a few counties had a trapping season. At the time, NC did not have coyotes. In the past 20 years in NC, coyotes have changed the landscape in wildlife management. The new, big, and highly adaptable predator, the coyote has wreaked havoc on wildlife populations, and have caused serious issues with poultry, sheep, goats, cattle, and horses, along with predation on domestic (pets) animals.

Hunting can take care of a few problem animals but is not an effective way to control coyote

populations. The only effective way to control coyote populations is to trap.

In recent years, counties have started passing laws for trapping fox, for both fox and coyote problems. Coyotes and fox are basically caught in the same type of set. Counties allowing fox trapping have in turn encouraged trappers to trap in that county by not having to release all foxes captured.

The Fox trapping law that Chowan County passed several years ago, is the wording most counties across the state are now passing. It basically classifies the fox as a “Game/Furbearer” with no added restrictions. This is the same classification as Raccoon, Opossums, and Bobcats. They can be hunted or trapped.

The NCWRC’s hunter education program has an advanced trapping course that the NC Trappers Association teaches every year across the state. All instructors are certified by the NCWRC. This course teaches the proper and responsible methods to trap. This course uses as its manual, a manual developed by the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies (AFWA). AFAF is an association whose members are the wildlife agencies of all fifty (50) states. AFWA along with the US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and top respected trappers in all 50 states developed the Trapping Best Management Practices (BMP’s). The BMP’s give information on all furbearer species, their habitat, characteristics, breeding, and young. The BMP’s also give suggestions for the best traps to use for each species and how to make sets. The BMP’s were designed to teach proper methods for trapping with, animal comfort, trapper safety, along with being catch and cost effective.

On the attachment Fox- Coyote Population Report that was requested by the NC Senate if you scroll down to page 25 you can read the recommendations that the NCWRC gave to help control the coyote population.

The state law regarding foxes, coupled with the diversity of local laws, has resulted in 27 fox hunting seasons with weapons in 85 counties, and 22 fox trapping seasons in 41 counties. This document was created to help guide sportsmen on the legal aspects of taking foxes. It provides maps and a table indicating which counties are open or closed to fox hunting and/or trapping. In addition, a listing of current statutes and local laws by county is included starting on page 12. The North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (WRC) has very limited authority to regulate fox hunting and trapping seasons. Only the General Assembly has the authority to allow fox trapping in a county through passage of a local law. The North Carolina General Assembly (NCGA) has elected to classify foxes only as a game animals rather than game and furbearers as bobcat, opossum and raccoon are designated (§ 113 291.4). This classification means that the WRC may not allow foxes to be taken by trapping during regular trapping seasons. There are numerous session laws that have been approved by the NCGA relating to foxes. Many of these laws passed by the NCGA apply only to a specific county, counties or parts of counties and

generally are referred to as “local laws”. The number and complexity of the “local laws” enacted by the NCGA over the past 40 years which allow the taking of foxes with weapons and traps make them unsuitable to include in the annual regulations digest, thus this separate document was created.

Chowan County

Ch. 301 of 1999 S.L. adds Chowan to S.L. 1989,c.128 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons from December 1 through January 1 of each year.

S.L. 2011-40, SB261- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping during the trapping season set by the Wildlife Resources Commission each year, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act.

Bertie County

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---



Fox and Coyote Populations Study Final Report

April 1, 2012



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NORTH CAROLINA WILDLIFE RESOURCES COMMISSION
GORDON S. MYERS, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
1701 MAIL SERVICE CENTER, RALEIGH, N.C. 27699-1701



Gray fox (photo: Maine Dept. of Fisheries and Wildlife)

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

*North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission
1701 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1701*

APRIL 1, 2012

TO: The Honorable, Thom Tillis, Speaker of the House of Representatives
The Honorable Phil Berger, President Pro Tempore of the Senate
Representative James H. Langdon, Jr., Co-chair, House Committee on Agriculture
Representative Efton M. Sager, Co-chair, House Committee on Agriculture
Senator Don East, Co-chair, Senate Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and Natural Resources
Senator Brent Jackson, Co-chair, Senate Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and Natural Resources
Senator David Rouzer, Co-chair, Senate Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and Natural Resources

On behalf of the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission, I submit this final report for your consideration.

Respectfully,

Gordon S. Myers, Executive Director

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In June 2011, the North Carolina General Assembly directed the Wildlife Resources Commission (Commission) to study fox and coyote populations and to recommend management methods and controls designed to ensure statewide conservation of fox populations while managing adverse effects of coyote populations. Since that time, the Commission has gathered information about the attitudes and perspectives of numerous stakeholder groups. In addition, the Commission compiled all available information on the harvest and status of foxes and coyotes by hunters and trappers. Included herein is a detailed presentation of the different authorities for regulating take of foxes and coyotes, including the Commission's limited authority for regulating take of foxes, and the resulting significant variation in fox hunting and trapping seasons. The potential impacts (both positive and negative) of a statewide fox trapping season are evaluated.

Foxes have occurred in N.C. throughout recent history, but coyotes are a relatively new arrival. With changes in the landscape of our state; changing perspectives about fox hunting and fox and coyote trapping by hunters, trappers, and the general public; concerns over coyote predation on wild and domestic animals; and human/fox/coyote interactions, publically-acceptable approaches to managing fox and coyotes have changed. Because of these changes, we must determine how best to modify current approaches to regulating take of foxes and coyotes that meet the needs of our diverse citizenry while assuring the sound conservation and management of these species. The Commission's long-term goal is to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of coyote control measures by reducing regulatory barriers for our citizens while ensuring the sound conservation of fox populations.

Based upon this study, the Commission offers the following recommendations:

- Develop a structured decision-making process to guide all regulatory changes
- Maintain and expand hunting opportunities for foxes and coyotes where feasible
- Match new or amended fox trapping seasons with the statewide furbearer trapping season
- Increase public awareness of best management practices for trapping foxes and coyotes
- Authorize the Commission to regulate all gear types used in trapping
- Examine regulations pertaining to the operation of Controlled Fox Hunting Preserves including the live sale of foxes and coyotes
- Increase public awareness of coyotes
- Implement localized fox and coyote abundance surveys
- Consider providing additional urban fox and coyote trapping opportunities
- Consider removing prohibitions on hunting and trapping foxes in Yancey County

INTRODUCTION

On June 17, 2011, the General Assembly passed a bill (N.C. Session Law 2011-380, House Bill 755) that directed the Wildlife Resources Commission (Commission) to study fox and coyote populations. Signed into law June 27, 2011, the statute called for the Commission to “undertake a study of fox and coyote populations in the State and recommend management methods and controls designed to ensure statewide conservation of fox populations while managing adverse effects of coyote populations.” HB 755 further directed the Commission to “solicit input from interested stakeholders, including hunters, trappers, controlled hunting preserve operators, public health authorities, local governments, the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, and private landowners.” The Commission was directed to complete its study by April 1, 2012, and submit a report, including any proposed legislation, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate; the Chairs of the House Committee on Agriculture; and the Chairs of the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and Natural Resources.

Our focus throughout this effort was to compile all data and other information available to the Commission on the history and status of foxes and coyotes in N.C., and feedback from various constituents, on issues and positive approaches to conserve foxes while optimizing management of coyotes. Our long-term goal is to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of coyote control measures by reducing regulatory barriers for our citizens while ensuring the sound conservation of fox populations.

To compile information about their attitudes and opinions on issues related to managing foxes and coyotes, we contacted stakeholders through direct meetings, and telephone and e-mail surveys. Four meetings were held with representative groups of stakeholders, including: meetings held in Raleigh with the N.C Trappers Association and in Goldsboro with fox hunters on December 12, 2011; and meetings with representative controlled fox hunting preserve operators in Williamston on February 8, 2012 and in Troy on February 15, 2012. In total, 34 constituents attended these meetings. To gain additional information from our constituents, we contacted a goat farmer, horse owner, and representatives of the Quality Deer Management Association, Quail Unlimited, N.C. Cattlemen’s Association, N.C. League of Municipalities, N.C. Farm Bureau, N.C. County Commissioners Association, Association of Local Health Directors, N.C. State Health Director, and N.C. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services either by telephone or e-mail and asked a series of nine questions related to management of foxes and coyotes in N.C. (Appendix A).

From these efforts, the Commission received direct feedback from trappers, hunters, and controlled fox hunting preserve operators and survey feedback from representatives of Quail Unlimited, Quality Deer Management Association, N.C. Cattleman’s Association, N.C. Cattlemen’s Beef Council, N.C. Farm Bureau, a goat farmer, a horse owner, Wilkes County Animal Control, N.C. Division of Public Health, N.C. Alliance of Public Health Agencies, Orange County Animal Services, and N.C. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Veterinary Services Division and Forest Service.

Additional information and data provided herein on the distribution, status, and harvest of foxes and coyotes were compiled from Commission records.

REGULATORY AUTHORITY

Over the years, numerous laws and rules have been adopted that result in diverse regulatory authorities and a broad range of legal options for managing fox and coyote populations. In many cases, this suite of diverse options creates confusion among the public and has created some barriers to effectively conserving fox populations while managing coyotes, which to most of our citizens are overabundant. Because one of the Commission's goals is to remove regulatory barriers and increase the options available to our citizens to manage foxes and coyotes, especially on private property, a thorough review of these regulatory authorities is important.

Commission Authority to Regulate Fox Hunting – Foxes are classified as game (NCGS § 113 129). However, according to NCGS § 113 291.4, *“All of the regulatory powers granted the Wildlife Resources Commission generally with respect to game, wild animals, and wildlife apply to foxes unless there are specific overriding restrictions in this section.”* Under current overriding restrictions, the Commission may not regulate the taking of foxes with the use of dogs except in areas where this would be detrimental to turkey restoration projects. Because turkey restoration now is completed statewide, the Commission may not restrict the use of dogs to take foxes anywhere in the state, including west of the line delineated in NCGS § 113-291.5, an area in which the Commission has authority to regulate all other aspects of hunting with dogs. NCGS § 113 291.4 specifically states that foxes may be taken with dogs year-round and during both night and day.

The Commission does not have the authority to regulate fox hunting with firearms, except to:

1. continue the fox hunting and trapping season for Caswell, Clay, Graham, Henderson, Hyde, Macon, and Tyrrell counties that was established in the early 1980s,
2. establish fox population control measures in areas where State Health Director has notified the Commission of the presence of a contagious animal disease in a local fox population, and
3. set bag limits for foxes taken with firearms east of I-77 and Mitchell and Caldwell counties.

The Commission may not allow the use of electronic calling devices for foxes.

The Commission has the authority to regulate take with archery equipment because there is no prohibition in § 113 291.4 or § 113 291.4.A against the use of archery equipment to take foxes.

Commission Authority to Regulate Fox Trapping – Foxes are not classified as fur-bearers, but rather as game. Therefore, the Commission has no authority over fox trapping except as specifically authorized in NCGS § 113 291.4, which states, *“If, on the basis of its studies and other information available, the Wildlife Resources Commission determines the population of foxes in an area is fully adequate to support a harvesting of that population, the Wildlife Resources Commission may, upon passage of local legislation permitting same, open a season for taking foxes by trapping.”* Any such local season open to fox trapping is open to fox hunting as well (NCGS § 113 291.4).

In regards to dead foxes, this same statute gives the Commission the authority to:

1. provide for the sale of foxes lawfully taken in areas of open season;

2. implement a system of tagging foxes and fox furs with a special fox tag;
3. charge two dollars and twenty five cents (\$2.25) for each tag furnished to hunters, trappers, and fur dealers;
4. limit the number of tags furnished to any individual as to area and as to number in accordance with area, bag, possession, or season limits;
5. require reporting and controlled disposition, not including sale, of foxes killed accidentally by dog hunters, motor vehicles, and in other situations; and
6. impose strict controls on the disposition of depredating foxes taken by owners of property, and authorize sale under controlled conditions of foxes taken under depredation permits.

Commission Authority to Regulate Coyote Hunting – Coyotes are classified as wild animals (NCGS § 113 129), but not game. Under this classification the Commission has the authority to set hunting seasons and bag limits (NCGS § 113 291.2) and designate manner of taking, including the use of artificial lights and electronic calls (NCGS § 113 291.1).

Commission Authority to Regulate Coyote Trapping – The Commission uses the same authority (NCGS § 113 291.2) to set trapping seasons and bag limits as for hunting seasons. Trap types for wild animals are specified in NCGS § 113 291.6. Trappers trap coyotes under the authority of their trapping license, although this license specifies that it is necessary for fur-bearing species (NCGS § 113 270.5).

Commission Authority to Regulate Controlled Fox Hunting Preserves – Persons who wish to operate a controlled fox hunting preserve must purchase a Controlled Hunting Preserve Operator License. Currently there are 144 Controlled Fox Hunting Preserves across N.C. (Figure 1). Pursuant to NCGS § 113 273, operators of controlled fox hunting preserves may purchase live foxes and coyotes from licensed trappers who live trap foxes and coyotes during any open season for trapping them and may, at any time, take live foxes from their preserves for sale to other licensed operators. Except for the purchase of live animals, the Commission is authorized to set standards for, and to license the operation of, controlled fox hunting preserves (NCGS § 113 273).

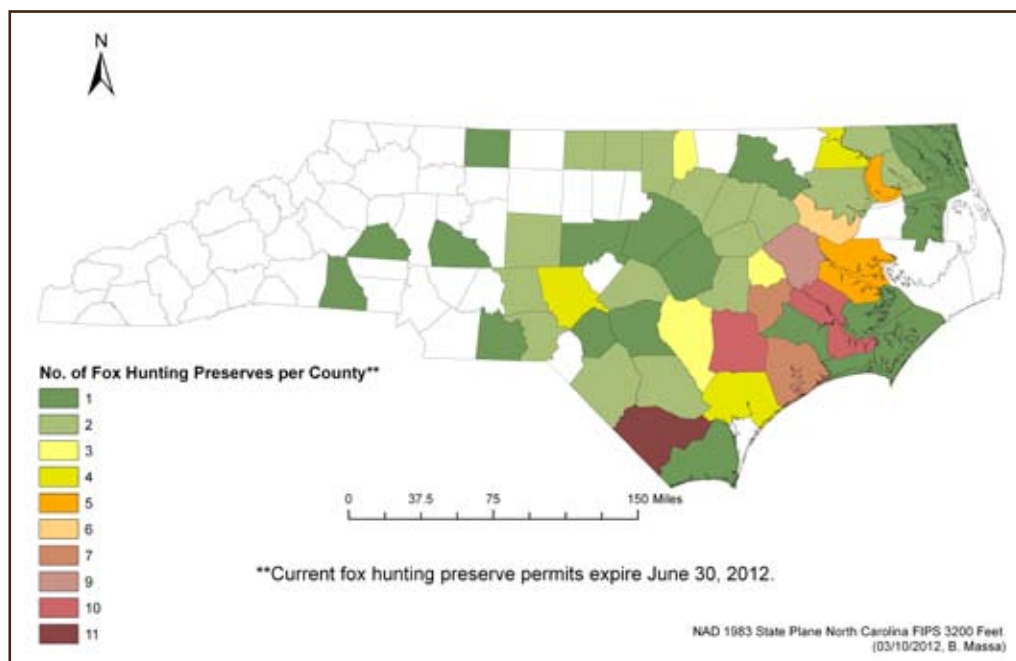


Figure 1. Distribution of 144 Controlled Fox Hunting Preserves in North Carolina, 2012.

Commission Authority to Regulate Nuisance Foxes and Coyotes – The Commission has the authority under NCGS § 113 274 to issue depredation permits to take foxes or coyotes that are “undesirable, harmful, predatory, excess, or surplus.” The Commission has the authority to regulate the manner of taking and the disposition of wildlife taken with or without a permit. Although the conditions for receiving a depredation permit are outlined in the Commission’s rules, NCGS § 113 274 states, “*Livestock or poultry owners shall be issued a depredation permit for coyotes upon request.*” Therefore, the Commission does not have authority to regulate issuance of depredation permits to livestock or poultry owners.

Commission Authority to Regulate Use of Snares for Trapping – NCGS § 113.291.1(b)(2) specifically prohibits the use of snares as a manner of take. However, NCGS § 113.291.6(h) specifies that “[a] person who has been issued a depredation permit for coyotes under G.S. 113 274(c) may use a Collarum™ trap, or similar trap approved by the Wildlife Resources Commission, solely for the purpose of taking coyotes under that permit.” Thus, the Collarum™-type trap is the only currently approved type of trap using a snare that is legal as a manner of take in N.C.

Commission Authority to Regulate Foxes and Coyotes for Public Health – Pursuant to NCGS § 113 291.4, “*Upon notification by the State Health Director of the presence of a contagious animal disease in a local fox population, the Commission is authorized to establish such population control measures as are appropriate until notified by public health authorities that the problem is deemed to have passed.*” This reference to a “contagious animal disease” could apply to a canine-specific disease, such as distemper, or one with human health implications, such as rabies. Regulatory authority in regards to rabies is clarified in NCGS § 130A 201, which gives the Commission the authority to “... develop a plan pursuant to G.S. 113 291.2 (a1) to reduce the threat of rabies exposure to humans and domestic animals by foxes, ...” Additional details on the Commission’s authority and expectations on our agency are provided in NCGS § 113 291.2. Essentially, the Commission is authorized to implement a broad range of actions in response to a rabies emergency if declared by the State Health Director.

Resulting Variations in Hunting and Trapping Seasons – Under North Carolina General Statutes foxes are classified as game animals and all fox hunting and trapping seasons can only be established or changed by the General Assembly. Therefore, fox seasons cannot be established or altered by the Commission.

Fox hunting with dogs is allowed any time of year in all N.C. counties except Alamance, Caswell, Cleveland, Duplin, Lincoln, Madison, Wayne and Yancey which, through local law, either prohibit fox hunting altogether or establish a season. Eighty-five counties have a fox hunting season with weapons for all or part of the county (Figures 2 and 3). As specified in NCGS § 113 291.4, “*When the season is open for trapping, foxes may also be taken by the use of methods lawful for taking game animals, including the use of firearms.*” Therefore hunting is allowed in all counties in which trapping is allowed, but trapping is not allowed in all counties that allow hunting. Forty-seven counties allow hunting, but not trapping. Some of these fox hunting seasons are established in statute; some are established through session law. When considering season dates alone, there are at least 27 unique fox hunting seasons among 85 different counties across the state.

Fox trapping seasons must be established by the General Assembly. Thirty-eight counties or parts thereof and one municipality have established fox trapping seasons. However, these 39 local jurisdictions do not all have the

same season. Due to differences in season dates, trap-size restrictions, trap-type restrictions, tagging requirements, live sale prohibitions, bag limits and swivel requirements, the 38 counties and one municipality have 22 unique trapping seasons (Figure 4).

In North Carolina, coyotes are classified as a nongame animal. Coyote hunting seasons and bag limits are established in Commission rules. Currently, coyotes may be taken by firearms, archery equipment and dogs during the daytime six days a week in all counties of the state, unless such take is restricted by local law. Coyotes may be taken by archery equipment and dogs on Sundays on private land. Coyotes may be trapped during the two furbearer seasons set forth in the Commission’s rules. These seasons include all counties of the state. In addition, coyotes may be trapped anytime there is an open season for trapping foxes. Farmers can receive a depredation permit upon request to trap coyotes outside the trapping season. Depredation permits can also be issued for property owners experiencing damage from coyotes, or if there is a threat to public safety. Through these measures and within established statutory authority the Commission has maximized options for citizens to control coyote numbers. Currently, the Commission is promulgating rules to allow hunting coyotes at night with a light.



Figure 2. Counties with a fox hunting season with dogs in 2012, as legislated by the North Carolina General Assembly. Differences in color indicate differences among the fox hunting season (6 fox hunting seasons with dogs in 98 counties). Counties in white are currently closed to fox hunting with dogs.



Figure 3. Counties and areas with a fox hunting season allowing weapons in 2012, as legislated by the North Carolina General Assembly. Differences in color indicate differences among the fox hunting seasons (27 fox hunting seasons in 85 counties). Counties in white are currently closed to fox hunting with weapons.

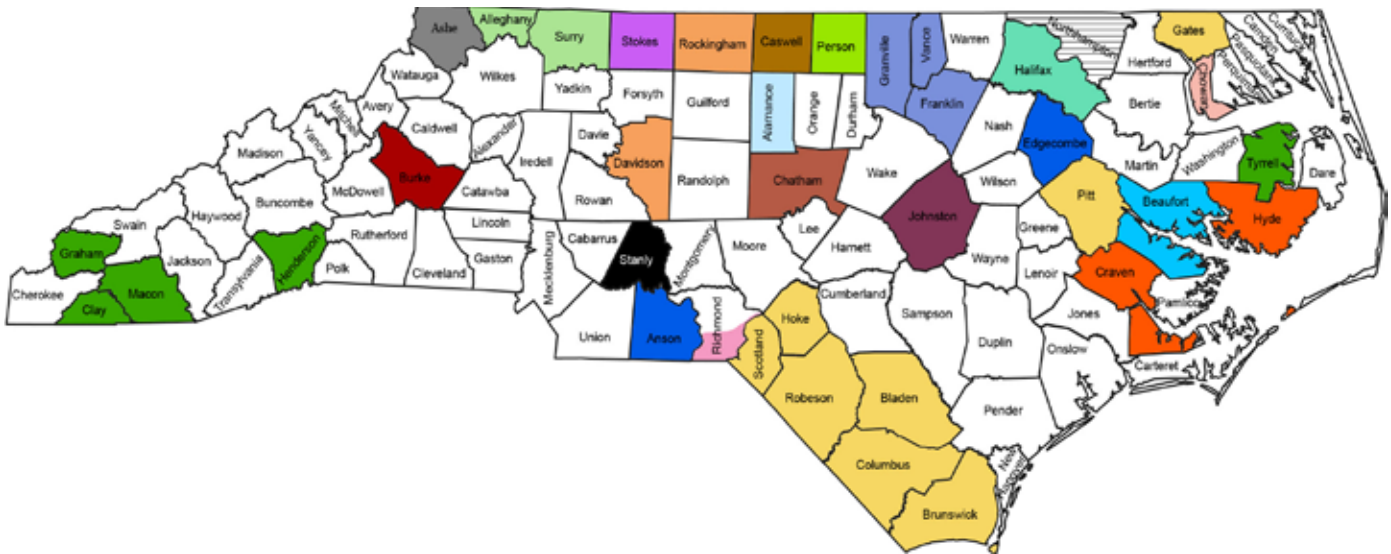


Figure 4. Counties and areas with a fox trapping season in 2012, as legislated by the North Carolina General Assembly. Differences in color indicate differences among the fox trapping seasons (22 fox trapping seasons in 38 counties). Counties in white are currently closed to a fox trapping season.

SPECIES ACCOUNTS

Gray Fox – The gray fox is North Carolina’s only native fox. They have adapted well to human development and are common in suburban areas. Gray foxes are slightly smaller than red foxes and are much darker in color. They are sometimes confused with red foxes because of a reddish or rusty coloration on the sides of their necks and legs. The overall coloration is best described as a salt-and-pepper gray with a dark streak extending down the back, along the top of the tail and ending in a black tail tip. Adults may weigh as much as a red fox (seven to 15 pounds) but their shorter legs and shorter fur make them appear smaller. Gray foxes are unique in that they can climb trees.

In North Carolina, gray foxes inhabit all areas of the state from the Outer Banks to the Appalachian Mountains. Although viable populations are found in all of North Carolina’s major habitat types, gray foxes are most numerous in the more productive areas of the Piedmont and northern Coastal Plain. They are often present in large tracts of wooded areas and also thrive in open farmland.

Gray foxes eat many types of food items including mice, rabbits, birds, eggs, and insects. They also eat a significant amount of wild fruits such as persimmons and grapes, and agricultural crops such as corn and peanuts.

Gray fox home range sizes vary considerably — from just over 70 acres to over 6,000 acres — depending on habitat quality, population density and the reproductive status of individual foxes. As coyotes become more abundant and expand their range into areas inhabited by foxes, red foxes are sometimes displaced, but gray fox populations do not seem to be affected. Because gray foxes have the ability to climb trees, it is possible for them to escape from coyotes.

Gray foxes are typically nocturnal although they will forage during daylight hours. They mate once a year during January and February. The gestation period is 59 days and pups are born in March through April. Three to five pups are born in a den, which may be only a hollow log or tree stump. During the late fall and early winter, gray foxes establish new home ranges. The average life expectancy is one to two years, with few living longer than six years in the wild. The annual mortality rate may be 50% or more. Canine distemper may be the most important mortality factor for gray foxes, with local populations rising and falling in response to the prevalence of this disease.

Most issues and concerns that people have about gray foxes are related to depredation on domestic poultry and concerns about diseases, especially rabies. Properly enclosing poultry can usually prevent depredations. Gray foxes can contract rabies, but interactions between people and gray foxes are rare. Gray foxes seen during the daytime are not necessarily diseased; they are often responding to the presence of outdoor pet food and the concentration of small animals around bird feeders, or moving about as needed to take care of their pups.



The gray fox, North Carolina’s only native fox, is unique in that it can climb trees.
(photo: Illinois Department of Natural Resources)

Gray foxes are economically important and a valuable natural resource. Foxes have long been hunted with hounds and they are an important furbearer to trappers. Gray fox fur became popular during the late 1970s for fur coats and collars and demand for their fur continues to some extent today. The number of licensed trappers and trapping effort varies over time and is largely related to the price paid for pelts in the fur market and prices paid for live animals sold to controlled fox hunting preserves. Based upon Commission records and records from other states, regulated hunting and trapping do not appear to affect overall gray fox population numbers. Relatively few foxes are annually taken from the population and because much of the state is in private ownership, there are numerous areas not open to hunting or trapping. Populations are maintained because foxes have a high reproduction rate and young disperse annually to colonize areas where others have been harvested.

Red Fox – The red fox is the most widely distributed canid (i.e., wild dog) in the world. There are no records of red foxes occurring in the eastern United States south of Rhode Island before the European red fox was introduced for sport hunting during colonial days. Red foxes are now common across N.C. and populations in most areas continue to remain stable, despite outbreaks of disease and sustained harvest levels. Red foxes have high reproductive rates, but as coyotes become more abundant they may be displaced.

The red fox is named for its reddish coloration. The tail, body and top of the head are all some shade of yellow-orange to reddish-orange. The undersides are light, the tips of the ears and lower legs are black, and the tail is bushy with a white tip. Adults are the size of a small dog and weigh from seven to 15 pounds.

Like many other wildlife species, red foxes prefer a diversity of habitats rather than large tracts of one habitat type. Preferred habitats include farmland, pastures, brushy fields, and open forest stands, where they frequently hunt the edges of these open habitats. Red foxes eat a variety of prey, but mice, meadow voles, and rabbits form the bulk of their diet.

They will also eat insects, birds, eggs, fruits, berries, animals they discover that are already dead, and garbage.

Red fox home ranges may vary in size with the abundance of food, the degree of competition with other animals, and the diversity of habitats. The average home range is between 1,000 and 5,000 acres. Most red fox activity occurs at night, but daytime movements are not uncommon. The gestation period is about 52 days and pups are born during late February through April. An average litter includes five pups, which are born in a den that the adults dig themselves or that was dug by another animal. Males bring food to the female until the pups can be left alone. The life expectancy of a red fox is about five years, although due to the many mortality factors, most do not live that long. Sarcoptic mange and canine distemper may be the most important mortality factors for red foxes, with local populations rising and falling in response to these diseases.



The red fox, the most widely distributed canid in the world, is now common in North Carolina. (photo: U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service)

Most conflicts that occur between people and red foxes also involve depredation on domestic poultry and concerns about diseases, especially rabies. Properly enclosing poultry will usually prevent depredations. While red foxes can contract rabies, interactions between people and red foxes are rare because red foxes are shy and non-aggressive animals. While red foxes are primarily nocturnal, it is not unusual to see a red fox during the daytime. However, daytime sightings of red foxes are not a sign that the animal is diseased. Such sightings usually occur because foxes are responding to an abundance of food or moving about as needed to take care of their pups. For the same reasons as the gray fox, the red fox is economically important and a valuable natural resource. Red foxes can be a beneficial predator on mice and groundhogs on farms and in other rural situations. However, red foxes may also prey on domestic poultry in both rural and suburban areas.

Coyote – Although they are a relatively new arrival to our state, coyotes are now established in all 100 counties across N.C. Prior to the 1800s, coyotes were restricted to the prairies and grasslands of the Midwest. But as Europeans arrived and settled across North America, subsequent landscape changes and elimination of wolves allowed the coyote to expand its range toward the eastern United States. Extensive efforts have been devoted to controlling coyotes across the U.S., but despite these extensive control attempts coyotes have continued to expand their range.

The first reported sighting of a coyote in N.C. was in Gaston County in 1938. The first confirmed coyotes that were collected came from Johnston County (1955) and Wake County (1970). Until the late 1980s, coyotes seen in North Carolina were likely due to illegal importation and release. By 1990, coyotes began to appear in western North Carolina as a result of natural range expansion from Tennessee, Georgia, and South Carolina.

Coyotes in North Carolina are smaller than wolves, have pointed and erect ears, and long slender snouts. The tail is long, bushy and black-tipped and is usually carried pointing down. Their color is typically dark gray, but can range from blonde to black. Adults are about the size of a medium-sized dog and may weigh between 20 and 45 pounds. In N.C., coyotes may be mistaken for dogs or red wolves, and the existence of both dog-coyote hybrids and red wolf-coyote hybrids can make identification difficult.

Coyotes feed on a wide variety of food sources, depending on what is most readily available and easy to obtain. Primary foods include fruit, berries, pet food left outside, small mammals (voles, rats, and mice), deer, rabbits, birds, snakes, frogs, and insects. Coyotes will also prey on livestock and domestic pets.

Coyote home ranges can vary from between 1,000 and 16,000 acres depending on season, habitat and food availability. Preferred habitats range from agricultural fields to forested regions and suburban neighborhoods. Coyotes usually dig their own den, but they will sometimes enlarge an old animal hole or use a natural hole in a rocky ledge as a den. Dens are usually hidden from view and used by coyotes to birth their young and sleep. Coyotes



The coyote is now established in all 100 counties in North Carolina.
(photo: National Park Service)

mate for life and breeding occurs from January through early March. Pups are born in March and April and the typical litter size is six to eight pups. The family unit usually begins to disperse by late November or December. In many cases, one pup stays behind as a “helper” for the next year’s litter. Coyotes are territorial and actively keep non-family members outside of their home range. Dispersal rates are high and distances can be extensive; several coyotes in North Carolina have dispersed more than 200 miles in just a few months. When an individual coyote or family group leaves or is removed, new coyotes will usually move into the vacated territory. These territories frequently overlap with a transient coyote that is searching for a mate or its own territory. This transient nature of the population makes estimating the number of coyotes in a particular area difficult, which, in turn, makes controlling coyote populations difficult.

Coyotes readily adapt to suburban and urban environments once thought unsuitable and they exhibit great plasticity in their behavior and diet. The coyote is arguably the hardiest and most adaptable species on this continent. They are naturally wary of people and will avoid areas in which threats are perceived. They will also become acclimated to humans in the absence of threats, such as hunting and trapping, and in areas where typically unnatural food, such as pet food, garbage and unsupervised small pets, are readily available.

For decades, hounds men have pursued coyotes for sport and in 2003 the General Assembly passed legislation (NCGS § 113 273) allowing controlled fox hunting preserves owners to buy live coyotes and hunt them within the enclosures. The number of licensed trappers and trapping effort varies over time and is largely related to the price paid for pelts in the fur market and prices paid for live animals sold to licensed fox pen enclosures.

Coyotes can be useful in keeping prey species such as rodents and groundhogs in balance with their habitat, and removing feral cats, which negatively impact many wildlife species, especially birds. However, coyotes are currently a focus of attention in N.C. because they also prey on livestock, other wildlife species, such as deer, that are important to our citizens, and domestic pets.

Despite intensive control efforts in other states that have had high coyote populations, they continue to thrive. Historically, bounties have been used in various states as one possible way to control coyotes. In all cases, the use of bounties has been an ineffective and inefficient tool for controlling coyote populations.

Harvest Records and Abundance Data – Current harvest data for foxes and coyotes include estimated take by hunters as derived through hunter harvest surveys of license holders (Table 1), reported take under depredation permits (Table 1), and take by trappers as reported through annual surveys (Table 2). Currently, we have annual data on fox and coyote harvest by trappers; hunter harvest surveys were conducted on average every three years until 2011. Beginning in 2011, the hunter harvest surveys, which include both still hunters and hounds men, are being conducted annually. These annual surveys will allow the Commission to more accurately track harvest by hunters and to improve our estimates of hunting effort. The Commission realizes that not all groups agree with these data, but they provide the most comprehensive information we have on the current status of foxes and coyotes and form a solid basis for Commission conclusions and recommendations provided herein.

Estimates of take by hunters have a large standard error so results must be interpreted with caution, but based on these data there does not appear to be a change in trend for fox harvest by hunters, while harvest of coyotes by

hunters has increased since 2005 (Table 1). Based on these data it also appears that statewide fox harvest under depredation permits varies annually with no clear trend, whereas coyote take under depredation permits continues to increase. Take of foxes by trappers has varied by year peaking in 2007-08 and decreasing since then (Table 2). Take of coyotes by trappers continues to increase (Table 2).

Using these same data, we can compare estimated take between the coastal, piedmont, and mountain regions (Table 3). Based upon these data, take of foxes by hunters and trappers in 2007-08 was similar, but in 2010-11 hunters took substantially more foxes in the piedmont and coastal regions than trappers. Hunters have historically and continue to take significantly more coyotes than trappers.

Many variables influence the number of foxes or coyotes taken by hunters or trappers, including fur prices, the value of an animal on the live market, access, and available time. For foxes, reported take by trappers has closely tracked prices paid for fox pelts (Figure 5). In more recent years, coyotes taken in N.C. have historically been most valuable through sale to controlled fox hunting preserves (i.e., live market). Based on information from preserve operators and trappers during 2011-12, live coyotes sold for between \$75 and \$125, gray foxes sold for between \$25 and \$40, and red foxes sold for between \$40 and \$85.

An important consideration in discussions about the interface between fox and coyote hunters and trappers is the relative take spatially across the landscape. To evaluate this relationship, we compared reported take of foxes by trappers and hunters from our 2010-11 surveys of each constituent group. Based on the results of this comparison (Table 4), it appears that the overall removal of foxes from the landscape by both trappers and hunters is low. For example, in the coastal plain in 2010-11, one fox was removed by a trapper per each 5 mi² open to trapping, whereas one fox was removed by a hunter per 10 mi² open to fox hunting. Even noting that not all areas in each open county are trapped or hunted, and that over twice as many counties are open to fox hunting, these data are indicative of low trapping or hunting pressure being placed on the fox population across our state. On a finer scale, impact of trappers on the fox resource can also be evaluated by comparing the average number of animals taken by an individual trapper. Using our annual trapper harvest survey data, we compared the average number of coyotes, gray foxes, and red foxes harvested by licensed trappers (Table 5). Based upon these data from 2002-03 through 2010-11, the average take of coyotes by individual trappers has increased, while the take of both gray and red foxes has decreased.

Table 1. Statewide fox and coyote take under depredation permit and hunting, 2002 – 2011.

Year	Reported Depredation		Hunting ¹			
	Estimated Coyote Depredation Take ²	Estimated Fox Depredation Take ²	Estimated # Fox Hunters	Estimated Fox Harvest	Estimated # Coyote Hunters	Estimated Coyote Harvest
2002-03	15	289	No Survey Conducted			
2003-04	18	74	No Survey Conducted			
2004-05	28	92	No Survey Conducted			
2005-06	54	143	7,356 (±4,309)	9,808 (±5,337)	19,506 (±3,343)	19,422 (±4,826)
2006-07	37	133	No Survey Conducted			
2007-08	69	184	6,068 (±772)	6,472 (±1,468)	23,967 (±1,487)	36,144 (±6,039)
2008-09	98	121	No Survey Conducted			
2009-10	127	114	No Survey Conducted			
2010-11	38 ³	100 ³	4,960 (±955)	7,416 (±3,242)	32,388 (±2,322)	36,041 (±7,327)

¹ Estimates are from the voluntary Hunter Harvest Surveys of license holders. The number of hunters and harvest are estimates and based on number of hunters responding to survey. As of 2010-11, hunter harvest surveys are conducted annually. Hunters include both still hunters and hounds men.

² Based on quarterly reports from Wildlife Damage Control Agents.

³ Not all quarterly reports have been received for 2011, so reported take by Wildlife Damage Control Agents is preliminary.

Table 2. Statewide fox and coyote take by trappers, 2002 – 2011.

Year	Trapping				
	# Licensed Trappers ¹	Coyote Harvest ²	Gray Fox Captures ³	Red Fox Captures ³	Total Fox ³
2002-03	1,138	133	1,078	287	1,365
2003-04	1,286	325	2,831	587	3,418
2004-05	1,547	593	2,770	631	3,401
2005-06	1,744	567	2,392	613	3,005
2006-07	1,867	847	3,020	695	3,715
2007-08	2,027	1,434	5,560	1,180	6,740
2008-09	2,233	1,747	4,212	838	5,050
2009-10	2,120	2,092	3,313	769	4,082
2010-11	2,186	2,843	3,995	872	4,867

¹ Number of licensed trappers based on the sale of resident, county and non-resident trapping licenses during each trapping season.

² Coyote trapping harvest is based on number reported by licensed trappers responding to the annual voluntary trapper harvest survey.

³ Fox captures are based on annual voluntary trapper harvest survey and include harvested foxes and foxes incidentally captured/released in counties currently closed to fox trapping.

Table 3. Estimated regional fox and coyote harvest, 2002-03 through 2010-11.

	Year	Fox Harvest				Coyote Harvest			
		Coastal	Piedmont	Mountain	Unknown	Coastal	Piedmont	Mountain	Unknown
Trapping ¹	2002-03	84	0	2	0	Not Surveyed			
	2003-04	2	167	0	0	2	0	0	0
	2004-05	1,947	1,350	72	34	168	211	181	33
	2005-06	1,487	1,397	54	1	159	255	139	0
	2006-07	1,937	1,693	84	1	332	338	177	0
	2007-08	3,930	2,659	99	77	529	547	355	3
	2008-09	2,639	2,043	246	5	608	575	564	0
	2009-10	2,082	1,761	108	98	721	743	330	27
	2010-11	2,666	1,940	196	0	1,100	1,108	603	0
Hunting ²	2007-08	3,641	2,427	405	0	4,045	16,520	15,579	0
	2010-11	2,432	4,328	642	0	10,261	15,805	9,874	0

¹ Regional trapping harvest based on annual voluntary survey of all licensed trappers. Survey started in 2002-03. Fox trapping harvest includes harvested foxes and foxes incidentally captured/released in counties closed to fox trapping.

² Regional hunting harvest estimates based on voluntary hunter harvest survey. No regional harvest estimates available prior to 2007-08.

Table 4. Estimated regional fox harvest per square mile by licensed trappers and licensed hunters, 2010-11. Area based on counties open to fox trapping (36 counties) and fox hunting (100 counties).

Region	Fox Trapper Harvest ¹	Counties Open to Fox Trapping	Trapper Harvest/mi ²	Fox Hunter Harvest ³	Counties Open to Fox Hunting	Hunter Harvest/mi ²
Coastal Plain	1,842	15	0.19	2,432	39	0.11
Piedmont	1,357	15	0.60	4,231	37	0.25
Mountains	59	6	0.01	681	24	0.07

¹ Regional fox trapping harvest based on annual voluntary survey of all licensed trappers.

² Regional hunting harvest estimates based on voluntary hunter harvest survey of license holder for the 2010-11 season. All counties open to fox hunting either by weapon and/or hound hunting.

Table 5. Average number of coyotes, gray foxes, and red foxes incidentally captured or harvested by licensed trappers in North Carolina, 2002-03 – 2010-11.

Captures per Active Trapper¹

Year	Coyote	Gray Fox	Red Fox
2002-03	3.5	14.2	4.7
2003-04	3.4	14.8	5.0
2004-05	4.5	13.1	4.6
2005-06	4.2	11.0	4.9
2006-07	4.7	13.5	4.5
2007-08	5.6	17.1	5.1
2008-09	6.4	14.4	4.3
2009-10	6.6	10.0	3.6
2010-11	7.2	11.8	3.7

¹Captures per active trapper based on response from the annual voluntary trapper harvest survey conducted of all trapping license holders. Captures include harvested foxes and foxes incidentally captured/released in counties currently closed to fox trapping.

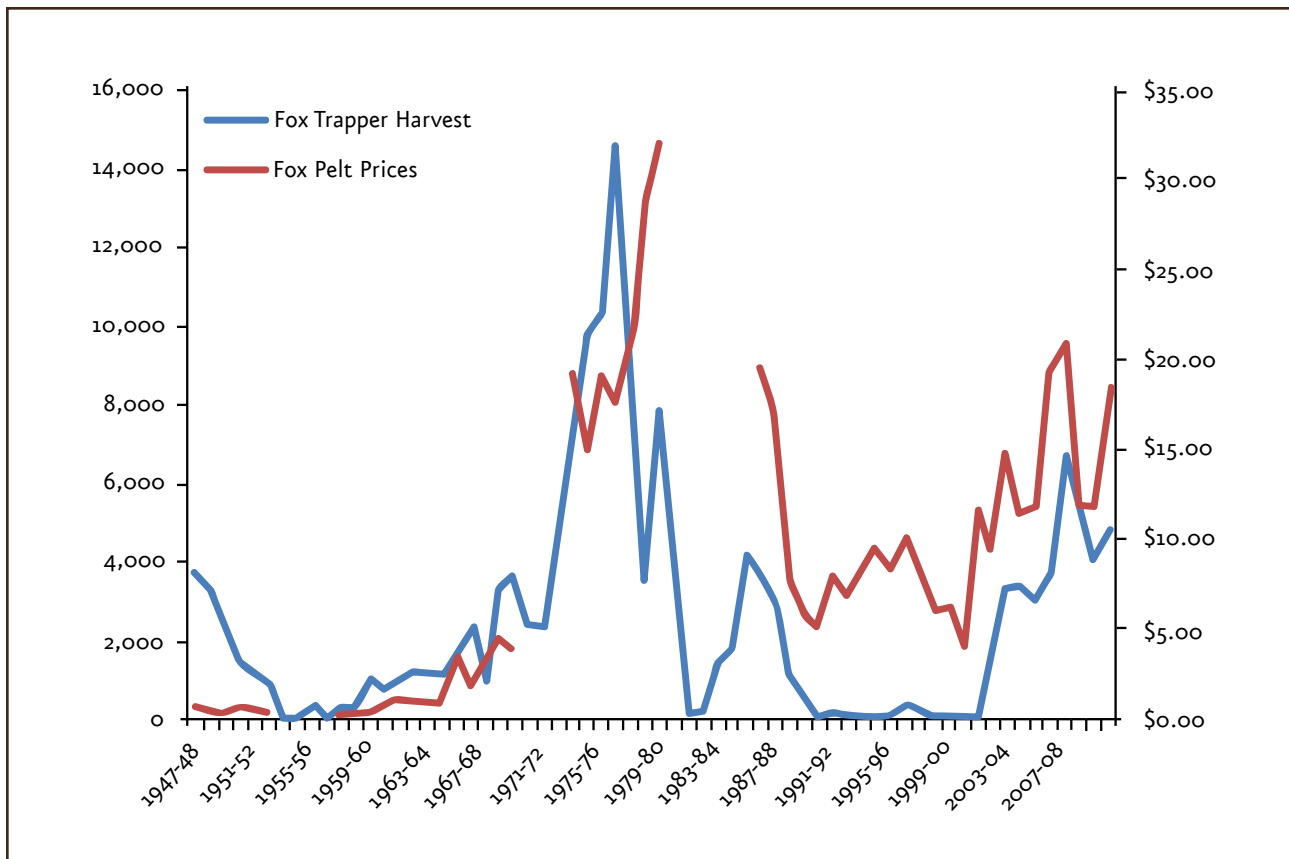


Figure 5. Reported harvest of foxes by trappers and fox pelt prices in North Carolina, 1947 - 2011.

Increases in human populations, development, and associated land use changes continue rapidly in N.C. Using geospatial analyses, the Conservation Trust for North Carolina (CTNC) projected that by 2030 many areas that were rural in 1940 “will be overtaken by population growth and development such that by 2030, roughly half of the state will be settled at a density equivalent to being urban, suburban, or sprawling exurban” (Figures 6-8). During this time period, the CTNC predicts that there will be a 534% increase in housing units in N.C. Certainly, this level of development will impact all aspects of coyote and fox management in N.C., including the ability of hunters and trappers to pursue these species. Regarding the hunting and trapping of foxes, the Commission believes that this increased development will likely impact opportunities for hunting foxes with dogs more negatively than trapping.

Based upon current human development, the Commission predicted areas across N.C. that may not currently be suitable for fox hunting based on conditions outside of the Commission’s control (Figure 9). Areas believed to be unsuitable include federal and state parks and municipalities; and Yancey County where fox hunting is prohibited. Areas of relatively high traffic volume (where the average annual daily traffic volume is greater than the median average annual daily traffic volume) or where human density is relatively high (i.e., greater than one person for every two acres); and water bodies were also excluded. In this predictive analysis, other areas were considered to be suitable for hunting foxes with dogs. In addition, we also predicted counties that may not be suitable for fox hunting but that could be opened to fox trapping.

In this analysis, the Commission made a number of assumptions. We assumed that the traffic below the median value is suitable for fox hunting. Because the median value for traffic volume in N.C. of 210 cars per day averaged over 2010 is considered a low volume of traffic, this assumption is likely true. However, fox hunting could occur at greater traffic volumes. We assumed that human densities greater than one person per two acres is unsuitable for fox hunting. This is a low human density and the assumption is based on previous predictions associated with hunting deer with dogs. It may be that hunting foxes with dogs can be done at higher human densities. Lastly, we assumed that there are no other factors that limit or prohibit fox hunting with dogs. Likely there are many other factors, including landowner attitudes and opinions, which are not accounted for in this analysis. Further studies are required to gain a better understanding of what makes an area suitable or not suitable for hunting foxes with dogs. Counties in which we suggest that trapping could be allowed are those in which at least 25% of the land area is predicted to be unsuitable for hunting foxes with dogs.

Our goal in this analysis is to point out that increases in human development have and will continue to impact hunting foxes with dogs and the Commission and all stakeholders must evaluate these changes and look for possible ways to optimize both hunting and trapping opportunities across space and time.

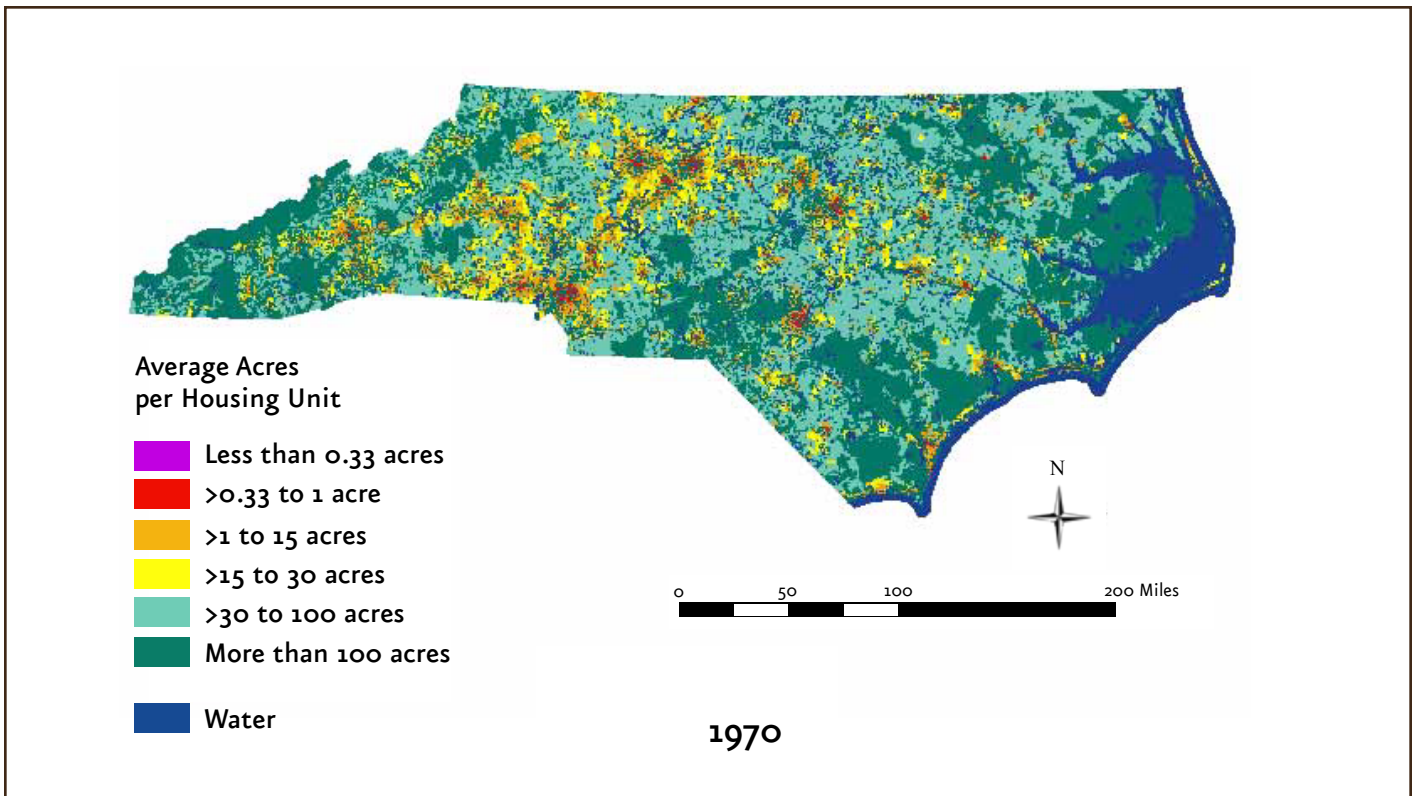


Figure 6. Human housing density in North Carolina, 1970 (from R.B. Hammer and V.C. Radeloff, University of Wisconsin-Madison, courtesy of the Conservation Trust for North Carolina).

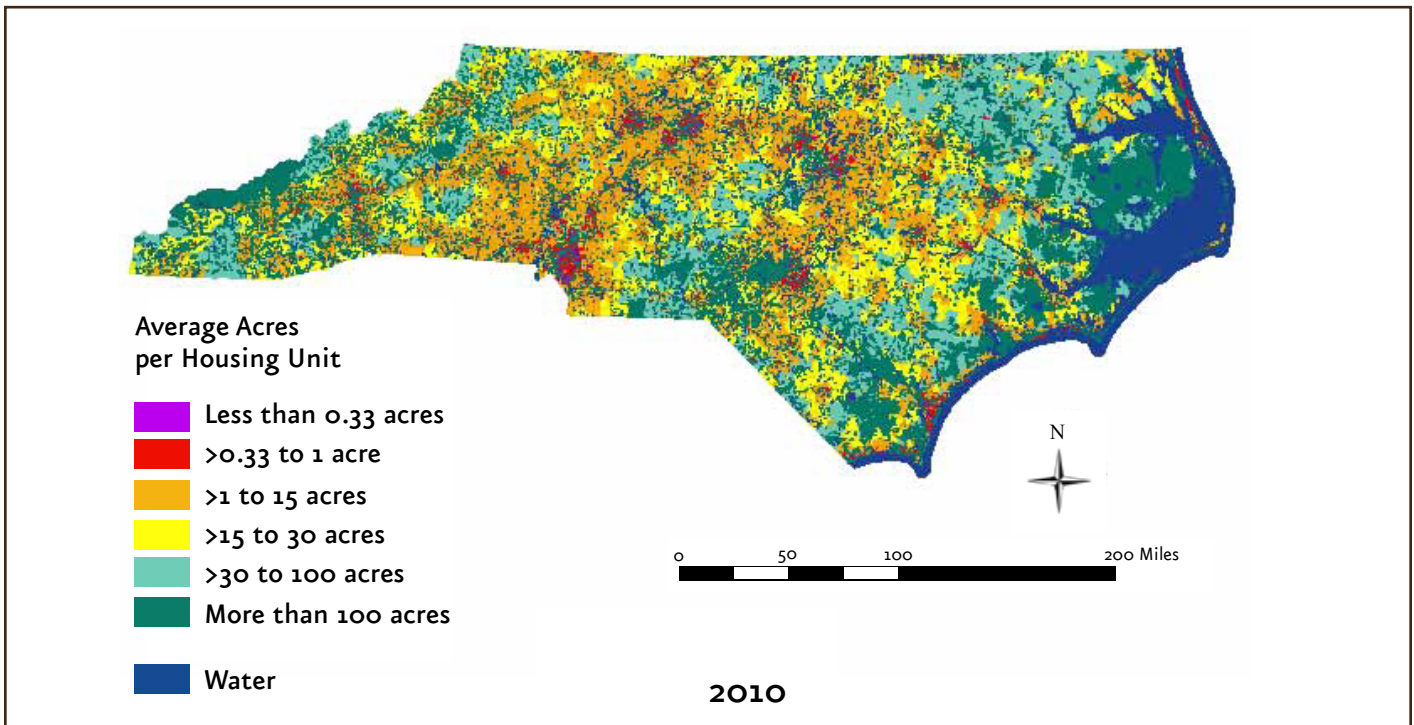


Figure 7. Projected human housing density in North Carolina, 2010 (from R.B. Hammer and V.C. Radeloff, University of Wisconsin-Madison, courtesy of the Conservation Trust for North Carolina).

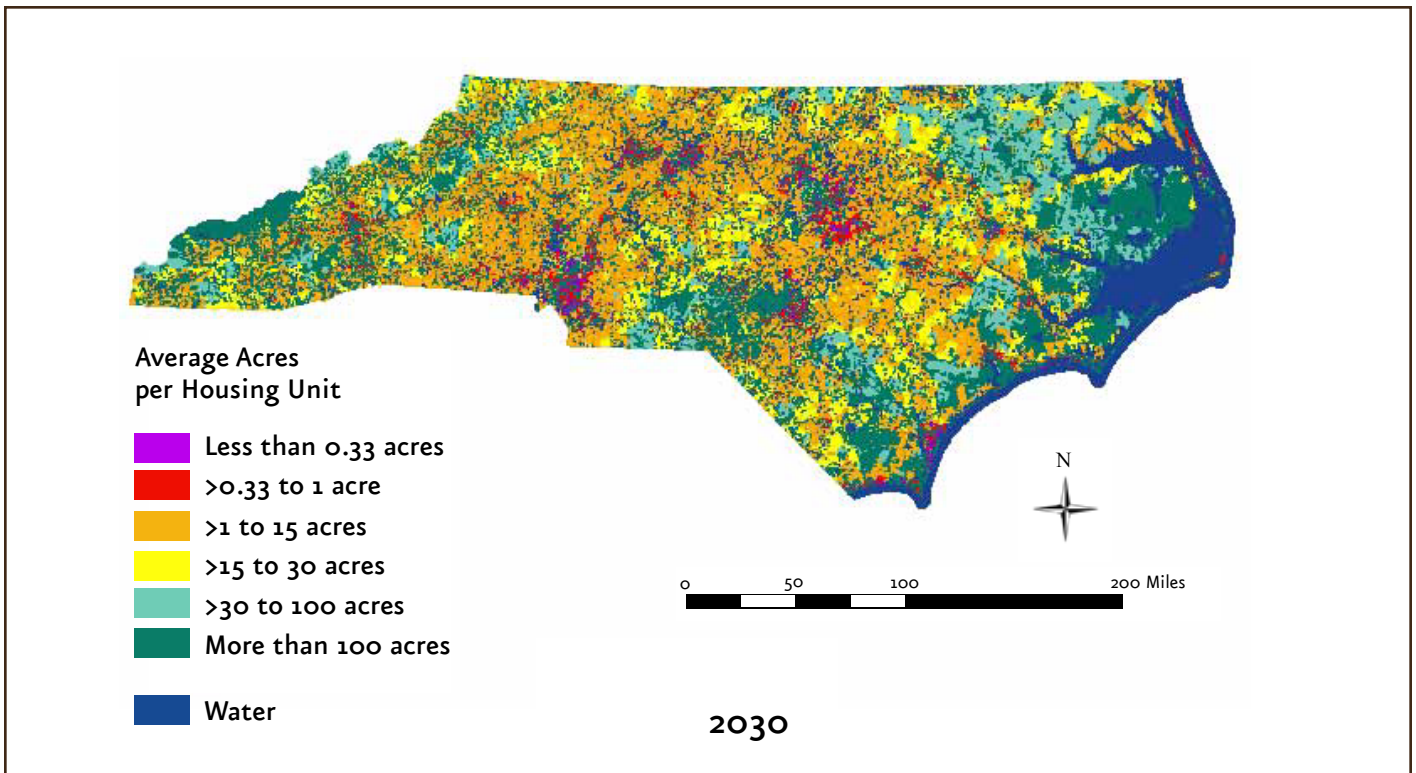


Figure 8. Projected human housing density in North Carolina, 2030 (from R.B. Hammer and V.C. Radeloff, University of Wisconsin-Madison, courtesy of the Conservation Trust for North Carolina).

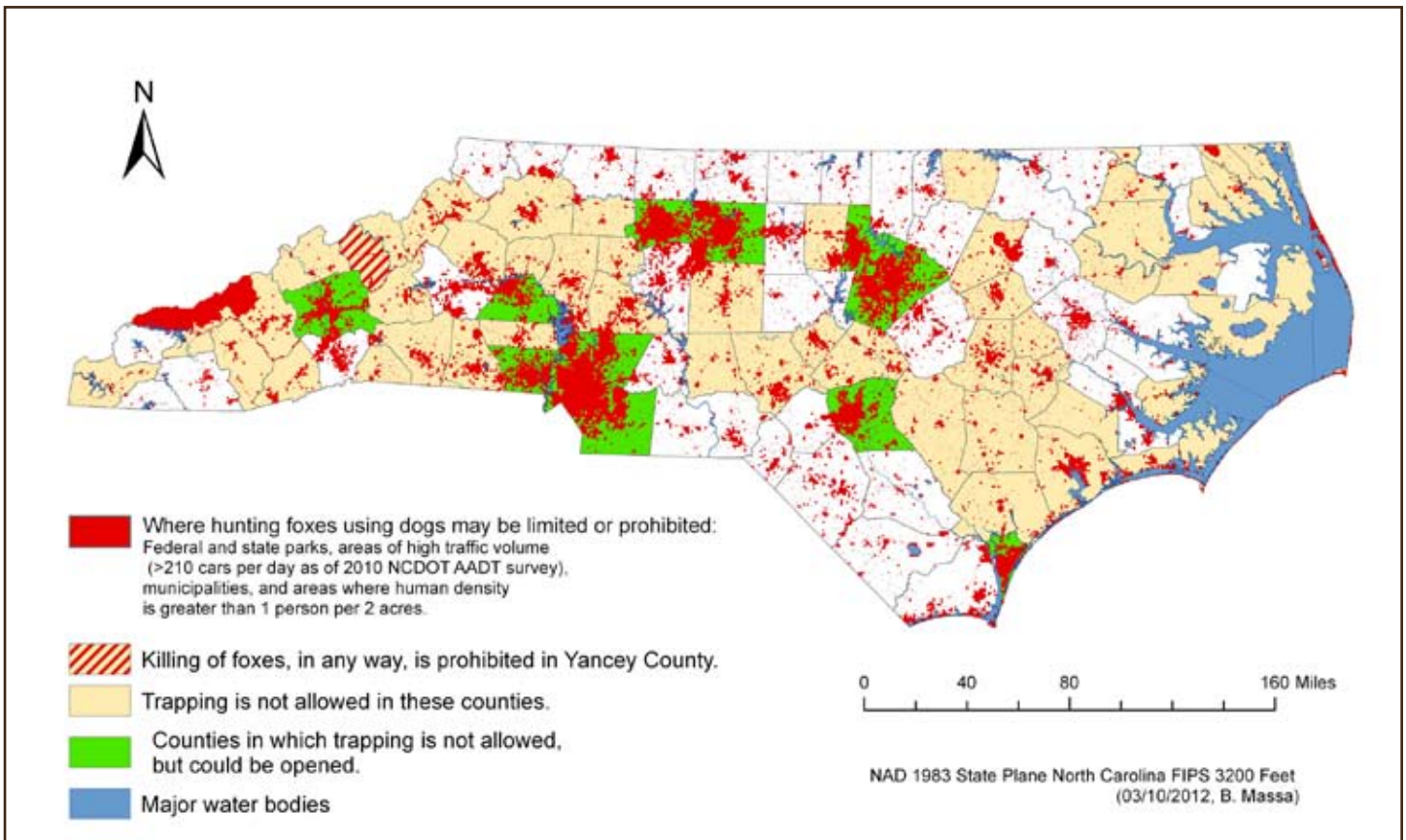


Figure 9. Predicted areas where hunting foxes with dogs may be limited, unsuitable, or prohibited.

STAKEHOLDER FEEDBACK

In efforts to compile information about attitudes and opinions of our constituents on issues related to managing foxes and coyotes, the Commission received invaluable feedback from the direct meetings, and telephone and e-mail surveys. While there were some divergent opinions, generally, trappers, fox hunters, and controlled fox hunting preserve operators believe that issues related to the conservation and management of both foxes and coyotes are important. Other constituents were mostly concerned with what they view as an overabundant and increasing coyote population.

Fox Hunters – Fox hunters do not believe foxes are widely abundant across our state. They believe the Commission caters to trappers and therefore do not trust the Commission to regulate fox harvest. Nor do they trust Commission data regarding the status of fox populations. Fox hunters see trapping as the greatest threat to fox populations. They specifically indicated that they prefer the current scenario where foxes are regulated locally through the General Assembly and oppose transference of regulatory authority over foxes to the Commission.

N.C. Trappers Association – Representatives of the N.C. Trappers Association indicated that they see foxes as a public trust resources and their goal is to have equal access among all constituents to fox resources. They believe that foxes are abundant in most areas of the state, many of which can't support hunting foxes with dogs, but could be trapped. Trappers see opportunities for removing coyotes as a primary reason for establishing a statewide fox trapping season. They recommend listing foxes as furbearers and transferring authority to the Commission for regulating the harvest of foxes using the best available scientific data.

Controlled Fox Hunting Preserve Operators – There were varying opinions among attendees at these two meetings on the most important issues pertaining to conservation of foxes and management of coyotes. In general, they believe preserves positively contribute to fox and coyote management. While many attendees recommended strengthening regulations on operational details of fox hunting preserves, others opposed any additional regulations. Similar to fox hunters, this group also believes that allowing additional fox trapping would be detrimental to fox populations. They believe the best ways to control coyotes is to allow for a longer trapping season for coyotes, to allow them to be shot on sight, and to provide for hunting them at night. While being generally opposed to opening additional trapping opportunities, most attendees acknowledged getting foxes and coyotes from trappers for release into their preserves. Attendees at these meeting also oppose transferring authority to regulate foxes from the General Assembly to the Commission.

Non-governmental Wildlife Organizations – Responses to survey questions from both Quail Unlimited and the Quality Deer Management Association are included in this category. The management of foxes and coyotes is important to both of these organizations. They believe the most important issues related to management of foxes are the timing of seasons, public awareness, trapping regulations, urban development, habitat loss, and gaining additional knowledge about population status. For this group, the most important issues related to management of coyotes are public education, urban development, the inability to use snares, and the need for additional trapping opportunities. Opinions on relative abundance of foxes and coyotes differ. They consistently believe coyotes are too abundant, but that the acceptability of current abundance of foxes depends on the species and location. These groups believe that management of foxes and coyotes is important across the entire state, not just in specific

areas. When asked about regulatory authority, these groups did not clearly differentiate between the Commission's regulatory authority for coyotes versus the General Assembly's regulatory authority for foxes. These stakeholders are not satisfied with how either foxes or coyotes are being managed in our state and indicated support for increasing opportunities to trap and hunt both species, transferring regulatory authority over foxes to the Commission, increasing options for the public to handle fox and coyote depredations, increasing education and outreach efforts, and increasing coordination and collaboration among agencies, organizations, and the public. Both organizations indicated a strong interest in being involved in future efforts to manage foxes and coyotes in our state.

Non-governmental Agricultural Stakeholders – Responses to survey questions from a goat farmer, horse owner, the N.C. Cattleman's Association, N.C. Cattlemen's Beef Council, and N.C. Farm Bureau are included in this category. While the management of foxes and coyotes is important to all these stakeholders, they clearly consider coyote issues to be of greater importance. They believe the most important issues related to management of foxes and coyotes are disease transmission from foxes, specifically rabies, and predation by coyotes on livestock. Opinions on relative abundance of foxes and coyotes differ. They consistently believe coyotes are too abundant statewide, but they indicated little knowledge or concern about abundance of foxes. When asked about regulatory authority, these groups indicated that they do not know about differences between the Commission's regulatory authority for coyotes and the General Assembly's regulatory authority for foxes. Satisfaction among these stakeholders concerning how foxes and coyotes are being managed in our state also varied. Regarding fox management, respondents supported increasing education and outreach efforts, and increasing coordination and collaboration among agencies, organizations, and the public. Pertaining to coyote management, these stakeholders indicated support for increasing opportunities to trap and hunt coyotes, increasing options for the public to handle fox and coyote depredations, increasing education and outreach efforts, and increasing coordination and collaboration among agencies, organizations, and the public. All respondents indicated a strong interest in being involved in future efforts to manage foxes and coyotes in our state.

N.C. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services – Responses to survey questions from the Veterinary Services Division and Forest Service are included in this category. The management of foxes and coyotes is important to both of these agencies. They believe the most important issues related to management of foxes and coyotes are balancing all wildlife species, disease transmission, livestock depredation, and habitat protection. These stakeholders believe that both fox and coyote populations are "about right" to "too abundant." These groups believe that management of foxes and coyotes is important across the entire state, especially State Forests. When asked about regulatory authority, these groups clearly understand and differentiate between the Commission's regulatory authority for coyotes versus the General Assembly's regulatory authority for foxes. The Veterinary Services Division is satisfied with how foxes are managed in our state, but the Forest Service is not satisfied. Regarding fox management, the N.C. Forest Service indicated support for increasing opportunities to trap and hunt foxes, transferring regulatory authority over foxes to the Commission, increasing options for the public to handle fox and coyote depredations, increasing education and outreach efforts, and increasing coordination and collaboration among agencies, organizations, and the public. These stakeholders are uniformly dissatisfied with how coyotes are being managed in our state and indicated support for increasing opportunities to trap and hunt coyotes, transferring regulatory authority over foxes to the Commission, increasing options for the public to handle coyote depredations, increasing education and outreach efforts, and increasing coordination and collaboration among agencies, organizations, and the public. Both organizations indicated a strong interest in being involved in future efforts to manage foxes and coyotes in our state.

Public Health Agencies – Responses to survey questions from the N.C. Division of Public Health and N.C. Alliance of Public Health Agencies are included in this category. The management of foxes and coyotes is important to both of these organizations. They believe the most important issues related to management of foxes and coyotes are education and outreach about population status, distribution, and regulations on possession; rabies control; and habitat protection. These stakeholders are unsure about the abundance of foxes but generally believe that coyotes are too abundant. When asked about regulatory authority, these groups’ responses indicated that they do not understand differences between the Commission’s regulatory authority for coyotes and the General Assembly’s regulatory authority for foxes. When asked if they are satisfied with how foxes and coyotes are managed in N.C., they indicated a concern only with public exposure to rabies, but gave no recommendations for improving management activities. Both organizations expressed interest in being involved in future efforts to manage foxes and coyotes in our state.

County Animal Control Agencies – Responses to survey questions from the Orange County Animal Services and Wilkes County Animal Control are included in this category. These constituents believe the most important issues related to management of foxes and coyotes are increasing population of coyotes, rabies control, and safety of pets. Wilkes County Animal Control believes that fox populations are “about right,” while coyotes populations are “too abundant.” As county animal control agencies, both respondents indicated a focus within their individual county. When asked about regulatory authority, these groups’ responses indicated that they do not understand differences between the Commission’s regulatory authority for coyotes and the General Assembly’s regulatory authority for foxes. When asked if they are satisfied with how foxes and coyotes are managed in N.C., they recommended improving management by increasing education and outreach efforts; increasing coordination and collaboration among agencies, organizations, and the public; controlling population density; and developing a model tracking system. Neither organization expressed interest in being involved in future efforts to manage foxes and coyotes in our state.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based upon the results of this study as reported herein, we make the following recommendations.

1) Fox trapping seasons vary substantially across our state. There would be significant benefits to establishing a uniform fox trapping season.

Allowing trapping of foxes during the statewide furbearer trapping season would increase the harvest of coyotes. From 2006-2012, the average number of coyotes harvested per county with an established fox trapping season was 31% to 112% higher than in counties without a fox trapping season. From 2004-2011 in Alamance, Ashe, Craven, Davidson, Johnston, and Person counties the average coyote harvest for the two years after opening a fox trapping season increased from 168% to 3,087% from the coyote harvest during the two years immediately prior to opening a fox trapping season.

Inclusion of foxes in the statewide furbearer trapping season would remove regulatory barriers while increasing options available for landowners to resolve fox and coyotes related conflicts. Landowners could manage fox and

coyote populations locally during trapping season potentially reducing their costs for resolving conflicts.

Allowing the trapping of foxes during furbearer trapping season would simplify regulatory complexity and increase enforcement effectiveness. There are currently 22 unique fox trapping seasons across 38 counties. This regulatory complexity is confusing for our citizens and makes it difficult to interpret local trapping laws.

Finally, allowing the take of foxes during the statewide furbearer trapping season would decrease safety risks to trappers. Where no fox trapping season exists, trappers must place themselves in close proximity to the fox in order to remove it from the trap. If foxes were included in the season, they could be dispatched before being removed from the trap.

Successful wildlife conservation requires effective involvement of stakeholders. In regards to fox hunting and trapping, allocation of resources among constituent groups a critical issue. Neither hunters nor trappers, the primary constituent groups utilizing fox and coyote resources, trust the other, nor do fox hunters trust the Commission. Foxes are state-trust resources, like many other species including deer, turkeys, bears, and rabbits, and as such can be regulated and managed by the Commission pursuant to NCGS § 143-239 in ways that ensure sound resource conservation while addressing wishes of our citizens. Management of foxes by the Commission would require transferring authority from the General Assembly. **However, before authority for regulating hunting and trapping of foxes should be transferred to the Commission much of the subjectivity in the current dialogue must be removed by developing a structured decision making process that includes formalized adaptive feedback mechanisms for all regulatory changes. Otherwise, such a transfer of authority is unlikely to be successful. The Commission recommends development of this structured decision making process.**

2) Hunting opportunities should be maintained and, where feasible and appropriate, expanded for both coyotes and foxes. Current efforts by the Commission to establish a night hunting season for coyotes is consistent with the findings of this study.

3) While authority to establish fox trapping seasons is retained by the General Assembly, the Commission recommends that any new or changed fox or coyote trapping season coincide with the current statewide furbearer trapping season (November 1 – February 28).

4) The Commission recommends increased education and outreach regarding Best Management Practices for trapping red foxes, (http://www.fishwildlife.org/files/RedFox_BMP.pdf) gray foxes, (http://www.fishwildlife.org/files/Grayfox_BMP.pdf) and coyotes (http://www.fishwildlife.org/files/EasternCoyote_BMP.pdf).

5) The Commission recommends that the General Assembly amend NCGS § 113.291.1(b)(2) and amend NCGS § 113.291.6 to give the Commission the authority to regulate the use of all gear types in trapping.

6) Activities associated with controlled fox hunting preserves have been of particular interest to numerous stakeholders over recent years. Based on feedback from this study, the Commission, in conjunction with a representative group of preserve operators, will initiate a review of all NCAC rules pertaining to Controlled Fox Hunting Preserves and in situations where opportunities for improvement are identified, initiate rulemaking to effect these changes. This review will include considerations found in the publication “Guidelines for Establishing Hound

Running Pen Regulations with Recommendations to Running Pen Operators for Pen Management” prepared by the Southeastern Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies’ Fur Resources Committee.

In 2013 while this review is being completed, Commission staff will examine rulemaking options for monitoring the sale of live coyotes and foxes to controlled fox hunting preserves, and evaluating disease concerns resulting from increased movement of foxes and coyotes to controlled fox hunting preserves.

7) Although foxes have been a part of our landscape for a very long time, coyotes are a relatively new arrival. As with any newly colonizing species, there is both fact and myth associated with coyotes. In many instances, especially those in urban settings, nuisance situations resulting from interactions between humans and foxes or coyotes can be reduced or eliminated by managing food sources, other attractants, and habitats conditions that attract foxes and coyotes. Coyotes are highly adaptable and most N.C. citizens have very limited exposure to or knowledge about them. They can be a human and wildlife disease vector, and can have significant impacts on livestock, wildlife, and pets. For these reasons, the Commission, working with other stakeholders identified through this study, will develop and initiate an additional education and outreach effort focusing on the biology and status of coyotes in N.C. and the Southeast, approaches for landowners to manage foxes or coyotes on their property, and available options for dealing with negative human/fox/coyote interactions.

8) The Commission’s current data collection efforts provide population trend information, but the data are limited with respect to fox or coyote population density in localized areas. We also have limited data on take of foxes or coyotes by hunters, including actual harvest or hunter/trapper effort. The Commission will initiate efforts to reliably determine the status and distribution of foxes and coyotes generally across the state and in specific areas identified by constituents. In addition, an approach for collecting effort data for fox hunters and trappers will be developed. Because 94% of the lands in N.C. are privately owned, the Commission will initiate a human dimensions survey of private landowners and the general public to determine their attitudes and opinions concerning the hunting, trapping, status, and management of foxes and coyotes.

9) A wide range of stakeholders have vested interests in the annual and long-term outcomes of activities that impact fox and coyote populations. With that in mind, the Commission recommends development of a structured process through which stakeholders can collaborate on cooperative approaches to manage these important species. In addition to the Commission, agencies and organizations involved in these efforts should include representatives of the N.C. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, N.C. Division of Public Health, N.C. Trappers Association, N.C. Wildlife Preserve Association, N.C. Cattlemen’s Association, N.C. League of Municipalities, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and the USDA – Wildlife Services.

10) The Commission recommends that the General Assembly consider opening fox trapping seasons to run from November 1 through February 28 in Buncombe, Cabarrus, Catawba, Cumberland, Durham, Forsyth, Gaston, Guilford, Mecklenburg, New Hanover, Union, and Wake counties (Figure 9). Opening these seasons will increase the removal of coyotes and provide opportunities for fox trapping in areas with high human development while limiting the potential for conflicts between fox hunters and fox trappers. This would also allow the Commission to monitor impacts of the removals on distribution and abundance of both foxes and coyotes.

11) The Commission recommends that the General Assembly consider removing prohibitions on hunting and trapping foxes in Yancey County.

APPENDIX A

Questions for Fox Study Stakeholders:

- 1) Are issues related to the management of foxes and coyotes important to your organization?
 - A) If yes, what are the top three most important issues related to management of foxes?
 - B) If yes, what are the top three most important issues related to management of coyotes?
- 2) Do you believe fox populations in N.C. are not abundant enough, about right, or too abundant?
- 3) Do you believe coyote populations in N.C. are not abundant enough, about right, or too abundant?
- 4) Are there particular areas in the state where fox management is most important to your organization?
 - A) If yes, where?
- 5) Are there particular areas in the state where coyote management is most important to your organization?
 - A) If yes, where?
- 6) Are you currently aware of how foxes and coyotes are regulated in N.C.?
 - A) If yes, who is primarily responsible for regulating foxes in N.C.?
 - B) If yes, who is primarily responsible for regulating coyotes in N.C.?
- 7) Are you satisfied with how foxes are currently managed in N.C.?
 - A) If no, which of these recommendations below do you support to improve management of foxes?
 - i) Increase opportunities to trap foxes
 - ii) Increase opportunities to hunt foxes
 - iii) Transfer complete regulatory authority for foxes to the WRC
 - iv) Increase options for the public to handle depredation by foxes
 - v) Increase education and outreach efforts
 - vi) Increase coordination and collaboration among state agencies, NGOs, and the public
 - vii) Other?
- 8) Are you satisfied with how coyotes are currently managed in N.C.?
 - A) If no, which of these recommendations below do you support to improve management of coyotes?
 - i) Increase opportunities to trap coyotes
 - ii) Increase opportunities to hunt coyotes
 - iii) Increase options for the public to handle depredation by coyotes
 - iv) Increase education and outreach efforts
 - v) Increase coordination and collaboration among state agencies, NGOs, and the public
 - vi) Other?
- 9) Would you like to be involved in future efforts to manage foxes and coyotes in N.C.?

APPENDIX B

**COUNTY FOX HARVEST SEASONS
LEGISLATED BY THE
NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY**



Updated: July 25th, 2011

**DIVISION OF WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT
NORTH CAROLINA WILDLIFE RESOURCES COMMISSION**



The North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (WRC) has very limited authority to regulate fox hunting and trapping seasons. The North Carolina General Assembly (NCGA) has elected to classify foxes only as game animals rather than game and furbearers as bobcat, opossum and raccoon are designated. This classification means that the WRC may not allow foxes to be taken by trapping during regular trapping seasons.

There are numerous statutes that have been approved by the NCGA regulating wildlife related activities. These laws supersede any accompanying rules that have been promulgated by the WRC. Many of these laws passed by the NCGA apply only to a specific county, counties or parts of counties and generally are referred to as “local laws”. Some of these laws are listed by county in the WRC's’ annual Inland Fishing, Hunting, and Trapping Regulations Digest. The number and complexity of the “local laws” enacted by the NCGA over the past 20 years which allow the taking of foxes with weapons and traps make them unsuitable to include in the annual digest.

This document provides a general listing of current statutes pertaining to allowing the harvest of foxes by the NCGA. It includes all known “local laws” as well as a listing of those counties that fall under the fox firearms season set by G.S. 113-291-4A. “Local laws” which prohibit an activity or harvest are listed in the Regulations Digest.

Chapter 113.
Conservation and Development.
SUBCHAPTER I. GENERAL PROVISIONS.
SUBCHAPTER IV. CONSERVATION OF MARINE AND ESTUARINE AND
WILDLIFE RESOURCES.
Article 22.

§ 113-291.4. Regulation of foxes; study of fox and fur-bearer populations.

- (a) All of the regulatory powers granted the Wildlife Resources Commission generally with respect to game, wild animals, and wildlife apply to foxes unless there are specific overriding restrictions in this section.
- (b) Except for any closed season under subsection (h), foxes may be taken with dogs both night and day on a year-round basis.
- (c) Foxes may not be taken with firearms except:
 - (1) As provided in subsection (f) or (i) of this section or G.S. 113-291.4A(a).
 - (2) As an incidental method of humanely killing them following any lawful method of taking that does not result in death.
 - (3) When they are lawfully shot under laws and rules pertaining to the destruction of animals committing depredations to property.
- (d) Foxes may not be taken with the aid of any electronic calling device.
- (e) The Wildlife Resources Commission is directed to improve its capabilities for studying fox and fur-bearer populations generally and, on the basis of its present knowledge and future studies, to implement management methods and impose controls designed to produce optimum fox and fur-bearer populations in the various areas of the State.
- (f) If, on the basis of its studies and other information available, the Wildlife Resources Commission determines the population of foxes in an area is fully adequate to support a harvesting of that population, the Wildlife Resources Commission may, upon passage of local legislation permitting same, open a season for taking foxes by trapping. When the

season is open for trapping, foxes may also be taken by the use of methods lawful for taking game animals, including the use of firearms. Any bag, possession, or season limits imposed on foxes taken from the area in question will apply in the aggregate to all foxes killed without regard to the method of taking.

- (f1) In those counties in which open seasons for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping were established between June 18, 1982, and July 1, 1987, in accordance with the procedure then set forth in subsection (f) of this section, the Wildlife Resources Commission is authorized to continue such seasons from year to year so long as the fox populations of such counties remain adequate to support the resulting harvest. The counties referred to in this subsection are as follows: Caswell, Clay, Graham, Henderson, Hyde, Macon, Stokes and Tyrrell.
- (g) The Wildlife Resources Commission may provide for the sale of foxes lawfully taken in areas of open season as provided in subsection (f), under a system providing strict controls. The Wildlife Resources Commission must implement a system of tagging foxes and fox furs with a special fox tag, and the Commission may charge two dollars and twenty-five cents (\$2.25) for each tag furnished to hunters, trappers, and fur dealers. The fox tag or tags must be procured before taking foxes by any method designed to kill foxes or when the intent is to harvest foxes. The number of tags furnished to any individual may be limited as to area and as to number in accordance with area, bag, possession, or season limits that may be imposed on foxes. No person may continue to hunt or trap foxes under this fox harvesting provision unless he still has at least one valid unused fox tag lawful for use in the area in question. A person hunting foxes with dogs not intending to kill them need not have any fox tag, but any fox accidentally killed by that hunter must be disposed of without sale as provided below, and no foxes not tagged may be sold. The Wildlife Resources Commission may by rule provide reporting and controlled-disposition requirements, not including sale, of foxes killed accidentally by dog hunters, motor vehicles, and in other situations; it may also impose strict controls on the disposition of foxes taken by owners of property under the laws and rules relating to depredations, and authorize sale under controlled conditions of foxes taken under depredation permits.
- (h) In any area of the State in which the Wildlife Resources Commission determines that hunting of foxes with dogs has an appreciably harmful effect upon turkey restoration projects, it may declare a closed season for an appropriate length of time upon the taking with dogs of all species of wild animals and birds. Except as otherwise provided in G.S. 113-291.1(d) or (d1), this subsection does not prohibit lawful field trials or the training of dogs.
- (i) Upon notification by the State Health Director of the presence of a contagious animal disease in a local fox population, the Commission is authorized to establish such population control measures as are appropriate until notified by public health authorities that the problem is deemed to have passed. (1979, c. 830, s. 1; 1981 (Reg. Sess., 1982), c. 1203, ss. 1-3; 1985, c. 476, s. 2; 1987, c. 726, s. 1, c. 827, s. 98; 1989, c. 504, s. 2, c. 616, s. 4, c. 727, s. 113; 1991, c. 483, s. 1(a), (b); 1993, c. 208, s. 4.)

§ 113-291.4A. Open seasons for taking foxes with firearms.

- (a) There is an open season for the taking of foxes with firearms in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Mitchell and Caldwell Counties from the beginning of the season established by the Wildlife Resources Commission for the taking of rabbits and quail through January 1 of each year. The selling, buying, or possessing for sale of any fox or fox part taken pursuant to this subsection is prohibited, and is punishable as provided by G.S. 113-294(a) or (j).
- (b) The Wildlife Resources Commission shall establish appropriate bag and season limits that may be imposed upon the taking of foxes pursuant to this act, and may make reasonable rules governing the possession of foxes killed by motor vehicles or other accidental means. (1989, c. 616, s. 1; 1989 (Reg. Sess., 1990), c. 811; 1995, c. 32, s. 1; 1999-456, s. 32.)

15A NCAC 10B .0212(a)(3) Foxes (Gray and Red)

(a) Seasons.

- (1) There shall be no closed season on taking foxes with dogs;
- (2) Foxes may be taken with weapons or traps the first to fourth Saturday in January in the following counties:

Caswell	Henderson
Clay	Macon
Graham	Tyrrell

- (3) Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Mitchell County.

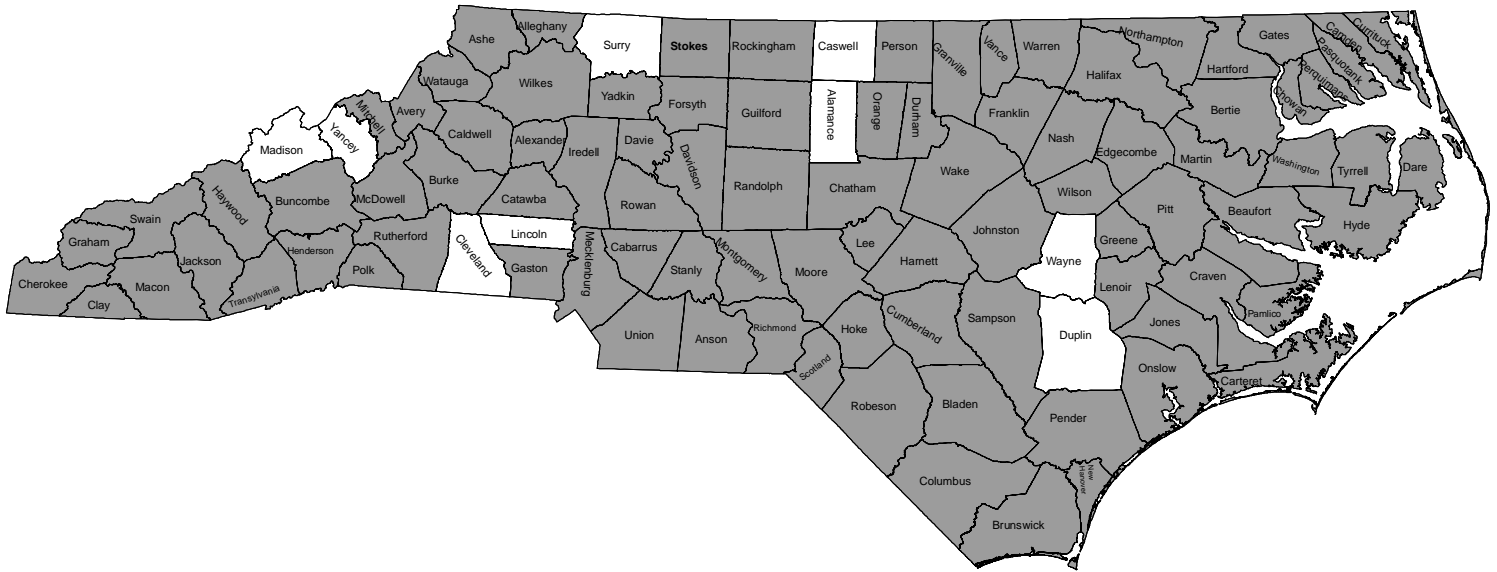
(b) Bag Limit.

- (1) Except in areas of open season for taking foxes with weapons or traps, foxes may not be intentionally killed by any method;
- (2) In areas of open season in all areas east of Interstate Highway 77 as set by the Legislature and in Subparagraph (a)(2) and (a)(3) of this Rule, the following bag limit applies: Daily, two; season, 10.

Note: Where local laws governing the taking of foxes conflict with these Regulations, the local laws shall prevail.

Counties with No Closed Season on Taking Foxes with Dogs

Foxes may be taken with dogs both night and day on a daily, year-round basis.





 Counties with no restrictions on taking fox with dogs.

 Counties with restrictions on taking fox with dogs.

NOTE: See general listing for restrictions in Alamance, Caswell, Cleveland, Duplin, Lincoln, Madison, New Hanover, Surry, Wayne and Yancey counties



Counties with Fox Trapping Seasons
(See general listing for stipulations pertaining to each county.)



-  Counties and areas with a fox trapping season.
-  Counties and areas with no fox trapping season.

Counties with Fox Hunting Seasons with Weapons
(See general listing for stipulations pertaining to each county.)



-  Counties and areas with a fox hunting season.
 -  Counties and areas with no fox hunting season.
- NOTE: Restrictions on taking red foxes in Cleveland, Haywood, Lincoln and Madison counties.**

Fox Tags: Fox tags are required in all counties with an open season on foxes, unless an exemption is stated in local law.

However, licensed trappers are exempt from tagging requirements if live-trapped foxes are trapped for purpose of sale to licensed controlled fox hunting preserves.

Coyotes: It is legal to trap coyotes during the furbearer trapping seasons established by the Wildlife Resources Commission (WRC). To find out the trapping season in your area, please see page 39 in the WRC Hunting and Trapping regulation digest or visit <http://www.ncwildlife.org/Trapping/> and click on “Trapping Regulations.”

It is also legal to trap coyotes during any fox-trapping season established by statute or by local law, using methods described in statute, even when those fox-trapping seasons open prior to and extend after the regular trapping seasons.

ALAMANCE

S.L. 1979, c. 825, sec.2 - Prohibits pursuing, hunting, taking or killing deer or foxes with dogs.

S.L. 1989, c.825 - Opens season for taking foxes with weapons during the season for taking rabbits as established by regulation by the Wildlife Resources Commission. Opens season for trapping foxes from January 2 through January 31. A season bag limit of 30 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken during the weapons and trapping seasons. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

S.L.2008, c. 44, H2123 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for trapping foxes and coyotes with rubber cleat traps from June 1 through February 28 of each year. The North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

ALLEGHENY

S.L. 2011-32, SB46 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes and coyotes with lawful weapons or traps from October 15 through March 1 of each year.

No season bag limit applies to foxes and coyotes taken under this act.

ANSON

Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1955, c.286 - Authorized the hunting and killing of foxes at any time by any lawful method. This allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. The 1955 act prohibits importation and release of foxes in the county. Sale of foxes taken under the year-round hunting authorization is not permitted.

S.L. 1989, c.879 - Opens season for taking foxes with weapons from November 18-January 1 each year. Opens season for taking foxes with foothold traps from January 2-January 31 of each year. Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken pursuant to this act. A season bag limit of 30 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken.

ASHE

Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by G.S. 113-133.1 (e) - Allows foxes to be taken at any time by any lawful method; this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

S.L. 2007, S364, as amended by S.L. 2010 H1893 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from November 1 through February 28 of each year. A season bag limit of 10 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken during the trapping season established in this act. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act and pursuant to former G.S. 113-111, as retained to the extent of its application to Ashe County pursuant to G.S. 113-133.1(e).

AVERY

S.L. 1985.c.180 - Authorizes foxes to be taken with weapons from December 1 through February 1 each year, and sets a season bag limit of 30. Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken pursuant to this act.

BEAUFORT

S.L. 1987, c.98 - Authorized the taking of foxes by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate

season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is ten. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

S.L. 1997,c.132, as amended by S.L. 2001, c. 19 - Authorizes the trapping season for foxes from the day after the close of gun deer season until February 28 of each year. Eliminates the bag limits on hunting or trapping foxes and raccoons and the requirement to tag foxes prior to or after sale. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, foxes and raccoons may be taken during any trapping season established by the Wildlife Resources Commission or by the provisions of this act with steel-jaw or leghold traps with trap chains of up to 18 inches in length.

It is lawful to use snares when trapping fur-bearing animals during seasons for trapping furbearing animals as established by the Wildlife Resources Commission and by the provisions of this act.

BERTIE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

BLADEN

S.L. 1985,c.722 as amended by S.L. 1985 c. 880 - Permits the taking of foxes by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is

thirty. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

BRUNSWICK

S.L. 1993, c. 208 - Opens the season for taking foxes with weapons from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

BURKE

S.L. 1989, c.163 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for hunting, taking, or killing foxes with firearms and bow and arrow during the season for hunting any game animal as established by the Wildlife Resources Commission. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for hunting, taking, or killing foxes by trapping from January 1 through January 31 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

CABARRUS

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CALDWELL

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CAMDEN

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CARTERET

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CASWELL

P-L.L. 1937, c. 411 - Fixes the open season for fox hunting from September 1 to June 30.

S.L. 1991,c.908 as amended by S.L. 1993,c.727 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with rubber cleat traps from June 1 through February 28 each year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from January 5 through February 10 of each year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons

from November 2 through February 10 of each year. A season bag limit of 30 applies to all foxes taken during the trapping season. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully under this act.

These two acts read together allow hunting foxes with dogs from September 1 through June 30 and allows hunting foxes with weapons from November 2 through February 10.

CATAWBA

Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1955,c.1037 - Authorizes the hunting and killing of foxes at any time by any lawful method. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

CHATHAM

S.L. 1995, c.80 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law relating to trapping of foxes, there will be open season for taking foxes with traps of the leghold type no larger than one and one-half, with coil spring and with trap chain and at least three swivels set on dry land with solid anchor. No trap larger than number one and one-half coil spring may be used. This season shall be from December 1 to February 15 of each year. No person shall place traps on the land of another without first obtaining written permission from the landowner or lessee. There shall be no bag limit for foxes taken during the trapping season. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully.

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10.

Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CHOWAN

Ch. 301 of 1999 S.L. adds Chowan to S.L. 1989,c.128 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons from December 1 through January 1 of each year.

S.L. 2011-40, SB261 -

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping during the trapping season set by the Wildlife Resources Commission each year, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act.

CLAY

G.S. 113-291.4, (f), (f1), and (g) - Opens a special permit season from the first to the fourth Saturday in January with traps or weapons with a daily bag limit of 2 and a season bag limit of 10. Permit holder must have fox tags in possession prior to taking of foxes that must be tagged prior to sale. Sale of live foxes under this statute is not permitted.

CLEVELAND

P.L. 1907, c.388 - Provides an open season on gray foxes from December 2 to the last day of February. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

S.L. 1951, c.1101 - Prohibits hunting red foxes at any time.

These two acts read together apparently ban all hunting of red foxes, including with dogs, and opens season for hunting gray foxes during authorized hours by all lawful hunting methods (rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs) from December 2 to the last day of February. Sale of harvested foxes is not permitted

COLUMBUS

S.L. 1993, c. 208 amended by S.L. 2004-66, HB 1346 - Opens the season for taking foxes with weapons from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

CRAVEN

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

S.L. 2008, c. 8, S1989 -

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from January 2 through February 28 of each year. No season bag limits applies to foxes taken under this act. The North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

CUMBERLAND

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CURRITUCK

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

DARE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

DAVIDSON

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

S.L. 2009, c.43, H551 -

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping during the trapping season set by the Wildlife Resources Commission each year, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act.

DAVIE

G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1947, c.333 - Authorized the hunting and killing of foxes at any time by any lawful method. The amending law prohibits importation and release of foxes and authorizes the board of

county commissioners to pay a bounty on foxes. Sale of harvested foxes is not permitted.

DUPLIN

S.L. 1965, c.774 - Provided an open season from August 2 to March 15 for hunting foxes with dogs, and permits the use of guns and dogs when the season is open for any other game. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

DURHAM

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

EDGECOMBE:

S.L. 1991, c.483 s.4 - Opens a season for taking foxes by trapping from January 2 or the last day of deer season, whichever is later, through January 31 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for sale of foxes. Aggregate bag limit is 30.

FORSYTH

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

FRANKLIN

S.L. 1993, c. 208 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping from October 1 through January 31 each

year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of lawfully taken foxes.

GATES

S.L. 1989, c.128 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons from December 1 through January 1 of each year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from January 2 or the last day of deer season, whichever is later, through January 31 of each year. During this season, all leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor shall have at least three swivels in the trap chain and no leghold traps larger than size one and one-half may be used. A season bag limit of 30 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken during the weapons and trapping seasons established in this act. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

GRAHAM

G.S. 113-291.4, (f), (f1), and (g) - Opens a special permit season from the first to the fourth Saturday in January with traps or weapons with a daily bag limit of 2 and a season bag limit of 10. Permit holder must have fox tags in possession prior to taking of foxes that must be tagged prior to sale. Sale of live foxes under this statute is not permitted.

GRANVILLE

S.L. 1963, c.670 - Provides that foxes may be taken by use of dogs year-round, day or night, and by "any manner" during the open season. ("Any manner" should be interpreted to mean during authorized hunting hours by any lawful hunting method in addition to dogs: rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow. "Open season" should be interpreted to mean when the season is open for any game animal or game bird in the county.)

Sale of foxes taken under this local act is not permitted.

S.L. 1993, c.208 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping from October 1 through January 31 each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of lawfully taken foxes.

GREENE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

S.L. 1975, c.219, as amended by S.L. 1987, c.132 - Prohibits hunting foxes with firearms “during the two-week deer season.”

The current interpretation of this act is that during any gun deer season , the use of firearms to hunt foxes is prohibited.

GUILFORD

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

HALIFAX

P-L.L. 1925, c.571,s.3 - Makes it lawful to “hunt foxes at any time.” This should be interpreted to allow year-round dog hunting, day or night (because of the statewide law), and year-round hunting during authorized hunting hours by other normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, and

bow and arrow. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

S.L. 1995, c.279 - Notwithstanding any other law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from January 7 through February 10 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully under this act. A bag limit of 30 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken during the fox season established in this act.

HARNETT

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

HAYWOOD

Former G.S. 113-111, as modified by S.L. 1963,c.322 - Provides generally that foxes may be taken “at any time by any lawful method”—but red foxes may not be taken with guns.

This should be interpreted to authorize year-round taking of red foxes with dogs and with bow and arrow, and year-round taking of gray foxes by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. (Because of the statewide law, dog hunting of both gray and red foxes may be day or night. Other takings would be limited to authorized hunting hours.) Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

HENDERSON

Former G.S. 113-111 - Allows foxes to be taken “at any time by any lawful method”; this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and

arrow, and dogs. (The statewide law would allow dog hunting at night.). Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

G.S. 113-291.4, (f), (f1), and (g) – Opens a special permit season from the first to the fourth Saturday in January with traps or weapons with a daily bag limit of 2 and a season bag limit of 10. Permit holder must have fox tags in possession prior to taking of foxes that must be tagged prior to sale. Sale of live foxes under this statute is not permitted.

HERTFORD

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

HOKE

S.L. 1985, c.108 - Authorizes the taking of foxes by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

HYDE

S.L. 1989,c.229 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is a season for taking, hunting, or killing foxes with bow and arrow, rifle, shotgun, and dogs from November 15 through January 1 of each year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is a season for taking, hunting, or killing foxes with traps

from January 2 through the last day of February of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act. A season bag limit of 20 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken during the fox seasons established in this act.

S.L. 1997, c.132, as amended by S.L. 2001, c. 19 - Authorizes the trapping season for foxes from the day after the close of gun deer season until February 28 of each year. Eliminates the bag limits on hunting or trapping foxes and raccoons and the requirement to tag foxes prior to or after sale. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, foxes and raccoons may be taken during any trapping season established by the Wildlife Resources Commission or by the provisions of this act with steel-jaw or leghold traps with trap chains of up to 18 inches in length.

It is lawful to use snares when trapping fur-bearing animals during seasons for trapping furbearing animals as established by the Wildlife Resources Commission and by the provisions of this act.

IREDELL

S.L. 1985, c.664, H1418 - Provides that foxes may be taken by use of "weapons" in the Townships of Fallstown, Davidson, and Coddle Creek from December 1 through January 1 each year. ("Weapons" would mean rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow.) The Wildlife Resources Commission must provide for sale of foxes taken legally under the local act.

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may

not be bought or sold. This applies only to that portion of the county east of I-77.

JOHNSTON

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

S.L. 2007, H1185 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season from December 1 through February 20 of each year for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act.

JONES

S.L. 1989, c.134 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is a season for taking, hunting, or killing of foxes with firearms from November 1 through December 31 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

LEE

S.L. 1977, c. 636 - Classifies the fox as a game animal which may be taken only with dogs at any time during day or night and prohibits the purchase or sale of foxes or parts thereof, except for live foxes for restocking purposes.

LENOIR

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10.

Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

LINCOLN

P-L.L. 1925, c. 449, sections 1 and 2 - Provides an open season for hunting red foxes with dogs only from October 1 to March 1.

S.L. 1955, c.878 - Provides that one may "hunt, take or kill gray foxes at any time..." This should be interpreted to allow year-round hunting of gray foxes, day or night (because of statewide law); year-round hunting of gray foxes during authorized hunting hours with shotgun, rifle, and bow and arrow; and day and night hunting of red foxes with dogs from October 1 to March 1. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

MACON

G.S. 113-291.4, (f), (f1), and (g) - Opens a special permit season from the first to the fourth Saturday in January with traps or weapons with a daily bag limit of 2 and a season bag limit of 10. Permit holder must have fox tags in possession prior to taking of foxes that must be tagged prior to sale. Sale of live foxes under this statute is not permitted.

MADISON

S.L. 1951, c. 1040- Prohibits hunting red foxes at any time.

MARTIN

S.L. 1977, c. 636 - Classifies the fox as a game animal which may be taken only with dogs at any time during the day or night, and prohibits the purchase or sale of foxes or parts thereof, except for live foxes for restocking purposes.

MECKLENBURG

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate

Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold. This applies only to that portion of the county east of I-77.

MITCHELL

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

MONTGOMERY

S.L. 1977, c.1142,s1 - Provides that (1) there is “no closed season for hunting foxes with dogs or guns”; (2) it is unlawful to “buy or sell a dead fox, fox pelt or other part of a fox”; and(3) foxes may be taken with dogs during the day or night. (The specification of “dogs or guns” would prevent use of the bow and arrow.)

MOORE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

NASH

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

NEW HANOVER

S.L. 1971, c.559 - Prohibits hunting foxes with dogs in that portion of Federal Point Township which lies south of Snow’s Cut (the Intracoastal Waterway).

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

NORTHAMPTON

S.L. 1993, c.727 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from January 5 through February 10 of each year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons from November 2 through February 10 of each year. No provisions for sale are provided.

ONSLOW

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

ORANGE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

PAMLICO

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

PASQUOTANK

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

PENDER

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

PERQUIMANS

Former G.S. 113-111 - Allows foxes to be taken “at any time by any lawful method”; this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. (The statewide law would allow dog hunting at night.) Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

PERSON

S.L. 1985,c.108, as amended by S. O. 1985 (2nd Sess. 1986), c.890 and further amended by house bill 820 in 2005 - Authorizes the taking of foxes

by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from September 1 through September 30 and from December 1 through February 20 of each year. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one half may be used. There is no season bag limit. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

PITT

S.L. 1993, c. 208 amended by S.L. 2004-199, SB 1225 - Opens the season for taking foxes with weapons from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

RANDOLPH

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

RICHMOND

S.L. 2001, c. 133, H903 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is a season for taking foxes with box-type traps only from January 2 through January 31 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant

to this act. A season bag limit of 30 applies in the aggregate to gray and red foxes taken during the fox season established in this act. This act applies only to that portion of Richmond County located north of U.S. Highway 74 and west of U.S. Highway 1.

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

ROBESON

S.L. 1985, c.108 - Authorizes the taking of foxes by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

ROCKINGHAM

S.L. 1985, c.179, as amended by S.L. 2011-136, HB463 - Authorizes the taking of foxes by firearms, bow and arrow, or crossbow during any open small game season each year. There is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from November 1 through February 28 of each year. During this season, all leghold traps set on dry shall be in accordance with State law. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act. No tags shall be required for the sale of the fur of foxes taken in accordance with this act.

ROWAN

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

SAMPSON

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

SCOTLAND

S.L. 1985, c.108 - Authorizes the taking of foxes by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The local act applies in that portion of Scotland County northeast of N.C. Highway 381 from the Richmond County line to the South Carolina border. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10.

Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

STANLY

S.L. 1989,c.879 - Opens season for taking foxes with weapons from November 18-January 1 of each year. Opens season for taking foxes with foothold traps from January 2-January 31 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken pursuant to this act. A season bag limit of 10 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken.

STOKES

Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1955, c.685 - Allows foxes to be taken “at any time by any lawful method”; this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. (The statewide law would allow dog hunting at night.). The sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

S.L. 2008, c. 102. H2760 – Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season from the first Saturday in January through the last Saturday in January of each year for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limits applies to foxes taken under this act.

SURRY

P-L. L. 1925,c.474,s.6 - Provides that gray and red foxes may be taken only from October 15 through March 1. This should be interpreted to authorize fox hunting with dogs, day and night, during the open season, and normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow. The sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

S.L. 2011-32, SB46 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for

taking foxes and coyotes with lawful weapons or traps from October 15 through March 1 of each year. No season bag limit applies to foxes and coyotes taken under this act.

TYRRELL

Former G.S. 113-111 - Allows foxes to be taken “at any time by any lawful method” this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs.(Sale under this provision is not permitted).

G.S. 113-291.4, (f), (f1), and (g) – Opens a special permit season from the first to the fourth Saturday in January with traps or weapons with a daily bag limit of 2 and a season bag limit of 10. Permit holder must have fox tags in possession prior to taking of foxes that must be tagged prior to sale. Sale of live foxes under this statute is not permitted.

UNION

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

VANCE

S.L. 1993, c. 208 as amended by S.L. 2004-44 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping from October 1 through January 31 each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of lawfully taken foxes.

WAKE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all

areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

WARREN

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

WASHINGTON

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

WAYNE

S.L. 1981, c. 697, as amended by S.L. 1987, c. 958 - Prohibits hunting foxes in any manner from March 16 to August 1. Amendment exempts persons training dogs to hunt foxes in a dog training facility larger than 500 acres that is enclosed with a dog-proof fence.

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

WILKES

Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1971, c.385 - Allows foxes to be taken “at any time by any lawful method”; this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. (The statewide law would allow dog hunting at night.) The 1971 act prohibits the use of electronic calling devices in taking foxes in Wilkes County. The sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

WILSON

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate

Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

WINSTON-SALEM

S.L. 2010, H1893 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping with cage traps only during the trapping season set by the Wildlife Resources Commission each year, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act.

YADKIN

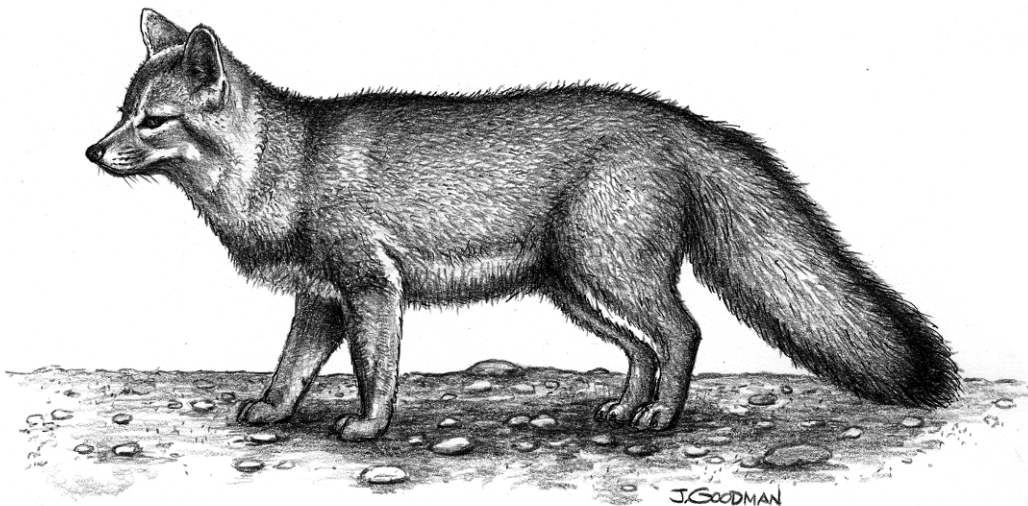
Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1953,c.199 - Allows foxes to be taken “at any time by any lawful

method”; this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. (The statewide law would allow dog hunting at night.) The 1953 act prohibits importation and release of foxes in Yadkin County. The sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

YANCY

S.L. 1965, c. 522 - Prohibits killing foxes in any manner.

**COUNTY FOX HARVEST SEASONS
LEGISLATED BY THE
NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY**



Updated: August 2015

**DIVISION OF WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT
NORTH CAROLINA WILDLIFE RESOURCES COMMISSION**

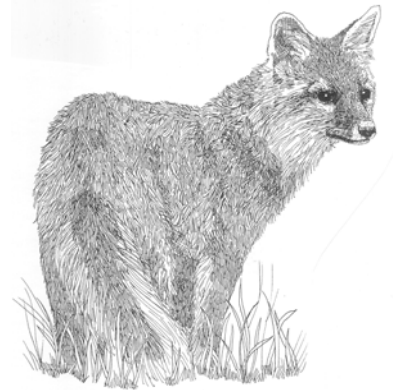


“How do I find out if I can hunt or trap foxes in my county?”

The state law regarding foxes, coupled with the diversity of local laws, has resulted in 27 fox hunting seasons with weapons in 85 counties, and 22 fox trapping seasons in 41 counties.

This document was created to help guide sportsmen on the legal aspects of taking foxes. It provides maps and a table indicating which counties are open or closed to fox hunting and/or trapping. In addition, a listing of current statutes and local laws by county is included starting on page 12.

The North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (WRC) has very limited authority to regulate fox hunting and trapping seasons. Only the General Assembly has the authority to allow fox trapping in a county through passage of a local law. The North Carolina General Assembly (NCGA) has elected to classify foxes only as a game animals rather than game and furbearers as bobcat, opossum and raccoon are designated ([§ 113 291.4](#)). This classification means that the WRC may not allow foxes to be taken by trapping during regular trapping seasons.



There are numerous session laws that have been approved by the NCGA relating to foxes. Many of these laws passed by the NCGA apply only to a specific county, counties or parts of counties and generally are referred to as “local laws”. The number and complexity of the “local laws” enacted by the NCGA over the past 40 years which allow the taking of foxes with weapons and traps make them unsuitable to include in the annual regulations digest, thus this separate document was created.

Tagging Requirements for both Hunters and Trappers

Fox Tags: It is unlawful to buy, sell, barter, trade, or otherwise transfer possession or ownership of the carcass or pelt of any fox without having affixed to such carcass or pelt an individual fox tag. **To purchase fox tags, please call 1-888-248-6834.**

A fox tag or tags must be procured before taking foxes by any method designed to kill foxes or when the intent is to harvest foxes in the following counties:

- Clay
- Graham
- Henderson
- Macon
- Tyrrell

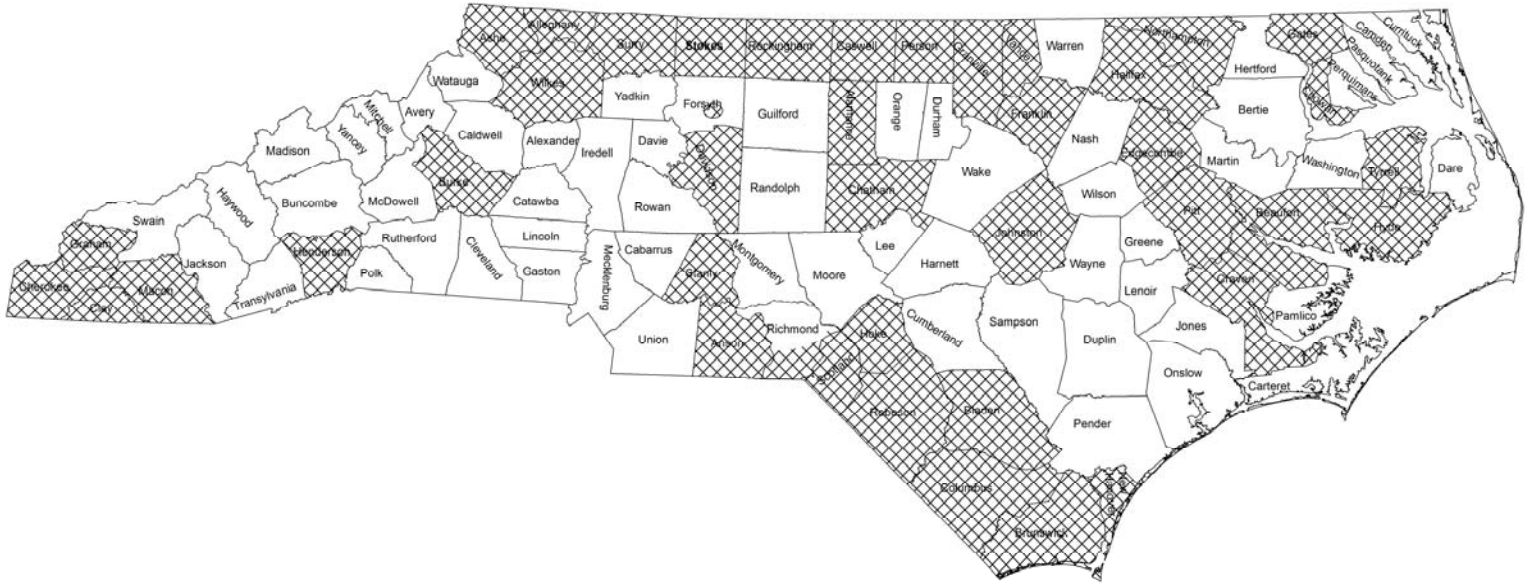
Fox Tag Exemptions: Licensed trappers are exempt from tagging requirements if live-trapped foxes are trapped for purpose of sale to licensed controlled fox hunting preserves.



Trappers are exempt from fox tagging requirements in the following counties/areas:

- Beaufort
- Chowan
- Cherokee
- Davidson
- Hyde
- Johnston
- New Hanover
- Rockingham
- Stokes
- Wilkes
- Winston-Salem

Counties with Fox Trapping Seasons

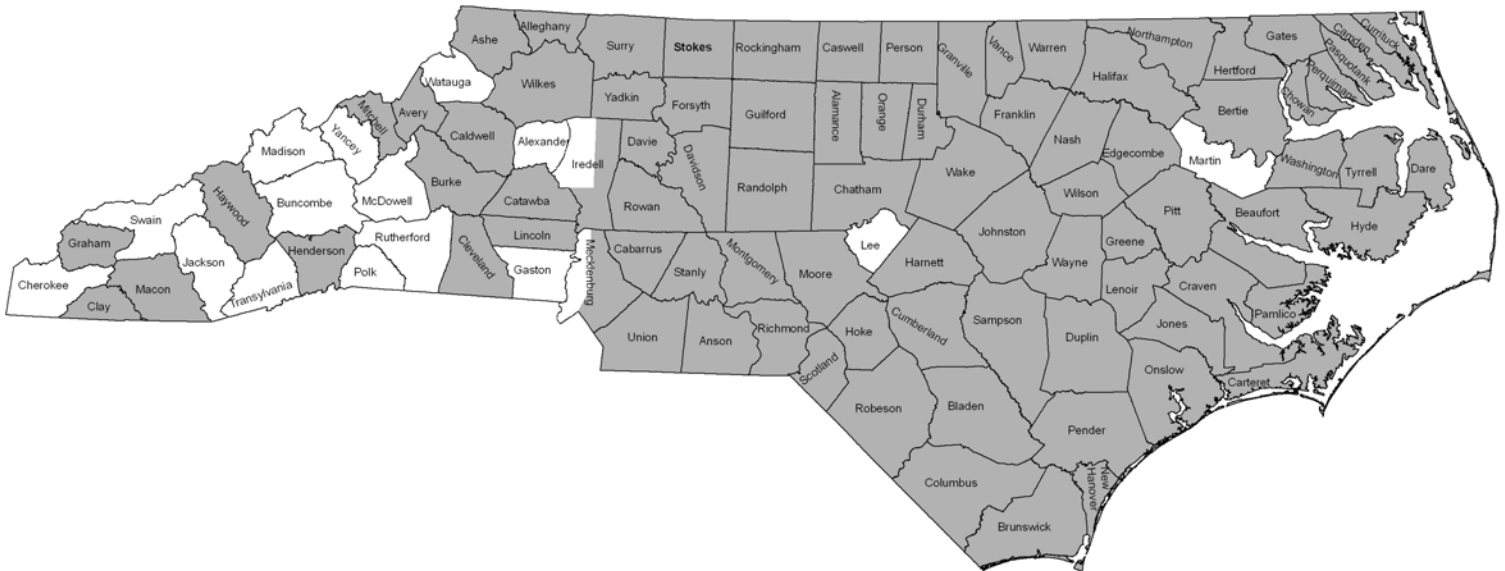
Updated August 2015 w/3 new counties (Cherokee, New Hanover, Wilkes)
 (See general listing for stipulations pertaining to each county.)





 Counties and areas with a fox trapping season.
 Counties and areas with no fox trapping season.

Counties with Fox Hunting Seasons with Weapons

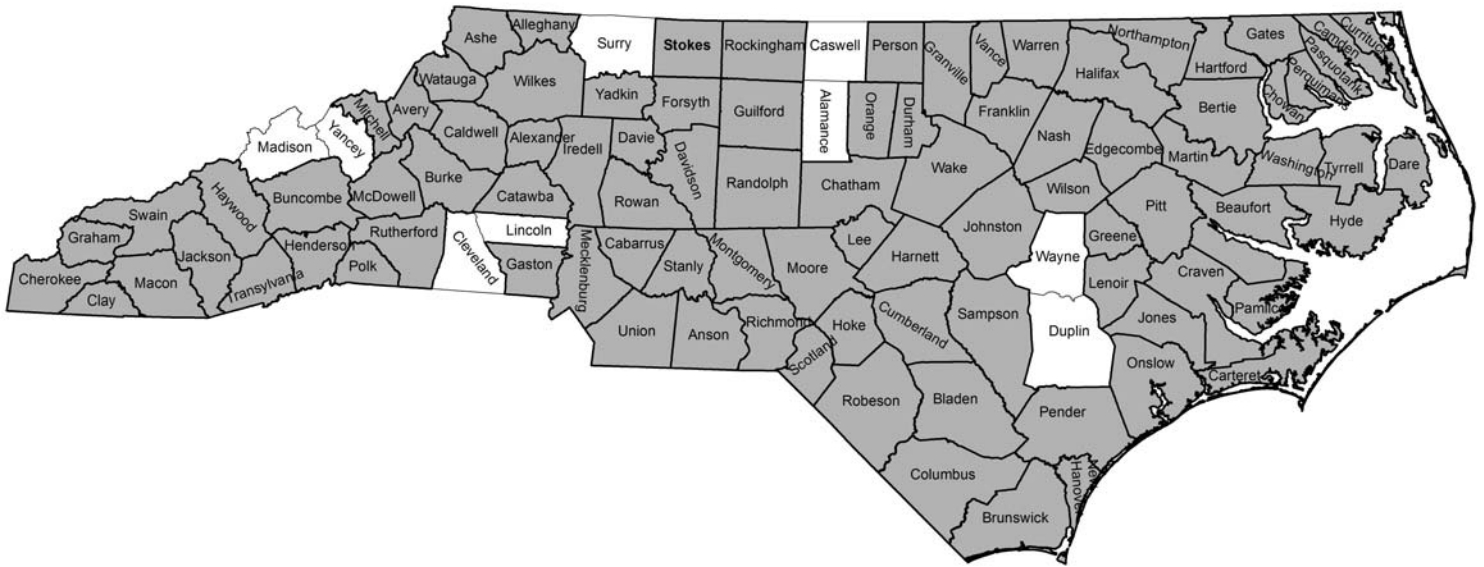
(See general listing for stipulations pertaining to each county.)





 Counties and areas with a fox hunting season.
 Counties and areas with no fox hunting season.
NOTE: Restrictions on taking red foxes in Cleveland, Haywood, Lincoln and Madison counties.

Counties with No Closed Season on Taking Foxes with Dogs

Foxes may be taken with dogs both night and day on a daily, year-round basis.



-  Counties with no restrictions on taking fox with dogs.
-  Counties with restrictions/prohibitions on taking fox with dogs.

NOTE: See general listing for restrictions in Alamance, Caswell, Cleveland, Duplin, Lincoln, Madison, New Hanover, Surry, Wayne and Yancey counties



Coyotes: It is legal to trap coyotes during the regulated trapping seasons established by the Wildlife Resources Commission (WRC). To find out the trapping season in your area, please see page 38 in the WRC Hunting and Trapping regulation digest or visit <http://www.ncwildlife.org/Trapping/> and click on “Seasons & Limits.”

It is also legal to trap coyotes during any fox-trapping season established by statute or by local law, using methods described in statute, even when those fox-trapping seasons open prior to and extend after the regulated trapping seasons.

All counties in North Carolina are listed in this table and are in alphabetical order. Due to space constraints in this table, please see general listings on page 12 for specific stipulations for your county.

County	Fox Trapping Season		Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
	Dates	Local Restrictions	Dates	Local Restrictions
Alamance County	Jan. 2 -Jan. 31	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)	Nov. 21 – end. of Feb.	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)
	Jun. 1 - Feb. 28	Rubber cleat traps required		
Alexander County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Alleghany County	Oct. 15 - Mar. 1		Oct. 15 - Mar. 1	
Anson County	Jan. 2 -Jan. 31	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)	Nov. 18 - Jan. 1	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)
			Year-round	Sale of foxes prohibited
Ashe County	Nov. 1 - Feb. 28	Bag limit=10	Year-round	Sale of foxes prohibited
Avery County	No Fox Trapping Season		Dec. 1 - Feb. 1	Season bag limit=30
Beaufort County	Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	Leg-hold traps only Trap chains must be \leq 18 inches	Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	
	Jan. 2 – end of Feb.			
Bertie County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2
				Season bag limit=10
				Sale of foxes prohibited
Bladen County	Jan. 2- Jan. 31	Leghold traps must \leq 1.5 in size & have 3 swivels in trap chain Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)	Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)
Brunswick County	Jan. 2- Jan. 31	Leghold traps must \leq 1.5 in size & have 3 swivels in trap chain Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)	Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)
Buncombe County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Burke County	Jan. 1 - Jan. 31		During any season for a game animal	

County	Fox Trapping Season		Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
	Dates	Local Restrictions	Dates	Local Restrictions
Cabarrus County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Caldwell County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Camden County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Carteret County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Caswell County	Jun. 1 - Feb. 28	Rubber cleat traps required Season bag limit=30	Nov. 2 - Feb. 10	
Catawba County	No Fox Trapping Season		Year-round	Sale of foxes prohibited
Chatham County	Dec. 1 - Feb. 15	Leghold traps must < 1.5 in size w/coil spring & have 3 swivels in trap chain	Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Cherokee County	Nov. 1 – end of Feb.		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Chowan County	Dec. 1 – end of Feb.		Dec. 1 – end of Feb.	
Clay County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 23	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of live foxes prohibited	Jan. 2 - Jan. 23	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of live foxes prohibited
Cleveland County	No Fox Trapping Season		Dec. 2 - end of Feb.	Gray Foxes only Sale of foxes prohibited
Columbus County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 31	Leghold traps must ≤ 1.5 in size & have 3 swivels in trap chain Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)	Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)
Craven County	Jan. 2 - Feb. 28		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Cumberland County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited

County	Fox Trapping Season		Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
	Dates	Local Restrictions	Dates	Local Restrictions
Currituck County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Dare County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Davidson County	Nov. 1 - end of Feb.		Nov. 1 - end of Feb.	
Davie County	No Fox Trapping Season		Year-round	Sale of foxes prohibited
Duplin County	No Fox Trapping Season		During any open season for a game animal	Sale of foxes prohibited
Durham County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Edgecombe County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 31	Bag limit=30	Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Forsyth County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Franklin County	Oct. 1 - Jan. 31		Oct. 1 - Jan. 31	
Gaston County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Gates County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 31	Leghold traps must \leq 1.5 in size & have 3 swivels in trap chain Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)	Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)
Graham County	Jan. 2- Jan. 23	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of live foxes prohibited	Jan. 2 - Jan. 23	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of live foxes prohibited
Granville County	Oct. 1 - Jan. 31		Oct. 1 - Jan. 31	
			During any open season for game birds or animal	Sale of foxes is prohibited

County	Fox Trapping Season		Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
	Dates	Local Restrictions	Dates	Local Restrictions
Greene County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited Use of firearm to hunt foxes prohibited during deer gun season
Guilford County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Halifax County	Jan. 7 - Feb. 10	Season bag limit=30	Year-round	Sale of foxes prohibited
Harnett County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Haywood County	No Fox Trapping Season		Year-round for gray foxes by any normal hunting means	Sale of foxes prohibited
			Year-round for red foxes only w/archery or dogs	Sale of foxes prohibited
Henderson County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 23	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of live foxes prohibited	Jan. 2 - Jan. 23	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of live foxes prohibited
			Year-round	Sale of foxes prohibited
Hertford County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Hoke County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 31	Leghold traps must \leq 1.5 in size & have 3 swivels in trap chain Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)	Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)
Hyde County	Dec. 1 – Jan. 1	Only leg-hold traps Trap chains must be \leq 18 inches	Nov. 15 - Jan. 1	
	Jan. 2 – end of Feb.			

	Fox Trapping Season		Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
County	Dates	Local Restrictions	Dates	Local Restrictions
Iredell County	No Fox Trapping Season		Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	Only in Fallstown, Davidson, and Coddle Creek townships
			Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Jackson County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Johnston County	Dec. 1 - Feb. 20		Dec. 1 - Feb. 20	
Jones County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 1 - Dec. 31	Firearm only
Lee County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Lenoir County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Lincoln County	No Fox Trapping Season		Year-round	Gray Foxes only
				Sale of foxes prohibited
McDowell County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Macon County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 23	Daily bag limit=2	Jan. 2 - Jan. 23	Daily bag limit=2
		Season bag limit=10 Sale of live foxes prohibited		Season bag limit=10 Sale of live foxes prohibited
Madison County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Martin County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Mecklenburg County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Mitchell County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Montgomery County	No Fox Trapping Season		Year-round	Dogs or guns only
Moore County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Nash County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited

County	Fox Trapping Season		Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
	Dates	Local Restrictions	Dates	Local Restrictions
New Hanover County	Dec. 1 – end of Feb.		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Northampton County	Jan. 5 - Feb. 10		Nov. 2 - Feb. 10	
Onslow County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Orange County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Pamlico County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Pasquotank County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Pender County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Perquimans County	No Fox Trapping Season		Year-round	Sale of foxes prohibited
Person County	Sept. 1 – Sept. 30 & Dec. 1 – Feb. 20	Leghold traps must ≤ 1.5 in size & have 3 swivels in trap chain	Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	
Pitt County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 31	Leghold traps must ≤ 1.5 in size & have 3 swivels in trap chain Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)	Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)
Polk County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Randolph County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Richmond County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 31	Box Traps Only Season limit=30	Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited

	Fox Trapping Season		Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
County	Dates	Restrictions	Dates	Restrictions
Robeson County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 31	Leghold traps must \leq 1.5 in size & have 3 swivels in trap chain Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)	Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)
Rockingham County	Nov. 1 - Feb. 28		Oct. 12 – end of Feb.	
Rowan County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Rutherford County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Sampson County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Scotland County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 31	Leghold traps must \leq 1.5 in size & have 3 swivels in trap chain Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping) Only in portion northeast of N.C. Hwy. 381	Dec. 1 - Jan. 1	Season bag limit=30 (aggregate of hunting & trapping) Only in portion northeast of N.C. Hwy. 381
			Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Stanly County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 31	Season bag limit=10 (aggregate of hunting & trapping) Foothold traps only	Nov. 18 - Jan. 1	Season bag limit=10 (aggregate of hunting & trapping)
Stokes County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 23		Jan. 2 - Jan. 23	
			Year-round	Sale of foxes prohibited
Surry County	Oct. 15 - Mar. 1		Oct. 15 - Mar. 1	Sale of foxes prohibited
Swain County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Transylvania County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	

	Fox Trapping Season		Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
County	Dates	Restrictions	Dates	Restrictions
Tyrrell County	Jan. 2 - Jan. 23	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of live foxes prohibited	Jan. 2 - Jan. 23	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of live foxes prohibited
			Year-round	Sale of foxes prohibited
Union County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 17 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Vance County	Oct. 1 - Jan. 31		Oct. 1 - Jan. 31	
Wake County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Warren County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Washington County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Watauga County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	
Wayne County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Wilkes County	Nov. 1 – end of Feb.		Year-round	Sale of foxes prohibited
Wilson County	No Fox Trapping Season		Nov. 21 - Jan. 1	Daily bag limit=2 Season bag limit=10 Sale of foxes prohibited
Winston-Salem	Nov. 1 – end of Feb.	Cage Traps Only	Local Firearm Discharge Ordinances Applies	
Yadkin County	No Fox Trapping Season		Year-round	Sale of foxes prohibited
Yancey County	No Fox Trapping Season		No Fox Hunting Season w/Weapon	

Counties are listed in alphabetical order. If your county is not listed, you cannot trap or hunt foxes with a weapon in your county.

ALAMANCE

S.L. 1979, c. 825, sec.2 - Prohibits pursuing, hunting, taking or killing deer or foxes with dogs.

S.L. 1989, c.825 - Opens season for taking foxes with weapons during the season for taking rabbits as established by regulation by the Wildlife Resources Commission. Opens season for trapping foxes from January 2 through January 31. A season bag limit of 30 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken during the weapons and trapping seasons. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

S.L.2008, c. 44, H2123 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for trapping foxes and coyotes with rubber cleat traps from June 1 through February 28 of each year. The North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

ALLEGHENY

S.L. 2011-32, SB46 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes and coyotes with lawful weapons or traps from October 15 through March 1 of each year. No season bag limit applies to foxes and coyotes taken under this act.

ANSON

Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1955, c.286 - Authorized the hunting and killing of foxes at any time by any lawful method. This allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. The 1955 act prohibits importation and release of

foxes in the county. Sale of foxes taken under the year-round hunting authorization is not permitted.

S.L. 1989, c.879 - Opens season for taking foxes with weapons from November 18-January 1 each year. Opens season for taking foxes with foothold traps from January 2-January 31 of each year. Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken pursuant to this act. A season bag limit of 30 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken.

ASHE

Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by G.S. 113-133.1 (e) - Allows foxes to be taken at any time by any lawful method; this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

S.L. 2007, S364, as amended by S.L. 2010 H1893 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from November 1 through February 28 of each year. A season bag limit of 10 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken during the trapping season established in this act. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act and pursuant to former G.S. 113-111, as retained to the extent of its application to Ashe County pursuant to G.S. 113-133.1(e).

AVERY

S.L. 1985,c.180 - Authorizes foxes to be taken with weapons from December 1 through February 1 each year, and sets a season bag limit of 30. Wildlife Resources Commission

shall provide for the sale of foxes taken pursuant to this act.

BEAUFORT

S.L. 1987, c.98 - Authorized the taking of foxes by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is ten. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

S.L. 1997,c.132, as amended by S.L. 2001, c. 19 - Authorizes the trapping season for foxes from the day after the close of gun deer season until February 28 of each year. Eliminates the bag limits on hunting or trapping foxes and raccoons and the requirement to tag foxes prior to or after sale. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, foxes and raccoons may be taken during any trapping season established by the Wildlife Resources Commission or by the provisions of this act with steel-jaw or leghold traps with trap chains of up to 18 inches in length.

It is lawful to use snares when trapping fur-bearing animals during seasons for trapping furbearing animals as established by the Wildlife Resources Commission and by the provisions of this act.

BERTIE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10.

BERTIE CONTINUED... Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

BLADEN

S.L. 1985.c.722 as amended by S.L. 1985 c. 880 - Permits the taking of foxes by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is thirty. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

BRUNSWICK

S.L. 1993, c. 208 - Opens the season for taking foxes with weapons from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

BURKE

S.L. 1989, c.163 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for hunting, taking, or killing foxes with firearms and bow and arrow during the season for hunting any game animal as established by the Wildlife Resources Commission. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for hunting, taking, or killing foxes by trapping from January 1 through January 31 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission

shall provide for sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

CABARRUS

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CALDWELL

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CAMDEN

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CARTERET

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CASWELL

P-L.L. 1937, c. 411- Fixes the open season for fox hunting from September 1 to June 30.

CASWELL

S.L. 1991.c.908 as amended by S.L. 1993.c.727 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with rubber cleat traps from June 1 through February 28 each year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from January 5 through February 10 of each year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons from November 2 through February 10 of each year. A season bag limit of 30 applies to all foxes taken during the trapping season. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully under this act.

These two acts read together allow hunting foxes with dogs from September 1 through June 30 and allows hunting foxes with weapons from November 2 through February 10.

CATAWBA

Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1955.c.1037 - Authorizes the hunting and killing of foxes at any time by any lawful method. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

CHATHAM

S.L. 1995, c.80 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law relating to trapping of foxes, there will be open season for taking foxes with traps of the leghold type no larger than one and one-half, with coil spring and with trap chain and at least three swivels set on dry land with solid anchor. No trap larger than number one and one-half coil spring may be used. This season shall be from December 1 to February 15 of each year. No person shall place traps on the land of another without first obtaining written permission from the landowner or lessee. There shall be no bag limit for foxes taken

during the trapping season. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully.

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CHEROKEE

S.L. 2015-13, HB 65 -

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping during the trapping season set by the Wildlife Resources Commission each year, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

CHOWAN

Ch. 301 of 1999 S.L. adds Chowan to S.L. 1989,c.128 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons from December 1 through January 1 of each year.

S.L. 2011-40, SB261 -

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping during the trapping season set by the Wildlife Resources Commission each year, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act.

CLAY

G.S. 113-291.4, (f), (f1), and (g) - Opens a special permit season from the first to the fourth Saturday in January with traps or weapons with a daily bag limit of 2 and a season bag limit of 10. Permit holder must have

fox tags in possession prior to taking of foxes that must be tagged prior to sale. Sale of live foxes under this statute is not permitted.

CLEVELAND

P.L. 1907, c.388 - Provides an open season on gray foxes from December 2 to the last day of February. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

S.L. 1951, c.1101 - Prohibits hunting red foxes at any time.

These two acts read together apparently ban all hunting of red foxes, including with dogs, and opens season for hunting gray foxes during authorized hours by all lawful hunting methods (rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs) from December 2 to the last day of February. Sale of harvested foxes is not permitted

COLUMBUS

S.L. 1993, c. 208 amended by S.L. 2004-66, HB 1346 - Opens the season for taking foxes with weapons from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

CRAVEN

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CRAVEN

S.L. 2008, c. 8, S1989 -

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from January 2 through February 28 of each year. No season bag limits applies to foxes taken under this act. The North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

CUMBERLAND

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

CURRITUCK

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

DARE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

DAVIDSON

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate

Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

DAVIDSON continued...

S.L. 2009, c.43, H551 -

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping during the trapping season set by the Wildlife Resources Commission each year, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act.

DAVIE

G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1947, c.333 - Authorized the hunting and killing of foxes at any time by any lawful method. The amending law prohibits importation and release of foxes and authorizes the board of county commissioners to pay a bounty on foxes. Sale of harvested foxes is not permitted.

DUPLIN

S.L. 1965, c.774 - Provided an open season from August 2 to March 15 for hunting foxes with dogs, and permits the use of guns and dogs when the season is open for any other game. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

DURHAM

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

EDGECOMBE:

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by

firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

S.L. 1991, c.483 s.4 - Opens a season for taking foxes by trapping from January 2 or the last day of deer season, whichever is later, through January 31 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for sale of foxes. Aggregate bag limit is 30.

FORSYTH

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

FRANKLIN

S.L. 1993, c. 208 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping from October 1 through January 31 each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of lawfully taken foxes.

GATES

S.L. 1989, c.128 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons from December 1 through January 1 of each year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from January 2 or the last day of deer season, whichever is later, through January 31 of each year. During this season, all leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor shall have at least three swivels in the trap chain and no leghold traps larger than size

one and one-half may be used. A season bag limit of 30 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken during the weapons and trapping seasons established in this act. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

GRAHAM

G.S. 113-291.4, (f), (f1), and (g) - Opens a special permit season from the first to the fourth Saturday in January with traps or weapons with a daily bag limit of 2 and a season bag limit of 10. Permit holder must have fox tags in possession prior to taking of foxes that must be tagged prior to sale. Sale of live foxes under this statute is not permitted.

GRANVILLE

S.L. 1963, c.670 - Provides that foxes may be taken by use of dogs year-round, day or night, and by "any manner" during the open season. ("Any manner" should be interpreted to mean during authorized hunting hours by any lawful hunting method in addition to dogs: rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow. "Open season" should be interpreted to mean when the season is open for any game animal or game bird in the county.) Sale of foxes taken under this local act is not permitted.

S.L. 1993, c.208 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping from October 1 through January 31 each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of lawfully taken foxes.

GREENE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10.

Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

GREENE continued...

S.L. 1975, c.219, as amended by S.L. 1987, c.132 - Prohibits hunting foxes with firearms “during the two-week deer season.”

The current interpretation of this act is that during any gun deer season , the use of firearms to hunt foxes is prohibited.

GUILFORD

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

HALIFAX

P-L.L. 1925, c.571,s.3 - Makes it lawful to “hunt foxes at any time.” This should be interpreted to allow year-round dog hunting, day or night (because of the statewide law), and year-round hunting during authorized hunting hours by other normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

S.L. 1995, c.279 - Notwithstanding any other law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from January 7 through February 10 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully under this act. A bag limit of 30 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken during the fox season established in this act.

HARNETT

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all

areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10.

Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

HAYWOOD

Former G.S. 113-111, as modified by S.L. 1963,c.322 - Provides generally that foxes may be taken “at any time by any lawful method”—but red foxes may not be taken with guns.

This should be interpreted to authorize year-round taking of red foxes with dogs and with bow and arrow, and year-round taking of gray foxes by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. (Because of the statewide law, dog hunting of both gray and red foxes may be day or night. Other takings would be limited to authorized hunting hours.) Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

HENDERSON

Former G.S. 113-111 - Allows foxes to be taken “at any time by any lawful method”; this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. (The statewide law would allow dog hunting at night.). Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

G.S. 113-291.4, (f), (f1), and (g) – Opens a special permit season from the first to the fourth Saturday in January with traps or weapons with a daily bag limit of 2 and a season bag limit of 10. Permit holder must have fox tags in possession prior to taking of foxes that must be tagged prior to sale. Sale of live foxes under this statute is not permitted.

HERTFORD

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by

firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10.

Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

HOKE

S.L. 1985, c.108 - Authorizes the taking of foxes by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

HYDE

S.L. 1989,c.229 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is a season for taking, hunting, or killing foxes with bow and arrow, rifle, shotgun, and dogs from November 15 through January 1 of each year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is a season for taking, hunting, or killing foxes with traps from January 2 through the last day of February of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act. A season bag limit of 20 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken during the fox seasons established in this act.

S.L. 1997.c.132, as amended by S.L. 2001, c. 19 - Authorizes the trapping season for foxes from the day after the close of gun deer season until February 28 of each year. Eliminates the bag limits on hunting or trapping foxes and raccoons and the requirement to tag foxes prior to or after sale. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, foxes and raccoons

may be taken during any trapping season established by the Wildlife Resources Commission or by the provisions of this act with steel-jaw or leghold traps with trap chains of up to 18 inches in length.

It is lawful to use snares when trapping fur-bearing animals during seasons for trapping furbearing animals as established by the Wildlife Resources Commission and by the provisions of this act.

IREDELL

S.L. 1985, c.664, H1418 - Provides that foxes may be taken by use of "weapons" in the Townships of Fallstown, Davidson, and Coddle Creek from December 1 through January 1 each year. ("Weapons" would mean rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow.) The Wildlife Resources Commission must provide for sale of foxes taken legally under the local act.

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold. This applies only to that portion of the county east of I-77.

JOHNSTON

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

S.L. 2007, H1185 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season from December 1 through February 20 of each year for

taking foxes with weapons and by trapping, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act.

JONES

S.L. 1989, c.134 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is a season for taking, hunting, or killing of foxes with firearms from November 1 through December 31 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

LEE

S.L. 1977, c. 636 - Classifies the fox as a game animal which may be taken only with dogs at any time during day or night and prohibits the purchase or sale of foxes or parts thereof, except for live foxes for restocking purposes.

LENOIR

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

LINCOLN

P-L.L. 1925, c. 449, sections 1 and 2 - Provides an open season for hunting red foxes with dogs only from October 1 to March 1.

S.L. 1955, c.878 - Provides that one may "hunt, take or kill gray foxes at any time..." This should be interpreted to allow year-round hunting of gray foxes, day or night (because of statewide law); year-round hunting of gray foxes during authorized hunting hours with shotgun, rifle, and bow and arrow; and day and night hunting of red foxes with dogs from October 1 to

March 1. Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

MACON

G.S. 113-291.4, (f), (f1), and (g) - Opens a special permit season from the first to the fourth Saturday in January with traps or weapons with a daily bag limit of 2 and a season bag limit of 10. Permit holder must have fox tags in possession prior to taking of foxes that must be tagged prior to sale. Sale of live foxes under this statute is not permitted.

MADISON

S.L. 1951, c. 1040- Prohibits hunting red foxes at any time.

MARTIN

S.L. 1977, c. 636 - Classifies the fox as a game animal which may be taken only with dogs at any time during the day or night, and prohibits the purchase or sale of foxes or parts thereof, except for live foxes for restocking purposes.

MECKLENBURG

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold. This applies only to that portion of the county east of I-77.

MITCHELL

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

MONTGOMERY

S.L. 1977, c.1142,s1 - Provides that (1) there is “no closed season for hunting foxes with dogs or guns”; (2) it is unlawful to “buy or sell a dead fox, fox pelt or other part of a fox”; and(3) foxes may be taken with dogs during the day or night. (The specification of “dogs or guns” would prevent use of the bow and arrow.)

MOORE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

NASH

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

NEW HANOVER

S.L. 1971, c.559 - Prohibits hunting foxes with dogs in that portion of Federal Point Township which lies south of Snow’s Cut (the Intracoastal Waterway).

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

NEW HANOVER

S.L. 2015-13, HB 65 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping during the trapping season set by the Wildlife Resources Commission each year, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

NORTHAMPTON

S.L. 1993, c.727 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from January 5 through February 10 of each year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons from November 2 through February 10 of each year.

ONSLOW

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

ORANGE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

PAMLICO

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all

areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

PASQUOTANK

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

PENDER

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

PERQUIMANS

Former G.S. 113-111 - Allows foxes to be taken “at any time by any lawful method”; this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. (The statewide law would allow dog hunting at night.) Sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

PERSON

S.L. 1985,c.108, as amended by S. O. 1985 (2nd Sess. 1986), c.890 and further amended by house bill 820 in 2005 - Authorizes the taking of foxes by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from September 1 through September 30 and from December 1 through February 20 of each year. Leghold traps set on dry

land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one half may be used. There is no season bag limit. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

PITT

S.L. 1993, c. 208 amended by S.L. 2004-199, SB 1225 - Opens the season for taking foxes with weapons from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

RANDOLPH

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

RICHMOND

S.L. 2001, c. 133, H903 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is a season for taking foxes with box-type traps only from January 2 through January 31 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act. A season bag limit of 30 applies in the aggregate to gray and red foxes taken during the fox season established in this act. This act applies only to that portion of Richmond County located north of

U.S. Highway 74 and west of U.S. Highway 1.

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

ROBESON

S.L. 1985, c.108 - Authorizes the taking of foxes by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

ROCKINGHAM

S.L. 1985, c.179, as amended by S.L. 2011-136, HB463 - Authorizes the taking of foxes by firearms, bow and arrow, or crossbow during any open small game season each year. There is an open season for taking foxes by trapping from November 1 through February 28 of each year. During this season, all leghold traps set on dry shall be in accordance with State law. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act. No tags shall be required for the sale of the fur of foxes taken in accordance with this act.

ROWAN

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and

Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

SAMPSON

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

SCOTLAND

S.L. 1985, c.108 - Authorizes the taking of foxes by rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow from December 1 through January 1, and by trapping from January 2 through January 31. Leghold traps set on dry land with solid anchor must have at least three swivels in the trap chain, and no leghold trap larger than size one and one-half may be used. The aggregate season bag limit, for both the weapons and trapping season, is 30. The local act applies in that portion of Scotland County northeast of N.C. Highway 381 from the Richmond County line to the South Carolina border. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

STANLY

S.L. 1989,c.879 - Opens season for taking foxes with weapons from November 18-January 1 of each year. Opens season for taking foxes with

foothold traps from January 2- January 31 of each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken pursuant to this act. A season bag limit of 10 applies in the aggregate to all foxes taken.

STOKES

Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1955, c.685 - Allows foxes to be taken “at any time by any lawful method”; this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. (The statewide law would allow dog hunting at night.). The sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

S.L. 2008, c. 102, H2760 –

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season from the first Saturday in January through the last Saturday in January of each year for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limits applies to foxes taken under this act.

SURRY

P-L. L. 1925,c.474,s.6 - Provides that gray and red foxes may be taken only from October 15 through March 1. This should be interpreted to authorize fox hunting with dogs, day and night, during the open season, and normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, and bow and arrow. The sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

S.L. 2011-32, SB46 -

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes and coyotes with lawful weapons or traps from October 15 through March 1 of each year. No season bag limit applies to foxes and coyotes taken under this act.

TYRRELL

Former G.S. 113-111 - Allows foxes to be taken “at any time by any lawful method” this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs.(Sale under this provision is not permitted).

G.S. 113-291.4, (f), (f1), and (g) –

Opens a special permit season from the first to the fourth Saturday in January with traps or weapons with a daily bag limit of 2 and a season bag limit of 10. Permit holder must have fox tags in possession prior to taking of foxes that must be tagged prior to sale. Sale of live foxes under this statute is not permitted.

UNION

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

VANCE

S.L. 1993, c. 208 as amended by S.L. 2004-44 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes with weapons and by trapping from October 1 through January 31 each year. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of lawfully taken foxes.

WAKE

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

WARREN

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

WASHINGTON

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

WAYNE

S.L. 1981, c. 697, as amended by S.L. 1987, c. 958 - Prohibits hunting foxes in any manner from March 16 to August 1. Amendment exempts persons training dogs to hunt foxes in a dog training facility larger than 500 acres that is enclosed with a dog-proof fence.

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

WILKES

Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1971, c.385 - Allows foxes to be taken “at any time by any lawful method”; this allows year-round taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. (The statewide law would

allow dog hunting at night.) The 1971 act prohibits the use of electronic calling devices in taking foxes in Wilkes County. The sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

WILKES

S.L. 2015-13, HB 65 -

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping during the trapping season set by the Wildlife Resources Commission each year, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act. The Wildlife Resources Commission shall provide for the sale of foxes taken lawfully pursuant to this act.

WILSON

15A NCAC 10B .0212 - Foxes may be taken the Saturday next preceding

Thanksgiving through January 1 by firearms or bow and arrow in all areas of the State east of Interstate Highway 77 and in Caldwell and Mitchell Counties with a daily bag limit of 2 and season limit of 10. Foxes taken under this season may not be bought or sold.

WINSTON-SALEM

S.L. 2010, H1893 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is an open season for taking foxes by trapping with cage traps only during the trapping season set by the Wildlife Resources Commission each year, with no tagging requirements prior to or after sale. No bag limit applies to foxes taken under this act.

YADKIN

Former G.S. 113-111, as amended by S.L. 1953,c.199 - Allows foxes to be taken "at any time by any lawful method"; this allows year-round

taking during authorized hunting hours by normal hunting methods: rifle, shotgun, bow and arrow, and dogs. (The statewide law would allow dog hunting at night.) The 1953 act prohibits importation and release of foxes in Yadkin County. The sale of foxes taken under this act is not permitted.

YANCY

S.L. 1965, c. 522 - Prohibits killing foxes in any manner.



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: A-3

DEPARTMENT: Emergency Services

SUBJECT: EMS/NET financial report and other updates by Emergency Services Director, Mitch Cooper

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: FYI only.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): FYI only.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING:

ITEM HISTORY: ---



P 1
glytbdud

BERTIE COUNTY
YEAR-TO-DATE BUDGET REPORT

03/03/2016 14:00
wroberso

FOR 2016 08

ACCOUNTS FOR: 10 GENERAL FUND	ORIGINAL APPROP	REVISED BUDGET	YTD EXPENDED	MTD EXPENDED	ENC/REQ	AVAILABLE BUDGET	PCT USED
100030 PERMITS & FEES							
100030 448000 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SE	-1,092,000	-1,092,000	-388,351.25	-1,985.44		-703,648.75	35.6%
100030 448001 NON-EMERGENCY TRANSP	-372,000	-613,826	-176,563.68	-58,839.57		-437,262.32	28.8%
TOTAL PERMITS & FEES	-1,464,000	-1,705,826	-564,914.93	-60,825.01		-1,140,911.07	33.1%
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	-1,464,000	-1,705,826	-564,914.93	-60,825.01		-1,140,911.07	33.1%
TOTAL REVENUES	-1,464,000	-1,705,826	-564,914.93	-60,825.01		-1,140,911.07	



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glytdbud

BERTIE COUNTY
YEAR-TO-DATE BUDGET REPORT

03/03/2016 13:59
wroberso

FOR 2016 08

ACCOUNTS FOR: 10 GENERAL FUND	ORIGINAL APPROP	REVISED BUDGET	YTD EXPENDED	MTD EXPENDED	ENC/REQ	AVAILABLE BUDGET	PCT USED
104335 EMERGENCY SERVICES							
104335 512100 SALARIES & WAGES - R	832,154	832,154	503,259.46	73,851.01	.00	328,894.54	60.5%
104335 512600 SALARIES & WAGES - P	220,000	220,000	156,503.99	22,252.77	.00	63,496.01	71.1%*
104335 512602 OVERTIME	270,000	270,000	196,780.80	28,096.06	.00	73,219.20	72.5%*
104335 518100 FICA MATCHING EXPENS	95,664	95,664	62,522.14	9,322.21	.00	33,141.86	65.4%*
104335 518200 RETIREMENT MATCHING	71,648	71,648	63,668.36	9,611.89	.00	7,979.64	88.9%*
104335 518300 GROUP INSURANCE EXPE	217,750	217,750	136,387.65	17,617.37	.00	81,362.35	62.6%
104335 518601 UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT	8,474	8,474	5,389.16	1,242.02	.00	3,084.84	63.6%
104335 518600 WORKERS COMPENSATION	56,500	56,500	.00	.00	.00	56,500.00	0%
104335 521200 UNIFORMS	15,000	15,000	7,632.98	157.33	.00	7,367.02	50.9%
104335 523800 MEDICAL/DRUGS	60,000	60,000	43,932.92	4,347.31	679.74	15,387.34	74.4%*
104335 525000 VEH SUPPLIES-GAS/OIL	50,000	50,000	38,800.71	3,362.98	1,053.87	10,145.42	79.7%*
104335 526000 OFFICE SUPPLIES/MATE	4,500	4,500	2,851.61	560.67	806.53	841.86	81.3%*
104335 529002 DEPARTMENTAL SUPPLIE	31,000	31,000	9,199.58	93.33	6,938.69	14,861.73	52.1%
104335 531000 TRAVEL	2,000	2,000	26.40	.00	.00	1,973.60	1.3%
104335 532000 TELEPHONE & POSTAGE	12,000	12,000	2,063.19	297.44	296.18	9,640.63	19.7%
104335 533000 UTILITIES	30,000	30,000	19,324.50	3,162.50	3,328.48	7,347.02	75.5%*
104335 535200 MAINTENANCE & REPAIR	25,500	15,500	7,900.92	2,804.15	.00	7,599.08	51.0%
104335 535300 MAINTENANCE & REPAIR	30,000	40,000	26,718.63	781.50	2,833.38	10,447.99	73.9%*
104335 539500 EMPLOYEE TRAINING	10,000	10,000	3,092.97	.00	.00	6,907.03	30.9%
104335 539900 CONTRACTED SERVICES	62,000	59,018	41,618.28	11,598.91	3,520.59	13,879.13	76.5%*
104335 545000 INSURANCE & BONDS	20,000	20,000	633.00	362.00	3,865.42	19,367.00	3.2%
104335 549990 EQUIP. -UNDER \$5000	18,400	20,882	10,752.33	.00	.00	6,264.25	70.0%*
104335 551000 CAPITAL OUTLAY - EQU	6,000	6,000	.00	.00	.00	6,000.00	0%
104335 554000 CAPITAL OUTLAY - VEH	29,900	37,900	8,000.00	.00	29,054.00	846.00	97.8%*
TOTAL EMERGENCY SERVICES	2,178,490	2,185,990	1,347,059.58	189,521.45	52,376.88	786,553.54	64.0%
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	2,178,490	2,185,990	1,347,059.58	189,521.45	52,376.88	786,553.54	64.0%
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,178,490	2,185,990	1,347,059.58	189,521.45	52,376.88	786,553.54	64.0%



03/03/2016 13:59
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BERTIE COUNTY
YEAR-TO-DATE BUDGET REPORT

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FOR 2016 08

ACCOUNTS FOR: 10 GENERAL FUND	ORIGINAL APPROP	REVISED BUDGET	YTD EXPENDED	MTD EXPENDED	ENC/REQ	AVAILABLE BUDGET	PCT USED
104340 TRANSPORT NON-EMERGENCY							
104340 512100 SALARIES & WAGES - R	131,336	246,568	134,647.69	24,118.82	.00	111,920.31	54.6%
104340 512600 SALARIES & WAGES - P	25,000	25,000	16,491.38	5,505.15	.00	8,508.62	66.0%
104340 512602 OVERTIME	25,000	44,704	27,112.24	5,226.27	.00	17,591.76	60.6%
104340 518100 FICA MATCHING EXPENS	13,008	23,882	13,465.71	2,607.07	.00	10,416.29	56.4%
104340 518200 RETIREMENT MATCHING	11,300	21,490	12,316.36	2,192.17	.00	9,173.64	57.3%
104340 518300 GROUP INSURANCE EXPE	37,521	73,847	29,474.20	4,863.65	.00	44,372.80	39.9%
104340 518600 WORKERS COMPENSATION	10,000	10,000	1,425.59	348.50	.00	10,000.00	.0%
104340 518601 UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT	1,335	1,335	248.51	.00	.00	3,251.49	106.8%
104340 521200 UNIFORMS	3,500	3,500	1,747.72	192.31	.00	11,000.00	7.1%
104340 523800 MEDICAL/DRUGS	3,000	11,000	9,666.98	1,747.72	.00	11,000.00	.0%
104340 525000 VEH SUPPLIES-GAS/OIL	20,000	29,000	1,172.34	192.31	669.43	19,333.02	33.3%
104340 526000 OFFICE SUPPLIES/MATE	2,000	2,000	238.96	.00	.00	158.23	92.1%
104340 529002 DEPARTMENTAL SUPPLIE	1,000	1,000	1,532.27	194.96	.00	761.04	23.9%
104340 531000 TRAVEL	1,500	1,500	1,352.14	.00	194.12	967.73	61.3%
104340 532000 TELEPHONE & POSTAGE	2,500	2,500	8,954.91	2,351.35	810.00	-46.26	103.1%
104340 535200 MAINTENANCE & REPAIR	15,000	15,000	4,916.41	.00	.00	2,500.00	.0%
104340 537000 MAINTENANCE & REPAIR	15,000	15,000	.00	.00	.00	5,235.09	65.1%
104340 539500 ADVERTISING	2,000	15,566	.00	.00	.00	10,083.59	32.8%
104340 539900 EMPLOYEE TRAINING	25,000	15,000	.00	.00	.00	500.00	.0%
104340 539900 CONTRACTED SERVICES	15,000	15,000	.00	.00	.00	15,566.00	.0%
104340 545000 INSURANCE & BONDS	0	14,939	13,438.99	.00	1,422.00	15,000.00	.0%
104340 549990 EQUIP. -UNDER \$5000	0	11,995	11,995.00	.00	.00	78.01	99.5%
104340 551000 CAPITAL OUTLAY - EQU	0	13,500	13,500.00	.00	.00	.00	100.0%
104340 554000 CAPITAL OUTLAY - VEH	0	13,500	13,500.00	.00	.00	.00	100.0%
TOTAL TRANSPORT NON-EMERGENCY	361,000	601,326	301,949.68	50,880.24	3,095.55	296,280.77	50.7%
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	361,000	601,326	301,949.68	50,880.24	3,095.55	296,280.77	50.7%
TOTAL EXPENSES	361,000	601,326	301,949.68	50,880.24	3,095.55	296,280.77	50.7%

Month	Type	# of Trips	Gross Charges		Allowables		Net Charges	Payments		Balance Due	Gross/ Trip	Net/ Trip	Cash/ Trip
					Deductables								
7/1/2014	EMERGENT	253	\$ 160,567.40	\$ 69,970.86	\$ 90,596.54	\$ 64,368.38	\$ 26,228.16	\$ 634.65	\$ 358.09	\$ 254.42	71.049%		
	Total	253	\$ 160,567.40	\$ 69,970.86	\$ 90,596.54	\$ 64,368.38	\$ 26,228.16	\$ 634.65	\$ 358.09	\$ 254.42	71.049%		
8/1/2014	EMERGENT	253	\$ 146,939.90	\$ 57,487.60	\$ 89,452.30	\$ 54,045.13	\$ 35,407.17	\$ 580.79	\$ 353.57	\$ 213.62	60.418%		
	NonEmergent	25	\$ 24,231.70	\$ 10,999.55	\$ 13,232.15	\$ 8,803.45	\$ 4,428.70	\$ 969.27	\$ 529.29	\$ 352.14	66.531%		
	Total	278	\$ 171,171.60	\$ 68,487.15	\$ 102,684.45	\$ 62,848.58	\$ 39,835.87	\$ 616.73	\$ 369.37	\$ 226.07	61.208%		
9/1/2014	EMERGENT	282	\$ 170,037.30	\$ 70,075.73	\$ 99,961.57	\$ 73,802.44	\$ 24,942.13	\$ 602.97	\$ 354.47	\$ 261.71	74.331%		
	NonEmergent	37	\$ 29,103.40	\$ 17,275.91	\$ 11,827.49	\$ 8,585.06	\$ 3,242.43	\$ 786.58	\$ 319.66	\$ 232.03	72.586%		
	Total	319	\$ 199,140.70	\$ 87,351.64	\$ 111,789.06	\$ 82,387.50	\$ 28,901.56	\$ 824.27	\$ 350.44	\$ 258.27	74.148%		
10/1/2014	EMERGENT	264	\$ 164,977.95	\$ 71,834.08	\$ 93,143.87	\$ 63,130.79	\$ 29,364.98	\$ 624.92	\$ 352.82	\$ 239.13	67.778%		
	NonEmergent	36	\$ 27,949.20	\$ 15,253.02	\$ 12,696.18	\$ 11,451.67	\$ 1,244.51	\$ 776.37	\$ 352.67	\$ 318.10	90.198%		
	Total	300	\$ 192,927.15	\$ 87,087.10	\$ 105,841.05	\$ 74,582.46	\$ 31,257.59	\$ 643.09	\$ 352.80	\$ 248.61	70.467%		
11/1/2014	EMERGENT	255	\$ 138,858.80	\$ 55,589.81	\$ 83,268.99	\$ 55,706.83	\$ 27,562.16	\$ 544.54	\$ 326.55	\$ 218.46	66.900%		
	NonEmergent	35	\$ 28,107.60	\$ 15,066.19	\$ 13,041.41	\$ 11,341.28	\$ 1,700.13	\$ 803.07	\$ 372.61	\$ 324.04	86.964%		
	Total	290	\$ 166,966.40	\$ 70,656.00	\$ 96,310.40	\$ 67,048.11	\$ 29,262.29	\$ 575.75	\$ 332.10	\$ 231.20	69.617%		
12/1/2014	EMERGENT	285	\$ 170,752.20	\$ 69,884.19	\$ 100,868.01	\$ 73,414.35	\$ 27,453.66	\$ 599.13	\$ 353.92	\$ 257.59	72.783%		
	NonEmergent	38	\$ 20,187.82	\$ 6,171.19	\$ 14,016.63	\$ 9,426.94	\$ 4,589.69	\$ 531.26	\$ 368.86	\$ 248.08	67.255%		
	Total	323	\$ 190,940.02	\$ 76,055.38	\$ 114,884.64	\$ 82,841.29	\$ 32,043.35	\$ 591.15	\$ 355.68	\$ 258.47	72.108%		
1/1/2015	EMERGENT	251	\$ 147,230.00	\$ 54,936.88	\$ 92,293.12	\$ 54,380.00	\$ 37,913.12	\$ 586.57	\$ 367.70	\$ 216.65	58.921%		
	NonEmergent	40	\$ 36,297.83	\$ 13,170.29	\$ 23,127.54	\$ 15,261.88	\$ 7,865.66	\$ 907.45	\$ 578.19	\$ 381.55	65.990%		
	Total	291	\$ 183,527.83	\$ 68,107.17	\$ 115,420.66	\$ 69,641.88	\$ 45,778.78	\$ 630.68	\$ 396.63	\$ 239.32	65.774%		
2/1/2015	EMERGENT	264	\$ 163,836.50	\$ 63,792.13	\$ 100,044.37	\$ 68,965.45	\$ 31,078.92	\$ 620.59	\$ 378.96	\$ 261.23	68.935%		
	NonEmergent	46	\$ 28,665.88	\$ 14,110.21	\$ 14,555.67	\$ 10,563.58	\$ 3,992.09	\$ 623.17	\$ 316.43	\$ 229.64	72.574%		
	Total	310	\$ 192,502.38	\$ 77,902.34	\$ 114,600.04	\$ 79,529.03	\$ 35,071.01	\$ 620.98	\$ 369.68	\$ 256.55	69.397%		
3/1/2015	EMERGENT	269	\$ 169,628.90	\$ 60,663.28	\$ 108,965.62	\$ 76,882.28	\$ 32,083.34	\$ 630.59	\$ 405.08	\$ 285.81	70.556%		
	NonEmergent	81	\$ 51,028.66	\$ 23,899.85	\$ 27,128.81	\$ 23,788.38	\$ 3,340.43	\$ 629.98	\$ 334.92	\$ 293.68	87.687%		
	Total	350	\$ 220,657.56	\$ 84,563.13	\$ 136,094.43	\$ 100,670.66	\$ 35,423.77	\$ 630.45	\$ 388.84	\$ 287.63	73.971%		
4/1/2015	EMERGENT	240	\$ 137,680.00	\$ 49,480.65	\$ 88,199.35	\$ 61,171.56	\$ 27,027.79	\$ 573.67	\$ 367.50	\$ 254.88	69.356%		
	NonEmergent	74	\$ 40,278.44	\$ 14,325.43	\$ 25,953.01	\$ 21,377.98	\$ 4,575.03	\$ 544.30	\$ 350.72	\$ 288.89	82.372%		
	Total	314	\$ 177,958.44	\$ 63,806.08	\$ 114,152.36	\$ 82,549.54	\$ 31,602.82	\$ 566.76	\$ 363.54	\$ 262.90	72.315%		
5/1/2015	EMERGENT	284	\$ 168,865.20	\$ 62,135.64	\$ 106,729.56	\$ 71,635.07	\$ 35,094.49	\$ 594.60	\$ 375.81	\$ 252.24	67.118%		
	NonEmergent	82	\$ 46,346.08	\$ 15,320.24	\$ 31,025.84	\$ 21,956.87	\$ 9,068.97	\$ 565.20	\$ 378.36	\$ 267.77	70.770%		
	Total	366	\$ 215,211.28	\$ 77,455.88	\$ 137,755.40	\$ 93,591.94	\$ 44,163.46	\$ 588.01	\$ 376.38	\$ 255.72	67.941%		
6/1/2015	EMERGENT	252	\$ 152,792.20	\$ 48,369.74	\$ 104,422.46	\$ 59,900.70	\$ 44,521.76	\$ 606.32	\$ 414.37	\$ 237.70	57.364%		
	NonEmergent	99	\$ 60,176.56	\$ 15,838.46	\$ 44,338.10	\$ 21,223.08	\$ 23,115.02	\$ 607.84	\$ 447.86	\$ 214.37	47.866%		
	Total	351	\$ 212,968.76	\$ 64,208.20	\$ 148,760.56	\$ 81,123.78	\$ 67,638.78	\$ 806.76	\$ 423.82	\$ 231.12	54.333%		
911	Trans	3152	\$ 1,892,166.35	\$ 734,220.59	\$ 1,157,945.76	\$ 777,402.98	\$ 378,677.68	\$ 600.31	\$ 367.37	\$ 246.64	67.180%		
	Trans	593	\$ 392,373.17	\$ 161,430.34	\$ 230,942.83	\$ 163,780.17	\$ 67,162.66	\$ 661.67	\$ 389.45	\$ 276.19	70.918%		
	TOTAL	3745	\$ 2,284,539.52	\$ 895,650.93	\$ 1,388,888.59	\$ 941,183.15	\$ 447,205.44	\$ 610.02	\$ 370.86	\$ 251.32	67.899%		

Month	Type	# of Trips	Gross Charges	Allowables Deductibles	Net Charges	Payments	Balance Due	Gross/Trip	Net/Trip	Cash/Trip	
7/1/2015	EMERGENT	269	\$ 158,943.95	\$ 61,157.26	\$ 97,786.69	\$ 64,136.13	\$ 33,650.56	\$590.87	\$363.52	\$238.42	65.588%
	NonEmergent	131	\$ 66,478.51	\$ 25,674.90	\$ 40,803.61	\$ 25,693.50	\$ 15,110.11	\$507.47	\$311.48	\$196.13	62.969%
	Total	400	\$ 225,422.46	\$ 86,832.16	\$ 138,590.30	\$ 89,829.63	\$ 48,760.67	\$588.34	\$346.48	\$224.57	64.817%
8/1/2015	EMERGENT	226	\$ 133,143.85	\$ 45,435.99	\$ 87,707.86	\$ 47,473.34	\$ 40,234.52	\$589.13	\$388.09	\$210.06	54.127%
	NonEmergent	117	\$ 76,112.87	\$ 30,364.95	\$ 45,747.92	\$ 28,848.03	\$ 16,899.89	\$650.54	\$391.01	\$246.56	63.059%
	Total	343	\$ 209,256.72	\$ 75,800.94	\$ 133,455.78	\$ 76,321.37	\$ 57,134.41	\$610.08	\$399.08	\$222.51	57.133%
9/1/2015	EMERGENT	273	\$ 161,555.05	\$ 56,853.61	\$ 104,701.44	\$ 61,045.60	\$ 43,655.84	\$591.78	\$383.52	\$223.61	58.304%
	NonEmergent	123	\$ 67,760.95	\$ 23,352.17	\$ 44,408.78	\$ 28,534.02	\$ 15,874.76	\$550.90	\$361.05	\$231.98	64.253%
	Total	396	\$ 229,316.00	\$ 80,205.78	\$ 149,110.22	\$ 89,579.62	\$ 59,530.60	\$579.08	\$376.54	\$226.21	60.076%
10/1/2015	EMERGENT	253	\$ 156,693.93	\$ 54,389.34	\$ 102,304.59	\$ 53,370.21	\$ 48,934.38	\$619.34	\$404.37	\$210.95	52.168%
	NonEmergent	127	\$ 78,004.03	\$ 30,599.88	\$ 47,404.15	\$ 31,231.30	\$ 16,172.85	\$614.20	\$373.26	\$245.92	65.883%
	Total	380	\$ 234,697.96	\$ 84,989.22	\$ 149,708.74	\$ 84,601.51	\$ 65,107.23	\$617.83	\$393.97	\$222.64	56.511%
11/1/2015	EMERGENT	240	\$ 151,523.15	\$ 49,700.18	\$ 101,822.97	\$ 54,572.57	\$ 47,250.40	\$631.35	\$424.26	\$227.39	53.596%
	NonEmergent	107	\$ 65,350.70	\$ 19,625.80	\$ 45,724.90	\$ 27,322.84	\$ 18,402.06	\$610.75	\$427.34	\$255.35	59.755%
	Total	347	\$ 216,873.85	\$ 69,325.98	\$ 147,547.87	\$ 81,895.41	\$ 65,652.46	\$625.00	\$425.21	\$236.01	55.504%
12/1/2015	EMERGENT	252	\$ 159,129.82	\$ 52,247.61	\$ 106,882.21	\$ 55,780.65	\$ 51,101.56	\$631.47	\$424.14	\$221.35	52.189%
	NonEmergent	134	\$ 84,403.22	\$ 21,839.90	\$ 62,563.32	\$ 33,385.94	\$ 29,177.38	\$629.87	\$466.89	\$249.15	53.363%
	Total	386	\$ 243,533.04	\$ 74,087.51	\$ 169,445.53	\$ 89,166.59	\$ 80,278.94	\$650.91	\$438.98	\$231.00	52.623%
1/1/2016	EMERGENT	220	\$ 138,291.00	\$ 55,648.90	\$ 82,642.10	\$ 43,783.75	\$ 38,858.35	\$628.60	\$375.65	\$199.02	52.980%
	NonEmergent	95	\$ 53,365.69	\$ 13,104.02	\$ 40,261.67	\$ 14,084.52	\$ 26,177.15	\$561.74	\$423.81	\$148.26	34.982%
	Total	315	\$ 191,656.69	\$ 68,752.92	\$ 122,903.77	\$ 57,868.27	\$ 65,035.50	\$608.43	\$395.17	\$183.71	47.084%
2/1/2016	EMERGENT	226	\$ 130,829.30	\$ 10,880.70	\$ 119,948.60	\$ 13,934.53	\$ 106,014.07	\$578.89	\$530.75	\$ 61.66	11.617%
	NonEmergent	89	\$ 45,101.05	\$ 2,997.17	\$ 42,103.88	\$ 3,355.41	\$ 38,748.47	\$506.75	\$473.08	\$ 37.70	7.969%
	Total	315	\$ 175,930.35	\$ 13,877.87	\$ 162,052.48	\$ 17,289.94	\$ 144,762.54	\$558.51	\$514.45	\$ 54.89	10.659%
911		1959	\$1,190,110.05	\$ 386,313.59	\$ 803,796.46	\$ 394,096.78	\$ 409,699.68	\$607.51	\$410.31	\$201.17	49.029%
Trans		923	\$ 536,577.02	\$ 167,568.79	\$ 369,018.23	\$ 192,455.56	\$ 176,562.67	\$581.34	\$399.80	\$208.51	52.153%
TOTAL		2882	\$1,726,687.07	\$ 553,872.38	\$1,172,814.69	\$ 586,552.34	\$ 586,262.35	\$599.13	\$406.94	\$203.52	50.012%

ALL TIME NUMBERS

Month	Type	Gross Charges	Allowables	Net	Payments	Balance	Gross/	Net/	Cash/
911	5111	\$3,082,276.40	\$1,120,534.18	\$1,961,742.22	\$ 1,171,499.76	\$ 788,377.36	\$603.07	\$383.83	\$229.21
Trans	1516	\$ 928,950.19	\$ 328,989.13	\$ 599,961.06	\$ 356,235.73	\$ 243,725.33	\$612.76	\$395.75	\$234.98
TOTAL	6527	\$4,011,226.59	\$1,449,523.31	\$2,561,703.28	\$ 1,527,735.49	\$1,033,467.79	\$605.29	\$386.56	\$230.53

59.743%

59.376%

59.710%

MONTHLY AVERAGE

Month	Type	Gross Charges	Allowables	Net	Payments
911	283.9	\$ 192,642.28	\$ 70,033.39	\$ 122,608.89	\$ 73,218.74
Trans	84.2	\$ 58,059.39	\$ 20,551.82	\$ 37,497.57	\$ 22,264.73
TOTAL	368.2	\$ 250,701.66	\$ 90,595.21	\$ 160,106.46	\$ 95,483.47

MINUS PATIENT PAY CALLS

PATIENT PAY CALLS	Type	Net	Payments	Balance	Gross/	Net/	Cash/
1175		\$ 499,724.64					
5452		\$2,061,978.64	\$ 1,527,735.49	\$ 534,243.15	\$ -	\$378.21	\$280.22
							74.091%



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: B-1

DEPARTMENT: ---

SUBJECT: Nursing Home/CAC Board

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: It is recommended that the individual(s) attached be reappointed to their respective boards.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): Recommend approval.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---

Nursing Home/CAC Board

Immediate Vacancies: 2

Position Vacancy:

Board	Term	Name	Began	End
Nursing Home/CAC Board	2 years	James S. Pugh	---	---

Special requirements: N/A

Notes: Mr. Pugh is requesting reappointment to this Board. He was filling the unexpired term of Minnie Outlaw.

Attendance of Current Members: N/A

Applications Received:

1 – James S. Pugh, valid application on file; 1 additional vacancy remains

Current Members (unexpired):

1. Clara Barrow
2. Mary Davis
3. Rev. Gail P. McNeil

ABC
NCAC

Appt. 3/2/15



APPLICATION FOR BERTIE COUNTY AUTHORITIES, BOARDS, COMMISSIONS, AND COMMITTEES

Name: James S Pugh

Home Phone Number: (252)348-2858 Mobile: (252)377-7625

Home Fax Number: _____

Email Address: _____

Home Address: 613 Indian Woods Road, Lewiston-Woodville, NC 27849

Mailing Address: 613 Indian Woods Road, Lewiston-Woodville, NC 27849

Are you a full-time resident of Bertie County? Yes No _____

How long have you been a full-time resident of Bertie County? 82 years

Do you live within any corporate or town limits? Yes _____ No Which: _____

County Commissioner District: 4

(This information can be obtained from the Bertie County Board of Elections at 252-794-5306)

Occupation: Retired Employer: _____

Business Address: _____

Business Phone Number: _____ Business Fax: _____

Please list in order of preference the Boards/Commissions/Committees on which you would like to serve:

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. <u>Bertie County ABC Board</u> | 3. <u>NCAC</u> |
| 2. _____ | 4. _____ |

Qualification for specific category: _____

I have the best interest of the County at heart and I want to continue to see the store and employees succeed. My background with working on this Board and working with the employees makes me qualified.

Name of any Bertie County Board/Commission/Committee on which you presently serve:
Supervisor, Bertie County Soil and Water District

If reapplying for a position you presently hold, how long have you served? approx. 9 months

Based on your qualifications and experiences, briefly describe why your services on this Authority/Board/Commission/Committee would be beneficial to the County:

Being retired I have been able to give my full time to this Board. I have also worked with the other Board members and employees to create a better ABC System. I was part of the team to bring the "Save a Life" tour to our Bertie County Students.

Do you have any delinquent Bertie County taxes? ___ Yes No

Other information you consider pertinent: (i.e., education, occupational background, civic memberships, related work experiences, etc.) If necessary, you may add additional pages:

3rd Vice Chair, 21 County Civic League; Chairman, PPI; Credentials Committee member for Roanoke Electric Association; NAACP Member.

CODE OF ETHICS

By submitting this application and by my signature below, I pledge that, if appointed, I agree to comply with the attached Code of Ethics as adopted by the Bertie County Board of Commissioners.

Date: 4/24/2014 Applicant's Signature: Jean S. Pugh

Return application to:

~~Misty Gibbs, Assistant County Manager/Clerk to the Board
PO Box 530
106 Dundee Street
Windsor, NC 27983
Fax: (252) 794-5327
misty.gibbs@bertie.nc.gov~~

Note:

*All information on this document is subject to the Public Records Law and will be released to the public upon request.

**Interest to Service forms remain current for two years. Following that, the applicant may wish to contact the Clerk to the Board's Office for an updated form.

***Applications must be on file in the Clerk to the Board's Office 7 days prior to consideration for appointment.

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Date Received: 4/28/14

Received By: Sarah Shuler



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: B-2

DEPARTMENT: ---

SUBJECT: Planning Board

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: It is recommended that the individual(s) attached be reappointed to their respective boards.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): Recommend approval.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---

Planning Board

Immediate Vacancies: 2

Position Vacancy:

Board	Term	Name	Began	End
Planning Board	3 years	Jodey Sarey	---	---

Special requirements: N/A

Notes: Mr. Sarey is seeking appointment to the Planning Board in the current AT-LARGE vacancy.

Attendance of Current Members: N/A

Applications Received:

1 – Jodey Sarey, 1 vacancy remains if he is appointed to serve

Current Members (unexpired):

1. Terry Pratt
2. Nayland Collier
3. Rodney Mumma (expires 6/30/16)
4. Carl Bond (expires 6/30/16)
5. Gregory Hughes



APPLICATION FOR BERTIE COUNTY AUTHORITIES, BOARDS, COMMISSIONS, AND COMMITTEES

Name: Jodey Sary

Home Phone Number: _____ Mobile: 252/209/4455

Home Fax Number: 252/482/5466

Email Address: jbsary@embarqmail.com

Home Address: 1616 US 17 North Windsor, NC 27983

Mailing Address: _____

Are you a full-time resident of Bertie County? Yes No _____

How long have you been a full-time resident of Bertie County? 29 Years

Do you live within any corporate or town limits? Yes _____ No Which: _____

County Commissioner District: Stewart White
(This information can be obtained from the Bertie County Board of Elections at 252-794-5306)

Occupation: Vice President Employer: Sary Distributing, Inc.

Business Address: 162-B Old Hertford RD Edenton, NC 27932

Business Phone Number: 252/482/5332 Business Fax: 252/482/5466

Please list in order of preference the Boards/Commissions/Committees on which you would like to serve:

- | | |
|------------------------------|----------|
| 1. <u>Planning Board</u> | 3. _____ |
| 2. <u>Tir-County Airport</u> | 4. _____ |

Qualification for specific category: _____
I am a business leader in the region with a desire to see our county and region prosper.

Name of any Bertie County Board/Commission/Committee on which you presently serve:
Chief, Merry Hill - Midway Vol. Fire Dept.

If reapplying for a position you presently hold, how long have you served? _____

Based on your qualifications and experiences, briefly describe why your services on this Authority/Board/Commission/Committee would be beneficial to the County:
I believe it would be a beneficial to a board and to the County to have a young business leaders prospective.

Do you have any delinquent Bertie County taxes? ___ Yes No

Other information you consider pertinent: (i.e., education, occupational background, civic memberships, related work experiences, etc.) If necessary, you may add additional pages:

CODE OF ETHICS

By submitting this application and by my signature below, I pledge that, if appointed, I agree to comply with the attached Code of Ethics as adopted by the Bertie County Board of Commissioners.

Date: 1/27/16 Applicant's Signature: 

Return application to:

Misty Gibbs, Assistant County Manager/Clerk to the Board
PO Box 530
106 Dundee Street
Windsor, NC 27983
Fax: (252) 794-5327
misty.gibbs@bertie.nc.gov

Note:

- *All information on this document is subject to the Public Records Law and will be released to the public upon request.
- **Interest to Service forms remain current for two years. Following that, the applicant may wish to contact the Clerk to the Board's Office for an updated form.
- ***Applications must be on file in the Clerk to the Board's Office 7 days prior to consideration for appointment.

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Date Received: _____

Received By: _____



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: C-1

DEPARTMENT: Administration

SUBJECT: Accept Tax Release Journal – January 2016

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: Recommend approval.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): Recommend approval.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---



Bertie County Tax Department
PO Box 527
106 Dundee St.
Windsor, NC 27983
Phone: (252) 794-5310
Fax: (252) 794-5357

February 02, 2015

William Roberson
Bertie County Finance Officer
Windsor, NC 27983

Dear Mr. Roberson:

Attached you will find a (1) Computer Printout and, (2) Copies of the appropriate pages of the "Error Journal" (Ledger) manually maintained in the tax office, both relative to Errors and Releases which are now ready for your approval.

The errors and releases herein are for the month of **January** and this request for your approval is made pursuant to "Resolution of the Board of Commissioners" dated August 5, 1985. This may also serve as your report to the Board of Commissioners required by the same "Resolution."

Respectfully Submitted,



Tax Administrator

Approved on _____ 20____

RLS*16*8	DATE	NAME	CODE	LEVY	ADV	PEN	INT	TOTAL
2015	1/8/2016	Perry, Flint 15A10035.10	G01	\$120.31	\$0.00	\$0.00		\$120.31
		Incorrect Situs - not in town limits	G03	\$64.45				\$64.45
	1/8/2016	HTM Concepts 15A28951.80	G01	\$907.09		\$0.00		\$907.09
		Personal Prop. Listed in Martin Co.	C08	\$156.58				\$156.58
	1/19/2016	Morris, Sidney, Heirs 15A9163.40	G01	\$8.04	\$0.00	0.8		\$8.84
		Double Listed W/#30983	C02	7.27		0.73		\$8.00
								<u>\$1,265.27</u>

Tax Collections
02/02/16

Detail Transactions by Group

RTC020303

Page 1

Group Number RLS*16*8

Abatement

Effective Date 01/08/16

Seq Nbr	DATE	Account Number	Tax/UIT Number	Tax Code	Transaction Amount	Levy Amount	Penalty Amount	Addl Chgs	Interest Amount	Discont Amount	Txn Cde	Check Number	Trans Descrptn
1	01/05/16	10035	15A10035.10	601 C03	120.31- 64.45-	120.31- 64.45-	0.00 0.00		0.00 0.00				
***			PERRY, FLINT W		184.76-	184.76-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	R	P696	
2	01/05/16	28951	15A28951.80	601 C03	907.09- 156.58-	907.09- 156.58-	0.00 0.00		0.00 0.00				
***			HTM CONCEPTS INC		1063.67-	1063.67-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	R	P696	
3	01/07/16	9163	15A9163.40	601 C03	8.84- 8.00-	8.04- 7.27-	0.80- 0.73-		0.00 0.00				
***			MORRIS, SIDNEY RAY, HEIRS		16.84-	15.31-	1.53-	0.00	0.00	0.00	R	P696	
Tax Code Totals													
C02*15- AUL					8.00-	7.27-	0.73-	0.00	0.00	0.00			
C03*15- COLERAI					64.45-	64.45-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
C05*15- WINDSOR					156.58-	156.58-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
601*15- BRT TAX					1036.24-	1036.44-	0.80-	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Total for Group RLS*16*8					1265.27-	1263.74-	1.53-	0.00	0.00	0.00			
***** Tot By Tax Cycle *****													
Cycle													
A					0.00	1265.27-							



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: C-2

DEPARTMENT: Administration

SUBJECT: Approve minutes for Regular Session 2-1-16

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: It is recommended that these minutes be approved as presented. If County Attorney review is still pending, it is requested that the Board conditionally approved these minutes until changes are received.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): Recommend approval.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING:

ITEM HISTORY:

Windsor, North Carolina
February 1, 2016
Regular Meeting

The Bertie County Board of Commissioners met for their regularly scheduled meeting at 4:00pm at 106 Dundee Street, Windsor, NC. The following members were present or absent:

Present: Ronald "Ron" Wesson, District I
Stewart White, District II
Tammy A. Lee, District III
John Trent, District IV
Ernestine (Byrd) Bazemore, District V

Absent: None

Staff Present: County Manager Scott Sauer
County Attorney Lloyd Smith
Finance Officer William Roberson
Information Systems Administrator Scott Pearce
Planning & Inspections Director Traci White
Maintenance Superintendent Anthony Rascoe
Water Superintendent Ricky Spivey
Economic Development Director Steve Biggs
Parks and Recreation Director Donna Mizelle
Council on Aging Director Venita Thompson
Department of Social Services Director Linda Speller

Gene Motley of the Roanoke-Chowan News Herald and Leslie Beachboard of the Bertie Ledger-Advance were present from the media.

CALL TO ORDER

Chairman Trent called the meeting to order, and thanked those present for their attendance.

INVOCATION/PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Commissioner Wesson led the Invocation and Pledge of Allegiance.

PUBLIC COMMENTS

Mr. Norman Cherry, in his capacity as Board Chairman of the Bertie Rural Health Clinic, voiced his gratitude for the County's recent letter of support for the Rural Health Clinic's federal grant application.

Ms. Josephine Aiken of Republic Services introduced Mr. Rob Purvis as the new manager of the regional landfill.

APPOINTMENTS

Mr. Jodie Rhea, Tax Administrator presented the delinquent taxpayer report effective January 20, 2016 as required by NC General Statutes.

Tax Administrator, Jodie Rhea, presented the following report:

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. 105-369, attached is a report of the total amount of unpaid taxes for the current year for "REAL" property only as of January 20, 2016.

At the present time, we have 53 accounts in bankruptcy, 70 accounts in foreclosure, 83 accounts on a payment plan and 38 accounts under wage garnishments. During the month of January, we send a request to numerous employers requesting a list of their employees that live in Bertie County. We then process those lists to issue wage garnishments, so the number of garnishments will increase over the next couple of months.

Today, under NCGS 105-369(s), the Board will issue an Order for me to advertise the delinquent 2015 taxes. Once this order is given, I must mail a notice to each delinquent taxpayer no less than 30 days before the actual advertisement. Right now we are planning on advertising the end of March or first of April.

Within the next couple of weeks, I will be sending you the month end reports for the month of January that will show all, both real and personal, delinquent taxes.

Regarding Business Personal Property Audits, as of January 14, 2016, there are 257 accounts that have been or currently under review. 5 are under appeal with a potential discovery value of \$138,000,000 which would generate approximately \$1.1 million in taxes alone. However, that number may change depending on the outcome of the appeals.

28 accounts have been found to be compliant – no discovery

As of January 14, 2016, 134 accounts have been completed, with a total discovery value of \$65,500,000 which equals \$526,000 in taxes and \$155,000 in penalties for a total of \$681,000. Of that total, \$534,000 has been paid. \$115,600 paid to County Tax Services to date.

Vice Chairman Bazemore made a **MOTION** to accept the report as well as to issue an order for the Tax Collector to advertise the delinquent 2015 taxes. Commissioner Wesson **SECONDED** the motion. The **MOTION PASSED** unanimously.

Mr. Bryant Buck, Executive Director for the Mid-East Commission addressed the Board regarding the upcoming transportation planning cycle and the role of the Peanut Belt Rural Planning Organization (RPO)

Mr. Buck explained that the County is represented by Economic Development Director Steve Biggs, but that the County has no representation on the voting committee that approves the priorities for the RPO serving Halifax, Northampton, Hertford and Bertie counties.

After much discussion Commissioner Lee volunteered to serve on this committee.

Vice Chairman Bazemore made a **MOTION** to nominate Commissioner Lee to the RPO Board. Commissioner Wesson **SECONDED** the motion. The **MOTION PASSED** unanimously.

BOARD APPOINTMENTS

Bertie Martin Regional Jail Board

Vice Chairman Bazemore made a **MOTION** to appoint Ms. Dianne Bazemore to the Bertie-Martin Regional Jail Board pending submission of an application. Commissioner Lee **SECONDED** the motion. The **MOTION PASSED** unanimously.

CONSENT AGENDA

Upon review by Chairman Trent, Commissioner Lee made a **MOTION** to approve the Consent Agenda in its entirety as presented. Commissioner White **SECONDED** the motion. The **MOTION PASSED** unanimously.

The Consent Agenda was approved as follows:

1. **Minutes** for Regular Session 1-21-16, Planning Session 1-28-16
3. **Fees Report** – February 2016
4. **CADA’s annual Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) application** for FY2016-2017
5. **Resolution** celebrating that 150th Anniversary of Cedar Landing Missionary Baptist Church

DISCUSSION

A discussion to review any outstanding issues from the Planning Session on January 28th was reviewed during today's 2:00PM Work Session.

COUNTY MANAGER'S REPORTS

Mr. Sauer referred to Finance Officer William Roberson for presentation of Budget Amendment 16-08 covering NC Property Tax Commission preparation and legal fees, plus fees and discoveries for the recent billing for business personal property verification conducted by CTS.

Vice Chairman Bazemore made a **MOTION** to approve Budget Amendment 16-08 and Commissioner White **SECONDED** the motion. The **MOTION PASSED** unanimously.

COUNTY ATTORNEYS REPORT

County Attorney Lloyd Smith reported that in follow-up to earlier recommendations from the County Manger regarding potential occupancy of the old school bus garage.

Mr. Smith indicated that he and the County Manager inspected the building on January 29th and that its condition is much worse than he had anticipated and that until it is approved by the Chief Building Inspector, no occupancy should be allowed due to the obvious safety and liability issues.

He further suggested that having a structural engineer's opinion and certification is also recommended.

Mr. Smith said that the only reasonable use for the building is the locked storage for seized vehicles where the Court has order to this evidence to be securely stored by the Sheriff.

ADJOURN

Chairman Trent adjourned the meeting at 4:35PM.

John Trent, Chairman

Sarah S. Tinkham, Clerk to the Board



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: C-3

DEPARTMENT: Administration

SUBJECT: Approve Work Session minutes for 2-1-16

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: It is recommended that these minutes be approved as presented. If County Attorney review is still pending, it is requested that the Board conditionally approved these minutes until changes are received.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): Recommend approval.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING:

ITEM HISTORY:

Windsor, North Carolina
February 1, 2016
Work Session

The Bertie County Board of Commissioners met for a work session at 2:00pm at 106 Dundee Street, Windsor, NC. The following members were present or absent:

Present: Ronald "Ron" Wesson, District I
Stewart White, District II
Tammy A. Lee, District III
John Trent, District IV
Ernestine (Byrd) Bazemore, District V

Absent: None

Staff Present: County Manager Scott Sauer
Finance Officer William Roberson
Information Systems Administrator Scott Pearce
Planning & Inspections Director Traci White
Maintenance Superintendent Anthony Rascoe
Water Superintendent Ricky Spivey
Economic Development Director Steve Biggs
Park and Recreation Director Donna Mizelle
Council on Aging Director Venita Thompson
Department of Social Services Director Linda Speller

CALL TO ORDER

Chairman Trent called the meeting to order, and thanked those present for their attendance.

INVOCATION/PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Commissioner Wesson led the Invocation and Pledge of Allegiance.

WORK SESSION

Discuss OPEB funding strategies with Mr. Lee Carter of NC Cash Management Trust, formerly NC Local Government Commission

County Manager Sauer recapped the Board's recent discussions at the Planning Session on January 28th regarding the need to address the County's growing liability for retiree health insurance and he distributed copies of the pertinent pages from the most recent audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

County Manager Sauer explained that as previously requested by the governing body, staff have prepared a matrix of approximately 25 counties to compare the eligibility strategies for future retiree health insurance in order to better manage or reduce this increasing annual contribution requirement and the long term accrued financial liability which is approaching \$4 million and is currently unfunded.

County Manager Sauer explained that the Chairman had suggested that the Board consider a funding formula to address the unfunded accrued liability which had not been addressed in previous years.

When learning of the Chairman's suggestion for budgeting a monthly contribution of \$100 per employee to provide approximated \$240,000 per year, Finance Officer William Roberson suggested that we seek guidance and advice from former NC Local Government Commission senior staff, Mr. Lee Carter who now serves as Vice President for Capital Management of the Carolinas, LLC.

Mr. Carter explained to the Board that very few NC local governments have taken significant steps to fund this accrued liability and that most efforts have been focused on adjusting or reducing benefits for current and future staff.

He explained the pending changes in the Government Account Standards Board guidelines which will come into effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 which will require that the OPEB liability be reported with the County's financials rather than a footnote.

Mr. Carter emphasized that the County will ultimately need to look at both the benefit side and the funding plan component, and in his opinion the approach described using a monthly allocation per employee and paid to an irrevocable trust is quite innovative.

The consensus of the Board based on this discussion was for the County Manager and the Finance Officer to incorporate this strategy into the proposed budget for fiscal year 2016-2017 so that the governing board can review the County's fiscal plan in its entirety.

Discussion ensued with the Department Heads present regarding Board priorities and decisions from the January 28th planning session.

County Manager Sauer reviewed several key items, and emphasized the County's transition to the State Health Plan for both current staff and retirees.

Following this discussion the Commissioners took a walking tour of the Courthouse to review upcoming renovations for the interior of the building to include painting, wood work repair, flooring options and courthouse security measures.

The tour ended at 3:45 p.m. and the Board returned to the Commissioners Room for the regular meeting.

John Trent, Chairman

Sarah S. Tinkham, Clerk to the Board



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: C-4

DEPARTMENT: Administration

SUBJECT: Approve minutes for Special Meeting 2-19-16

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: It is recommended that these minutes be approved as presented. If County Attorney review is still pending, it is requested that the Board conditionally approved these minutes until changes are received.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): Recommend approval.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY:

Windsor, North Carolina
February 19, 2016
Special Meeting

The Bertie County Board of Commissioners met for special meeting at 9:00am at 106 Dundee Street, Windsor, NC. The following members were present or absent:

Present: Ronald "Ron" Wesson, District I
Stewart White, District II
Tammy A. Lee, District III
John Trent, District IV
Ernestine (Byrd) Bazemore, District V

Absent: None

Staff Present: County Manager Scott Sauer
Assistant County Attorney Jonathan Huddleston
Finance Officer William Roberson
Sheriff John Holley
Maintenance Director Anthony Rascoe
Water Superintendent Ricky Spivey
Utility Customer Service Manager Connie Coburn

Leslie Beachboard of the Bertie Ledger-Advance was present from the media.

CALL TO ORDER

Chairman Trent called the meeting to order and thanked all of those present for their attendance.

INVOCATION/PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Commissioner White led the Invocation and Pledge of Allegiance.

DISCUSSION

Distribution of Year In Review/Directory handout

County Manager, Scott Sauer, presented the proposed final copy of the Bertie County 2015 Year in Review, and the 2016 Bertie County Directory. This item was presented in the traditional 8.5x11 size in the Board's agenda packet, and the Board also received a larger 11x17 version.

The County Manager stated that the County was exploring an option to have this item mass mailed by a private company to every tax payer in the County, in addition to a cover letter explaining the item itself.

The County is also exploring the option of having this newsletter and directory distributed to the entire circulations of both the Roanoke-Chowan News Herald and the Bertie Ledger-Advance in their an upcoming edition.

In addition, Mr. Sauer alerted the Board to an item that was scheduled to be considered on the February 15, 2016 regular meeting, but due to inclement weather, the meeting was canceled.

The item would allow the County Attorney's Office the negotiating authority to handle the NC Department of Revenue on the subordination of the State's tax liens in two County tax foreclosure cases.

It was recommended that the Board approve this item under the following conditions: the County attorney will have the negotiating authority of up to \$2,000 on a fee that will have to be paid to the NC Department of Revenue for it to subordinate its tax liens in the Roy Stocks tax foreclosure case and in the Gregory Manufacturing tax foreclosure case.

Commissioner Wesson made a **MOTION** to approve the County Attorney's negotiating authority. Commissioner White **SECONDED** the motion. The **MOTION PASSED** unanimously.

Review and discuss proposed correspondence to the Board of Education regarding the joint use of the new bus garage (see attachment)

The Board reviewed a proposed letter that was written in response to a recent decision by the Board of Education regarding the former school bus garage.

After a brief discussion, Commissioner Lee made a **MOTION** to approve the proposed letter as presented. Vice Chairman Bazemore **SECONDED** the motion. The **MOTION PASSED** unanimously.

Clerk of Court – office furniture and equipment

County Manager Sauer informed the Board of a time sensitive matter regarding the Clerk of Court and her furniture needs at the Courthouse.

A handout was distributed to the Board showing the items and pricing information totaling approximately \$300.00 that were all available for purchase per the NC State University surplus property auction.

The County Manager requested that the Board approve this item along with the next two agenda items as they are all located on the same page in their electronic and hard copy agenda packets.

Sheriff's Office – relocation and renovation

County Manager Sauer briefly reviewed the current relocation and renovation updates on the upcoming move to the new Sheriff's Office on County Farm Road.

Administration and Courthouse – proposal for remainder of current fiscal year

In addition, the Board briefly discussed the needed improvements to the County Administration building and the interior of the Courthouse.

The Board agreed that the top priority is the cleaning of the Administration building attic as well as the replacement of the HVAC system.

Next, the Board would like to explore the option of cleaning and steaming the Administration building exterior, before then deciding on whether or not to paint the exterior as well to better match the newly polished Courthouse.

The Board agreed to take the exterior improvements to the Administration building in stages, and County Manager Sauer stated that it may be in the Board's best interest to stagger these projects along in addition to the interior of the County Courthouse.

Commissioner Lee expressed her concerns regarding the current interior of the Courthouse and stated that she hopes the inside will eventually match the upgraded look of the exterior.

Commissioner Wesson expressed his interest in also having the interior of the Administration freshened up with painting and other cosmetic upgrades.

As requested earlier in the meeting, Chairman Trent entertained a motion for the Board to approve the needed funding for the Clerk of Court, Sheriff, and Maintenance Director to proceed forward with these outlined projects.

Vice Chairman Bazemore made a **MOTION** to approve the requests as presented. Commissioner White **SECONDED** the motion. The **MOTION PASSED** unanimously.

The following items and amounts were approved:

Scott Sauer

Subject:	Project authorization and request for budget approval
\$ 4,500	Clerk of Court—furnishings and office equipment primarily from NCSU State Surplus Warehouse
45,000	Sheriff's Office—auxiliary generator, transfer switch and installation
9,000	Sheriff's Office—labor for painting and preparation—interior offices
3,200	Sheriff's Office—paint
10,000	Sheriff's Office—Door replacement (7) for security purposes with commercial metal frames
3,000	Sheriff's Office—Magnetic Locks
6,500	Sheriff's Office—Carpet (430 yards) and Linoleum (144 yards)
5,500	Sheriff's Office—labor for flooring material removal and installation of carpet and linoleum
8,000	Sheriff's Office—installation of bullet proof glass, protective metal barrier, and casings/moldings
32,000	Sheriff's Office—technology allowance for exterior door video coverage only
40,000	Administration building—HVAC ventilation replacement
54,000	Administration building—Exterior painting
58,000	Courthouse—first floor painting and molding replacement
<hr/>	
\$278,700	Combined total for all projects
4,500	Clerk of Court—furnishings
122,200	Sheriff's Office auxiliary generator, renovations, security enhancements and interior finishes
94,000	Administration Building—HVAC and exterior painting
58,000	Courthouse—first floor painting and molding replacement
\$278,700	Appropriated Fund Balance—based on excess landfill host fees projected at approximately \$300,000 above budget.

Farm Lane CDBG Water Line Project – accept change order request

Per McDavid & Associates, a change order request was needed to specify the “Neptune AMR” type water meters as recommended by Water Superintendent, Ricky Spivey.

Commissioner White made a **MOTION** to accept the change order request in the amount of \$11,826 using available grant funds. Commissioner Wesson **SECONDED** the motion. The **MOTION PASSED** unanimously.

Review NC Drinking Water State Revolving Fund projects for Water Districts II and IV, and consider approval of the related engineering assessments and capital project ordinances. Recommend approval for both capital project ordinances and engineering agreements – pending legal review

County Manager Sauer briefly reviewed this item and stated that the project bidding is slated to begin in February 2018. He stated that currently this project was still in the engineering stages, and that the County would need to meet the State’s timetable so that the project can continue to move forward.

Commissioner White made a **MOTION** to approve both capital project ordinances and engineering agreements pending legal review. Vice Chairman Bazemore **SECONDED** the motion. The **MOTION PASSED** unanimously.

The capital project ordinance for Water District II is below:

Bertie County
Project Ordinance - Water District II
NC Drinking Water SRF Project No.: WIF-1912

February 19, 2016

BE IT ORDAINED by the Governing Board of the County of Bertie, North Carolina that pursuant to Section 13.2 of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes of North Carolina, the following capital project ordinance is hereby adopted:

- Section I. The Governing Board of the County of Bertie, sitting as the Board of Commissioners for Water District II unanimously accepted and approved the “Letter of Intent to Fund” presented by the NC Drinking Water State Revolving Fund on February 19, 2016.
- Section II. The project description includes the telemetry system upgrade for Water District II and the implementation of the water system’s loss reduction plan, in addition to other system improvements.
- Section III. These improvements are consistent with the capital improvement plan for Bertie County’s regional water system consisting of Water Districts I, II, III, and IV; and

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Chairman and County Manager are directed to execute the documents for NC Drinking Water State Revolving Fund financing and NC Local Government Commission application materials associated with this project, including interim financing during construction;

The following revenue is anticipated to be available to complete this project:

Water District II (local) Appropriated fund balance	\$ 26,787
NC DWSRF Loan	\$1,339,350
<hr/>	
Total Project Funding	\$1,366,137

The following amounts are appropriated for the project:

Construction	\$ 859,000
Engineering Fees	379,500
Legal Fees (local)	6,100
Easement Acquisitions	5,000
Administration	1,500
Advertisement & Permits	2,500
Closing Costs	26,787
Project Contingency	85,900
<hr/>	
Total Project Cost	\$1,366,137

The County Manager and Finance Officer are directed to include a detailed analysis of past and future costs and revenues on this project annually.

Copies of this capital project ordinance shall be furnished to the Clerk to the Governing Body, and to the County Manager and to the Finance Officer for direction in carrying out this project.

Adopted this day 19th day of **February**, 2016.

John Trent, Chairman

Sarah S. Tinkham, Clerk to the Board

The capital project ordinance for Water District IV is below:

**Bertie County
Project Ordinance - Water District IV
NC Drinking Water SRF Project No.: WIF-1897
Roxobel Merger/Consolidation**

February 19, 2016

BE IT ORDAINED by the Governing Board of the County of Bertie, North Carolina that pursuant to Section 13.2 of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes of North Carolina, the following capital project ordinance is hereby adopted:

Section I. The Governing Board of the County of Bertie, sitting as the Board of Commissioners for Water District IV unanimously accepted and approved the "Letter of Intent to Fund" presented by the NC Drinking Water State Revolving Fund on February 19, 2016.

Section II. The project description includes the consolidation and merger of Water District IV and the Town of Roxobel's water system, in addition to other system improvements.

Section III. These improvements are consistent with the capital improvement plan for Bertie County's regional water system consisting of Water Districts I, II, III, and IV; and

BE IT RESOLVED, that the Chairman and County Manager are directed to execute the documents for NC Drinking Water State Revolving Fund financing and NC Local Government Commission application materials associated with this project, including interim financing during construction;

The following revenue is anticipated to be available to complete this project:

Water District IV (local) Appropriated fund balance	\$ 33,571
NC DWSRF Loan	\$1,178,550
NC DWSRF Principal Forgiveness	\$ 500,000
<hr/>	
Total Project Funding	\$1,712,121

COMMISSIONER REPORTS

Commissioner Lee reported that she had been in contact with Mayor Drew in Aulander regarding the progress of the new Family Dollar. She stated that progress had been slightly delayed due to weather, but that the store was now slated to open in mid-March.

Commissioner Wesson reported that the Kate B. Reynolds Charitable Trust, a 501(c)(3) organization dedicated to improving the lives of needy citizens in North Carolina, was now authorized to offer funding to eligible non-profit organizations in Bertie County. The Foundation requires all of its member counties to solicit community involvement via community based meetings so that citizens are able to recommend organizations in their areas that they feel would most benefit from additional grant funding. Commissioner Wesson stated that he was excited to begin this process as it would be a great help to the many deserving non-profits in the County.

Chairman Trent announced the Casey Owens would be taking over as Chief Executive Officer for the YMCA in April, and that he was excited to see what changes he could make to benefit Eastern Carolina.

Vice Chairman Bazemore reported that volunteers were welcome to serve on a planning committee for the first annual Bertie County Fun Day. No date has been set as the event is still in the preliminary planning stages.

ADJOURN

Chairman Trent adjourned the meeting at 9:30AM.

John Trent, Chairman

Sarah S. Tinkham, Clerk to the Board



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: C-5

DEPARTMENT: Register of Deeds

SUBJECT: Accept Register of Deeds Fees Report – February 2016

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: Recommend approval.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): Recommend approval.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---



Bertie County Register of Deeds

Annie F. Wilson
Register of Deeds

P.O. Box 340
Windsor, NC 27983
252-794-5309
www.bertie-live.inttek.net

NORTH CAROLINA
BERTIE COUNTY

TO: THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

Agreeable to and in compliance with Chapter 590 of the Public Local Laws of North Carolina, Sessions 1913, I beg leave to submit the following statement of all fees, commissions, etc. of any kind collected by me as Register of Deeds for the month of **FEBRUARY 2016** and for an itemized statement thereof, I respectfully refer you to the following books in my office.

AMOUNT SUBJECT TO GS 161-50.2

10-0030-4344-01	REAL ESTATE REGISTRATION-----	\$3,533.80
10-0030-4344-03	VITAL STATISTICS-----	\$1,352.00
10-0050-4839-02	MISCELLANEOUS(NOTARY OATHS/PHOTO COPIES, ETC)-----	\$228.80
10-0030-4344-04	NO. MARRIAGE LICENSE----- <u>2</u> @\$60.00-----	\$120.00
		\$5,234.60
10-0018-4240-01	N. C. STATE EXCISE STAMP TAX-----	\$6,533.00
10-0030-4344-10	STATE TREASURER FEE----- <u>116</u> @\$6.20-----	\$719.20
	STATE VITAL RECORDS----- <u>3</u> @14.00-----	\$42.00
		\$12,528.80
10-0000-1251-00	A/R IN/OUT(REFUND)-----	
		\$12,528.80

Annie F. Wilson
REGISTER OF DEEDS - BERTIE COUNTY
By: *Shakeela L. Williams Asst.*

FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES

D/T /MORTGAGES-----	<u>27</u> @\$6.20=	\$167.40
ADDITIONAL PAGES-----	<u>12</u> @\$0.40=	\$4.80
DEEDS & OTHER INSTRUMENTS-----	<u>97</u> @\$1.94=	\$188.18



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: C-6

DEPARTMENT: Administration

SUBJECT: Surplus property bid acceptance – old Dr. Jordan’s office lot

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: Recommend approval.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): Recommend approval.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY:

February 13, 2016 – Bid deadline #2; no new upset bids received

February 3, 2016 – A new advertisement (*attachment # 3*) for upset bids ran in the Bertie-Ledger

January 23, 2016 – Bid deadline #1

January 21, 2016 - An official upset bid of \$3,500 was received by the Clerk to the Board

January 13, 2016 – An advertisement (*attachment # 2*) for upset bids ran in the Bertie-Ledger

January 4, 2016 - Dr. Wayne Attkisson submitted an offer of \$3,000 to purchase Dr. Jordan’s Office vacant lot (*see attached #1 - tax card*)

ACCOUNT NUMBER 22268	TOWNSHIP WINDSOR	MAP SHEET 6802. 10	PIN NUMBER 6802-45-9396	ROUTE 95R	ZONE	SPECIAL DISTRICTS FIRE CITY CO8				
OWNER NAME BERTIE MEMORIAL CLINIC INC PO BOX 509			PROPERTY DESCRIPTION / PROPERTY ADDRESS OFFICE (BL 1 LOT 1) 505 STERLINGWORTH ST							
DATE TRANS. 06/96	STAMPS 166.0	QUAL 166.0	DEED REFERENCE 730/219	PLAT REFERENCE 362/9	SOIL MAP	ASCS TRACT NO.	DATE APPRSD 060711	BY KL	INFO E	PREVIOUS VALUES 15,015
OWNER ADDRESS WINDSOR NC 279830509			CENSUS NUMBER	AMENITIES	LOTS 1	ACRES 0.00	EXEMPT Y	LAND 11,513	BUILDINGS 3,502	
LAND USE	UTILITIES EWS	NEIGHBORHOOD A	LANDSCAPE QUALITY A	TOPOGRAPHY F	ROAD P	CRP: WDS: 0.00	APPA: 0	DI F: 0		

#	MTD	TYP	ACRES	ACT-FRNTG	EFF-FRNTG	AVE-DEPTH	DPH-FAC	UNIT \$	GRD	CLS	SOIL-TYP	% ADJ	APPRAISED VAL	USE VALUE
1	L	10	0	70.00		139.000	.95	119		125			\$11,513	\$11,513

Attachment # 1

1990 FROM W P JORDAN 1991 FROM W P & CAROLYN JORDAN (681/488) 1992 FROM TOWN OF WINDSOR (690/978) 1996 FROM LEONARD E REAVES III (699/445) GS#05 BLDG TORN DOWN 10/2014

METHOD:	DESCRIPTION:	BUILDING DEPRECIATION			% COMPLETE	USE	BUILDING CLASS	BUILDING TAX VALUE
SECTIONS:	REMARKS:	PHYSICAL:	FUNCTIONAL:	ECONOMIC:			BUILDING REPLACEMENT VALUE	

BUILDING SECTION DETAIL

TYPE	AREA	OCCUPANCY	STYLE	STORIES	FNDTN	BSMNT AREA	EXTERIOR WALLS	ROOFING	ROOF TYPE	# RM	# BR	FLOOR	ATTIC %	INTERIOR WALL	BSMT % FIN	BUILT-INS	HEATING	AIR COND	PLUMBING			GRADE	WL HT	YEAR BUILT	EFF YEAR	CONDI-TION	SECTION-DEPR		SECTION REPL VALUE	SECTION TAX VALUE
																			BTH	FXT	STK						OPN	PHYS		

BUILDING SECTION VALUATION

BUILDING #	MTHD	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	PHYS	FNCT-DPR	ECON-DPR	TYPE	AREA	STRIES	EW/FLR/W	GRADE	YEAR BLT	COND	SIZE	TAX VALUE
1	P	PAVING/PARKING		40			88	4800			A	D 1992	G	60X80	\$3,502

APPRAISED VALUE SUMMARY				USE VALUE SUMMARY				TOTAL TAX VALUE
LAND	BUILDINGS	LAND	BUILDINGS	LAND	BUILDINGS	LAND	BUILDINGS	
\$11,513	\$3,502							\$15,015
TOTAL APPRAISED VALUE:		\$15,015		TOTAL USE VALUE:				\$15,015

**NOTICE OF ADVERTISEMENT
FOR UPSET BIDS**

N.C.G.S. 160A-266, authorizes the sale of surplus property by private sale, following an advertisement for upset bids with 10 days is required. Below is the description of a piece of property owned by Bertie County which has been declared as surplus:

"the old Dr. Jordan Office lot"
505 Sterlingworth Street
Parcel/Pin #: 6802-45-9396

That certain lot or parcel of land with all improvements thereon which is situated in the Town of Windsor, Bertie County, North Carolina, on the East side of Sterlingworth Street, also known as N. C. Hwy. No. 308, and which is shown as Lot No. 1, Block 1, on a map of the "E.L. Gatling's F.D. Winston Property", prepared by J.B. Parker, Surveyor, dated October 21, 1944, recorded in Book 362, Page 9, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Bertie County, North Carolina, which map reference is made for a more complete description of the subject property. This lot was formerly the location of the office of Dr. W. P. Jordan and was conveyed to the Town of Windsor by deed from W. P. Jordan, et ux, by deed of record in Book 690, Page 978 and was conveyed from the Town of Windsor to Leonard E. Reaves, III by deed of record in Book 699, Page 445, Bertie Co. Registry. This is the same property conveyed to Bertie Memorial Clinic, Inc. d/b/a/ Cashie Medical Center by deed from Leonard E. Reaves, III and wife, Louisa M. Reaves, dated June 25, 1996, recorded on June 27, 1996, in Deed Book 730, Page 219 of the Bertie County Public Registry.

The authorization of a sale in the amount of \$3,000 has been approved by the County subject to upset bids as provided herein. Property inspections will be conducted by the Tax Office, and can be scheduled by contacting Jodie Rhea, Tax Administrator, at (252) 794-5310.

Any person may raise the bid by not less than ten percent of the first one thousand dollars and five percent of the remainder. When a bid is raised the bidder shall deposit five percent of the increased bid with the Clerk to the Board.

The Board of Commissioners reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Upset bids and payments must be received in writing by the Clerk to the Board, Sarah S. Tinkham, at PO Box 530, Windsor, NC, 27983, or via email at sarah.tinkham@bertie.nc.gov.

All bids must be received by 5:00PM on January 23, 2016.

NOTICE OF ADVERTISEMENT FOR UPSET BIDS

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The Board of Commissioners reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Upset bids and payments must be received in writing by the Clerk to the Board, Sarah S. Tinkham, at PO Box 530, Windsor, NC, 27983, or via email at sarah.tinkham@bertie.nc.gov.

All bids must be received by 5:00PM on February 13, 2016.



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: C-7

DEPARTMENT: Administration

SUBJECT: Budget Amendment – Governing body travel & mass mailing for “Year in Review/2016 Directory”

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: Recommend approval.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): Recommend approval.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---

BUDGET AMENDMENT

# 16-09				
INCREASE			INCREASE	
10-6120-5499-89	\$ 50,000		10-0025-4431-27	\$ 50,000
INCREASE IN TRILLIUM GRANT FOR HANDICAP ACCESSIBLE PLAYGROUND				
INCREASE			INCREASE	
10-0025-4586-05	\$ 3,800		10-5860-5399-10	\$ 5,067
10-0090-4991-99	\$ 1,267			
TO SETUP BUDGET FOR SR CENTER GENERAL PURPOSE MONEY (SIGNED NOV. 2015)				
DECREASE			DECREASE	
12-0025-4531-02	\$ 105	DSS	12-5380-5399-70	\$ 105
TO DECREASE BUDGET TO MATCH ACTUAL CRISIS MONEY RECEIVED				
DECREASE			DECREASE	
12-0025-4586-18	\$ 1,980	DSS	12-5380-5411-50	\$ 1,980
TO DECREASE BUDGET TO MATCH ACTUAL LIEAP MONEY RECEIVED (LOW INCOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM)				
INCREASE			INCREASE	
10-0025-4583-01	\$ 2,781		10-6100-5695-53	\$ 2,781
INCREASE BUDGET FOR JCPC PROGRAM				
INCREASE			INCREASE	
10-0050-4839-82	\$ 400	28-Jan	10-4950-5399-20	\$ 400
10-0050-4839-82	\$ 47	2-Feb	10-4950-5399-20	\$ 47
TO INCREASE BUDGET - DONATIONS/RETURNS EFNEP PROGRAM				
INCREASE			INCREASE	
10-0090-4991-99	\$ 922		10-4950-5399-30	\$ 922
TO BRING OVER UNSPENT GRANT MONEY FROM EFNEP LY SALARY LINE (BENEFITS)				
INCREASE			INCREASE	
10-4110-5370-00	\$ 4,600	MAILINGS	10-0090-4991-99	\$ 17,200
10-4110-5310-00	\$ 8,000	NACO		
		LEGISLATIVE		
		CONFERENCE		
10-4110-5310-00	\$ 4,600	NACO ANNUAL		
		CONFERENCE		
TO INC BUDGET FOR NACO CONFERENCES AND "YEAR IN REVIEW" MAILING				
APPROVED _____ / _____ /2016				

Quote 1 - Acculink



800-948-4110
 Fax 252-355-1994

QUOTATION

Quotation No: 77247
 Quotation Date: 2/26/2016
 CSR: Liz Wade

Customer Account: Bertie County Board of Commissioners
 106 Dundee Street
 PO Box 530
 Windsor NC 27983
 Sarah Tinkham
 252-794-6110

Fax 252-794-5327

Job Description: Bertie County Government Mailing

9052

Letter - Prints 4/0 static on 60# offset, 8.5x11, trifold to 8.5x3.66

Newsletter - Prints 4/4 static on 60# offset, 17x11, right angle letter fold to 8.5x3.66

Envelopes - Prints 1/0 (black) on #10/24# white wove envelope, 4.125x9.5

Option: Prints 1/0 (1 PMS)

Mailing Services - Import customer-supplied list, NCOA/CASS presort, inkjet address w/barcode, use of AccuLink indicia, insert Letter & Newsletter into #10's, prepare forms & deliver to PO

Terms & Conditions: **Pricing based on database file formatted for the desired result/specification, if you need assistance please contact your rep.
 **Below pricing does not include Postage. Postage must be prepaid prior to mailing.
 **Please note that a Processing Acknowledgement Form must be completed to comply with the Privacy Act of 1974. This form is required prior to processing of any mail list and is good for one year for the list owner.

*Estimate assumes a print-ready PDF's. All fonts and graphics must be embedded, appropriate bleeds and properties set to output correctly to match printing method. Additional charges will apply if file requires any manipulation or combination of multiple files.

*In the absence of an established house account, we will accept, major credit cards, advance payment by check or ship C.O.D.. C.O.D. shipments will incur additional C.O.D. fees. At your request, a credit application will be faxed or mailed to you.

*Pricing assumes AccuLink standard calibrations based on commercially pleasing color. Exact Color matching requires a color match (hard copy) proof resulting in additional charges. An unbound hard copy proof is not included in this estimate. FOB Greenville, NC.

*Subject to 10% billable overs. Production time to be determined. Prices do not include freight. FOB AccuLink Plant (Greenville, NC). This quote valid for 30 days.

Component 1	Letters	
	Quantity	TotalPrice
	9,052	\$ 902.16

Component 2	Newsletters	
	Quantity	TotalPrice
	9,052	\$ 2,537.42

Component 3	#10 Reg Envelopes _ 1/0 black	
	Quantity	TotalPrice
	9,052	\$ 326.41

Component 4	#10 Reg Envelopes _ 1/0 PMS ink	
	Quantity	TotalPrice
	9,052	\$ 350.90

Component 5

Mailing Services

Quantity	TotalPrice
9,052	\$ 957.91

\$5074.80

Quote 2 – Morgan Printing

Sarah Tinkham

From: Jack Morgan Jr. <jmorgan@morganprinters.com>
Sent: Friday, February 26, 2016 1:37 PM
To: Sarah Tinkham
Subject: Re: Bertie County - Quote - documents being sent per Lydia

Follow Up Flag: Follow up
Flag Status: Flagged

Hey Sarah;

Here are the numbers Lydia asked that I send you.

9,100 Letters- \$ 803.00
8.5 x 11, Tri Fold
Process Color 1 Side
60# Opaque Text, White

9,100 Newsletters- \$ 1515.00
11 x 17, Fold 1/2 & Tri Fold
Process Color
2 Sides
60# Opaque Text

9,100 Envelopes- \$ 433.00
#10 Regular, Black Ink 1 Side

9,100 Mailing Services- \$ 672.00
Insert/ Seal/ Ink Jet & Mail

Plus Postage

Please let me know if you need anything else

Jack

~~\$3123.⁰⁰ + postage~~

TOTAL : \$6699.00

----- Original Message -----

From: Sarah Tinkham
To: jmorgan@morganprinters.com
Sent: Thursday, February 25, 2016 4:17 PM
Subject: Bertie County - Quote - documents being sent per Lydia

Good Afternoon,

Hope you're doing well!

Lydia at the Front Desk has been working with me on a mass printing/mailing job.

She asked that I send our documents to you to help with an estimate.

Quote 3 – PMI, Inc.



Professional Mail Services Inc.

Committed to Production Excellence & Unsurpassed Customer Service...

CUSTOMER QUOTATION CUSTOMER CONTACT

Bertie County

QUOTATION

www.mailpros.com

Sarah Tinkham
sarah.tinkham@bertie.nc.gov
252-794-5300

Page 1 of 1

QUOTE DATE EXPIRE DATE QUOTE NUMBER PROJECT NAME

2/23/2016 004311 Letter/Year in Review

FMSI CONTACT EMAIL PHONE FAX

Michael Brem mbrem@mailpros.com 9193548842 9193548888

QUOTE DETAILS

<u>Data Processing Services</u>	<u>Volume</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Item Cost</u>
▼ CASS/Sort/Preparation/IMB/electronic USPS Entry	9052	6.00 /M	54.31
▼ Download data	1	25.00 SC	25.00
<u>Direct Mail Processing Services</u>	<u>Volume</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Item Cost</u>
▼ Fold 8.5 x 11 newsletter to fit into #10	9052	11.48 /M	103.92
▼ Fold 8.5 x 11 letter to fit into #10	9052	11.48 /M	103.92
▼ Inkjet name & address onto #10	9052	12.00 /M	108.62
▼ Insert letter & newsletter into #10	9052	19.24 /M	174.16
▼ Sort-and Prepare for Postal Entry	9052	10.00 /M	90.52
<u>Printing Services</u>	<u>Volume</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Item Cost</u>
▼ Print #10 regular envelope, 1/0	9052	345.39 SC	345.39
▼ Print 8.5 x 11 generic letter, 4/0 no bleeds, 80# Velvet text	9052	630.50 SC	630.50
▼ Print 8.5 x 11 generic newsletter, 4/4 no bleeds, 80# Velvet text	9052	747.50 SC	747.50
▼ Provide PDF proof	3	0.00 SC	0.00
<u>Provide Mailing List</u>	<u>Volume</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Item Cost</u>
▼ List-Provide Mailing List	9052	168.75 SC	168.75
<u>Transportation Services</u>	<u>Volume</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Item Cost</u>
▼ USPS Delivery-Raleigh	1	10.00 SC	10.00
		Sub Total	\$2,562.59
		Tax (7.50%)	\$192.19
		Total	\$2,754.78
<u>USPS Postage Estimation</u>	<u>Volume</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Item Cost</u>
▼ Postage Estimate - presort standard	9052	0.202 EA	1,828.50

Notes

TOTAL \$4583.28

All postage figures shown above are ESTIMATES ONLY, and may be higher or lower than stated. Variations to the original specifications may result in a service fee. Prepayment of postage and mailing lists is due in advance of every job. Payment of services is due Net 30. Quote does not include sales tax, freight or courier services unless specified.

Physical Address
3500-D Tricenter
Research Triangle Park, NC 27713

Mailing Address
PO Box 98115
Raleigh, NC 27624

Phone: 919-354-8800
FAX: 919-354-8809
Email: sales@mailpros.com



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: D-1

DEPARTMENT: Administration

SUBJECT: Blue Jay Recreation Center lease to Bertie County

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: Recommend approval.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): Recommend approval.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---

PRITCHETT & BURCH, PLLC

ATTORNEYS AT LAW
101 LAWYERS LANE – POST OFFICE DRAWER 100 – WINDSOR, NC 27983
Telephone (252) 794-3161- Facsimile (252) 794-2392
E-mail jhuddleston@windsorlaw.com

LLOYD C. SMITH, JR. * +
JONATHAN E. HUDDLESTON
LLOYD C. (CLIF) SMITH, III
PEGGY T. SMITH

J.A. PRITCHETT (1897-1986)
WILLIAM W. PRITCHETT, JR. (1944-2001)

*Certified Mediator
+Certified Family Financial Mediator

February 22, 2016

Blue Jay Recreation Center
Attn: Ronald Rascoe
129 Quitsna Road
Windsor, North Carolina 27983

Re: Lease by Blue Jay Recreation Center to Bertie County
P&B File: 16-T-11

Dear Mr. Rascoe:

I have enclosed a proposed Lease Agreement from Blue Jay Recreation Center to Bertie County. I have also enclosed the corresponding Memorandum of Lease that will be recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds. Please review these documents and let me know if you need any changes. I have also given a set to Scott Sauer for him and the County Commissioners to review.

Also enclosed for review and execution by the five Trustees is the deed we have prepared from Blue Jay Recreation Center, an unincorporated association, to Blue Jay Recreation Center, a non-profit corporation.

We need a copy of your bylaws for our file along with any minutes of meetings that deal with any Board of Trustee discussions or membership discussions regarding the lease of this property so I can confirm the names of those who currently sit on the Board of Trustees and the names of the officers and their authority.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

PRITCHETT & BURCH, PLLC


Jonathan E. Huddleston

JEH/jb

Enclosures

DEADLINE

Jonathan

LEASE AGREEMENT

THIS LEASE AGREEMENT, entered into this _____ day of _____, 2016, by and between **Blue Jay Recreation Center**, a non-profit organization, whose mailing address is 1653 Indian Woods Road, Windsor, North Carolina 27983, (hereinafter referred to as "Blue Jay"), and **Bertie County**, a body politic, whose mailing address is Post Office Box 530, Windsor, North Carolina 27983, (hereinafter referred to as "Bertie County").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, Blue Jay owns a tract of land at 1709 Indian Woods Road in Indian Woods Township, Bertie County, North Carolina, which it uses as a recreation facility to serve nearby communities such as Spring Hill, Beacon Light, St. Francis and Indian Woods;

WHEREAS, on Blue Jay's property are baseball fields, a concessions stand, playground equipment and basketball courts;

WHEREAS, activities conducted at the facility include sporting activities like baseball and basketball, other park-related activities, family reunions, car shows, birthday parties, and community meetings;

WHEREAS, Bertie County desires to lease Blue Jay's property in order to assist the leadership of Blue Jay in making park improvements such as demolishing any

dilapidated structures, improving drainage and making other improvements to the facility through grants and other funding;

WHEREAS, Blue Jay desires to lease the property to Bertie County for the purposes set out above; and

WHEREAS, the parties hereto desire to enter into this Agreement in order to put in writing their respective responsibilities, understandings and duties.

Upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, the Blue Jay leases to Bertie County and Bertie County leases from Blue Jay all property and improvements, which shall hereinafter be referred to as "the Leased Premises", as follows:

1. LEASED PREMISES. Blue Jay hereby leases to Bertie County and Bertie County hereby leases from Blue Jay that certain tract of land located at 1709 Indian Woods Road, Windsor, North Carolina, and described as follows:

That certain lot or parcel of land in Indian Woods Township, Bertie County, North Carolina, on the North side of S. R. 1108, being a part of Kingwood Park, containing 5.59 acres, more or less, and more particularly described as follows: BEGINNING at a point at the northern edge of S. R. 1108, corner for Kevin Cooper, which point of beginning is located South 44 degrees 29 minutes East 405.26 feet and North 36 degrees 24 minutes West 30.38 feet and South 44 degrees 29 minutes East 126.45 feet from the center of a culvert beneath S. R. 1108; thence from said beginning North 45 degrees 31 minutes East 300 feet to a corner; thence turning right and running South 44 degrees 29 minutes East 423 feet to a ditch; thence North 63 degrees 30 minutes East 56 feet and South 56 degrees 05 minutes East 298 feet along said ditch to a corner; thence turning right and running South 45 degrees 31 minutes West 411 feet to the edge of the road; thence turning right and along the edge of S.R. 1108 North 44 degrees 29 minutes West 730.20 feet.

This is the same property conveyed to Bart Smallwood, Dorsey Lee Smallwood, James R. Outlaw, Roy Bond, Ambrose Bond and Joe Willey Thompson, Trustees for Blue Jay Recreation Center by deed from Spruill Farms, Inc., dated September 27, 1973, and recorded on October 15, 1973 at Deed Book 583, Page 540 of the Bertie County Public Registry.

2. **TERM.** The original term of this Agreement shall be for a period of thirty (30) years, commencing on the date set out at the beginning of this agreement and ending thirty (30) years later.

3. **RENT.** Bertie County shall pay rent in the sum of One Dollar (\$1.00) at the time that this lease commences. By signing this lease, Blue Jay acknowledges receipt of this rent payment.

4. **TERMINATION.** If Bertie County fails to make any improvements to the Lease Premises within the first five (5) years of this lease, then Blue Jay may terminate this lease with sixty (60) days written notice to Bertie County. Upon termination of this Agreement, Bertie County shall surrender the Lease Premises to Blue Jay in as good a condition as that existing at the time of Bertie County's initial occupancy, normal wear and tear excepted, not later than ninety (90) days after termination. Bertie County may terminate this lease with sixty (60) days written notice to Blue Jay.

5. **USE OF PREMISES.** The Blue Jay shall allow the Bertie County to utilize and occupy the Leased Premises for the purpose of conducting sporting activities like baseball and basketball, walking and other exercise, other park-related activities and community meetings, and for the purpose of making improvements to the facility through grants and other funding. During the term of this lease Blue Jay may continue conduct any of the activities that it has conducted on the Leased Premises in the past. Blue Jay will cooperate with Bertie County to avoid any conflicts in usage.

6. **IMPROVEMENTS AND UPKEEP.** Bertie County at its sole cost and expense, and with the assistance of grants and other funding, shall have the right to make

improvements to the Leased Premises at any time and from time to time. Any and all repairs, replacements, renovations, additions or improvements of or to the Leased Premises shall be and become the property of the Blue Jay and shall remain to be surrendered as part of the Leased Premises without cost to the Blue Jay upon expiration of the term of this Agreement; ~~provided however, that at any time prior to the expiration of the term, Bertie County may remove such fixtures installed by it as may be affixed to the Leased Premises provided such removal can be effected without materially damaging the Leased Premises.~~ Any damage, whether material or otherwise, upon the removal of said fixtures shall be immediately repaired at the expense of Bertie County. Bertie County will maintain the structures on the Lease Premises and will mow the property at its expense.

7. PROPERTY TAXES. The Blue Jay is tax exempt so there will be no obligation for Blue Jay or Bertie County to pay ad valorem property taxes. If for any reason Blue Jay loses its tax exempt status, Blue Jay will pay any taxes assessed against the Lease Premises or any personal property.

8. UTILITIES AND SERVICES. In addition to the rent charged hereunder, Bertie County shall be responsible for the utilities for the Leased Premises, which shall include water, sewage, fuel, gas, oil, heat, telephone, electricity and power. Bertie County shall provide its own adequate trash containers for trash disposal and will keep the same in a clean, sanitary and sightly condition.

9. DEFAULT. This Agreement is made upon the express condition that if the Bertie County fails to pay the rental amount reserved hereunder or any part thereof

after the same shall become due, and such failure shall continue for a period of ten (10) days after notice thereof from the Blue Jay to the Bertie County, or if the Bertie County fails or neglects to perform, meet, or observe any of the Bertie County's other obligations hereunder, and such failure or neglect shall continue for a period of sixty (60) days after notice thereof from the Blue Jay to the Bertie County, then the Blue Jay at any time thereafter by written notice to the Bertie County may lawfully declare the termination hereof and re-enter said Leased Premises or any part thereof, and by due process of law expel, remove and put out the Bertie County or any person or persons occupying said premises.

10. ACCELERATION. In the event Bertie County defaults in any of its obligations hereunder, then the balance of rent for the entire term of this Agreement shall at the option of Blue Jay become due and payable at once upon written demand and notice by Blue Jay, unless cured by Bertie County within fifteen (15) days of such demand or notice.

11. INSPECTION OF THE PREMISES. Blue Jay shall have the right to enter into, upon, over and under the Leased Premises during the term of this lease for the purpose of inspection and repair.

12. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND INDEMNIFICATION. Blue Jay represents that, to the best of its knowledge, no hazardous material has been used or placed upon or within the Leased Premises in violation of any applicable law, that it has no notice with regard to any hazardous material on the Leased Premises, and that the Leased Premises are presently in compliance with all federal and state environmental laws and

regulations. Blue Jay shall indemnify and hold harmless the Bertie County from and against all losses, expenses and claims of every kind (including attorneys fees) suffered by or asserted against it during the Lease as a direct or indirect result of hazardous materials that are proven to exist on the Leased Premises at the time of the execution of this Agreement, and such indemnification shall also apply to any claims that arise as the result of any negligent act or omission of Blue Jay or by any of its officers, members, agents or employees. Bertie County warrants that it shall permit no release of Hazardous Materials onto or from the Leased Premises in violation of any environmental law.

13. INSURANCE. Bertie County will add the Leased Premises to its general liability insurance and its hazard insurance.

14. NOTICE. Any notice or communication pertaining to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been duly given by the Parties by either first class mail or registered mail to the address hereinafter stated, or to such other address as the parties may mutually agree upon:

Blue Jay

Blue Jay Recreation Center
129 Quitsna Road
Windsor, North Carolina 27983
Attn: Ronald Rascoe
(252) 799-8993

Bertie County

Bertie County
Post Office Box 530
Windsor, North Carolina 27983
Attn: Scott Sauer, County Manager

(252) 794-6112

15. BLUE JAY/BERTIE COUNTY RELATIONSHIP. The execution of this Agreement and the performance of any act pursuant to the provisions hereof shall not be deemed or construed to have the effect of creating between Blue Jay and Bertie County the relationship of principal and agent, employer and employee, partnership, joint venture or any other relationship other than that of Blue Jay and Bertie County.

16. HOLDOVER. In the event Bertie County remains in possession of the premises after the expiration of the term of this Agreement without the execution of a new agreement, Bertie County shall occupy the premises under a month-to-month tenancy subject to all the conditions of this Agreement in as much as the same are consistent with such tenancy.

17. MEMORANDUM OF LEASE. Blue Jay and Bertie County hereby agree to execute a memorandum of lease for recordation in the Office of the Register of Deeds of Bertie County, North Carolina in accordance with Chapter 47 of the North Carolina General Statutes.

18. MISCELLANEOUS.

a) Entire Agreement; Modification: This Agreement supersedes all prior agreements and constitutes the entire agreement between the Parties hereto with regard to the subject matter hereof. It may not be amended or modified except by an instrument executed by both parties.

b) Severability: If any of the provisions of this Agreement shall be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or unenforceable, the decision

of such court shall not affect or impair any of the remaining provisions of this Agreement, and the parties shall, to the extent they deem to be appropriate, take such actions as are necessary to correct any such unconstitutional or unenforceable provision. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the parties to this Agreement that this Agreement would have been approved and executed had such an unconstitutional or unenforceable provision been excluded therefrom.

c) Non-Waiver: No delay or failure by either party to exercise any right hereunder, and no partial or single exercise of any such right, shall constitute a waiver of that or any other right, unless otherwise expressly provided herein.

d) Binding Effect: This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective legal representatives, successors, and assigns.

e) Assignment and Subletting: Except as may otherwise be expressly provided herein, no party may assign any right, obligation, or liability arising hereunder without the other party's prior written consent. Any such assignment or attempted assignment shall be null and void. ~~Bertie County will not sublet the Leased Premises without first having obtained the written consent of the Blue Jay, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld by Blue Jay.~~

f) Laws and Regulations: The Bertie County at its own cost and expense shall comply promptly with all laws, rules and orders of all federal, state and municipal governments or departments which are applicable to the Leased Premises, and shall not

knowingly utilize the premises for any illegal, unsafe, or offensive purposes, functions or acts whatsoever.

g) Covenant of Further Assurances: The Parties agree that from and after execution of this Agreement, each will, upon the request of the other, execute and deliver such other documents and instruments and take such other actions as may be reasonably required to carry out the purpose and intent of this Agreement.

h) Force Majeure: A party shall not be deemed to have defaulted or failed to perform hereunder if that party's inability to perform or default shall have been caused by an event or events beyond the control and without the fault of that party, including (without limitation) acts of Government, embargoes, fire, flood, explosions, acts of God or a public enemy, strikes, labor disputes, vandalism, civil riots or commotions, or the inability to procure necessary raw material, supplies or equipment.

i) Time is of the Essence: Time is of the essence in this Lease.

j) Headings: Headings in this Agreement are for convenience and reference only and shall not be used to interpret or construe its provisions.

k) Multiple Originals: This Agreement shall be executed in duplicate multiple originals, each of which shall be deemed an original but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

l) Governing Law: This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of North Carolina.

m) Consideration: The consideration for the execution of this Agreement is the agreement among the parties affixing their signatures hereto to agree to the matters and things set forth herein.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, Blue Jay has hereunto caused this Agreement to be signed by its President, by due authority heretofore duly given, and Bertie County has caused this instrument to be executed in its name by its Chairman of the Bertie County Board of Commissioners, attested by its Clerk to the Board of County Commissioners, and its corporate seal hereto affixed, all by due authority of the vote of the Board of Commissioners heretofore duly given, this the day and year first above written.

Blue Jay Creation Center

By: _____
Ronald Rascoe, President

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF BERTIE

I, _____, Notary Public, for Bertie County, North Carolina, do hereby certify that Ronald Rascoe, President of Blue Jay Recreation Center, a non-profit organization, this day personally appeared before me and acknowledged the due execution of the foregoing instrument for the purposes therein expressed.

Witness my hand and official seal, this the _____ day of _____, 2016.

Notary Public
Printed Name: _____

My Com. Expires: _____

(NOTARIAL SEAL/STAMP) JEH/ 16 Deeds/ BertieCounty-BlueJayRecreationCenter-LeaseAgreement-16T11 (jb)

ATTEST:

BERTIE COUNTY

Sarah S. Tinkham, Clerk
to the Board of Bertie County
Commissioners

BY: _____
John Trent, Chairman of the Board
of Bertie County Commissioners

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF BERTIE

I, _____, a Notary Public, for the County and State aforesaid, certify that Sarah S. Tinkham personally appeared before me this day and acknowledged that she is the Clerk to the Bertie County Board of Commissioners, a political subdivision of the State of North Carolina, and that by authority duly given and as the act of the Bertie County Board of Commissioners, the foregoing instrument was signed in its name by its Chairman, sealed with its seal, and attested by Sarah S. Tinkham as Clerk to the Bertie County Board of Commissioners.

Witness my hand and notarial seal or stamp, this _____ day of _____, 2016.

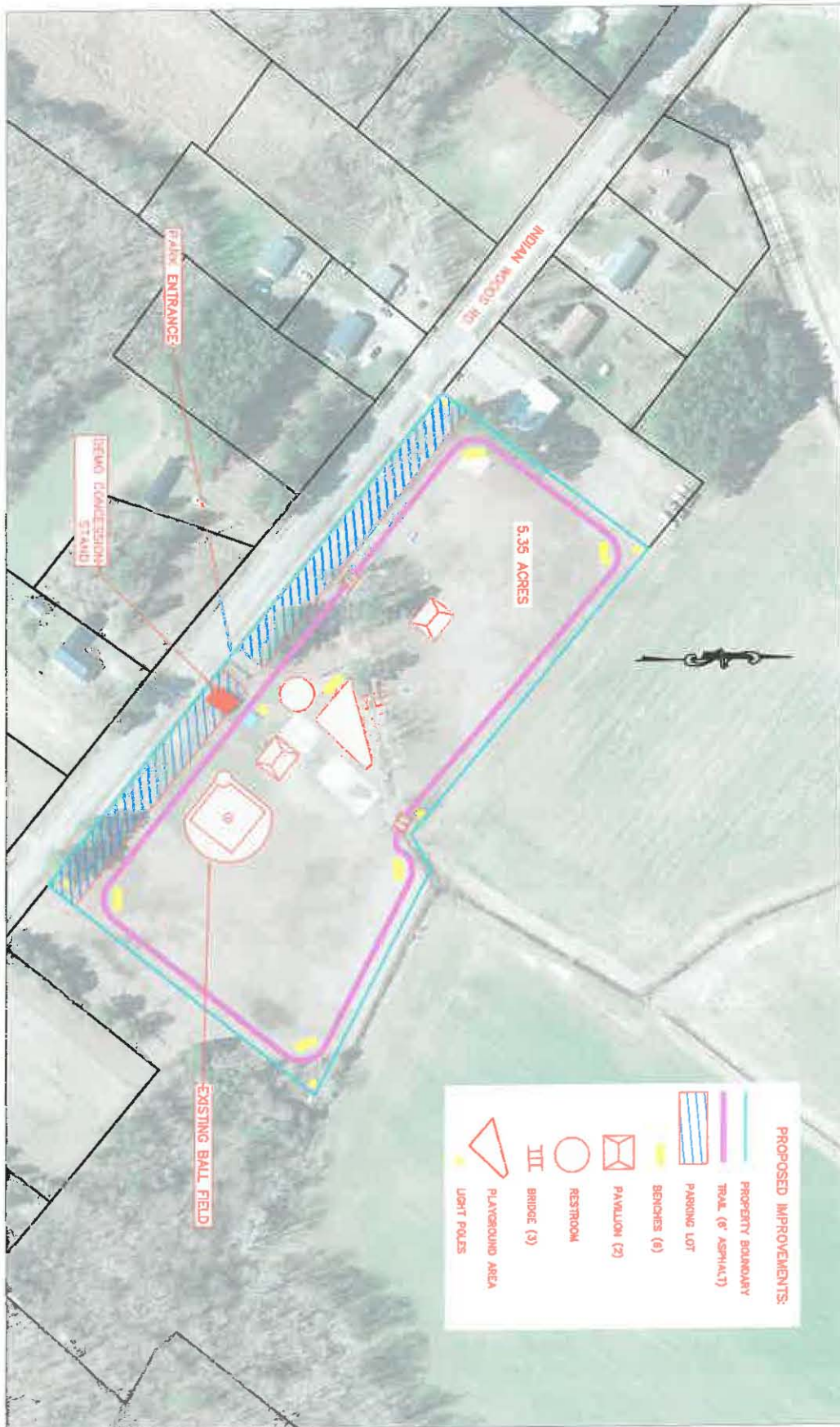
Notary Public's Signature

Printed Name: _____

My Com. Expires: _____

(NOTARIAL SEAL/STAMP)

JEH/16 Deeds/ BertieCounty-BlueJayRecreationCenter-LeaseAgreement-16T11 (jb)



BLUE JAY PARK SITE LAYOUT
NOT TO SCALE

Municipal Services Engineering Company, P.A.

1000 W. 10th St. Suite 100
Tomball, TX 77375
Tel: 281-291-1100
Fax: 281-291-1101



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: D-2

DEPARTMENT: Administration

SUBJECT: Shared & Vacation Leave (maximum accumulation) Policy

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: These two personnel policy provisions were discussed at the Board's January 28 planning session and these policy amendments reflect language from the Town of Ahoskie employee handbook.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): These draft amendments are for discussion purposes only as a first reading, and are subject to further discussion prior to any official action of the Governing Body.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

SHARED LEAVE

Leave Sharing Eligibility Requirements

Use of shared leave must be for sickness of the employee, employee's spouse, employee's or spouse's child or children or employee's parent(s). To qualify for consideration of receipt of shared leave, the employee must (a) have been employed at least one (1) year in a regular position with the County; (b) must be in a leave earning position; (c) must have exhausted all individually accrued sick and annual leave, and compensatory time; and (d) have a balance of at least eighty (80) of sick leave prior to need of shared leave.

Guidelines for Donating Shared Leave

- a) Participation is totally voluntary.
- b) All donations will be kept in the strictest of confidence.
- c) Employees may donate sick or annual leave.
- d) Employees wishing to donate leave time may donate up to thirty-two (32) hours of leave for a given employee per incident. The minimum amount of leave to be donated is eight (8) hours.
- e) Employees donating leave time must have a minimum balance of forty (40) hours of annual leave and forty (40) hours of sick leave after their donated time is subtracted.
- f) Employees wish to donate time must complete a *Shared Leave Authorization Form* designating the number of hours being donated and to whom it is being donated. The employees must sign the form authorizing the transfer and giving up their claim to these hours.

VACATION LEAVE – MAXIMUM ACCUMULATION

Vacation leave may be accumulated without any applicable maximum until the pay period containing December 31 of each calendar year. However, if the employee separates from service, payment for accumulated vacation leave shall not exceed 240 hours. During the pay period containing January 25, any employee with more than 240 hours shall have the excess accumulation converted to sick leave so that only an accumulation of no more than 240 hours of vacation leave is carried forward to January 1 of the next calendar year. Based on the workload and nature of the job description, the County Manager are exempt from the maximum accumulation of vacation and comp time as limited by the Personnel Policy.

Employees are cautioned not to retain excess accumulation of vacation leave until late in the calendar year. Due to the necessity to keep all Town functions in operation, large numbers of employees cannot be granted vacation leave at any one time.

If an employee has excess vacation leave accumulation during the latter part of the year and is unable to take such leave because of staffing demands, the employee shall receive no special consideration either in having vacation leave scheduled or in receiving any exception to the maximum accumulation rule. Employees may sell up to 40 hours of vacation or comp time while Department Heads may sell up to 80 vacation or comp time hours between November 15 and December 15 each year.

This policy adopted this ____ day of _____, 2016.

John Trent, Chairman



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: D-3

DEPARTMENT: Administration

SUBJECT: Fiscal Update by Finance Officer, William Roberson

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS: FYI only.

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S): FYI only.

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---

COUNTY OF BERTIE
FINANCIAL SUMMARY
FISCAL YEAR 15/16

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	BUDGET	FEB	YTD	% TO DATE	Prior Year % TO DATE
	REVENUES				
PROPERTY TAXES ***ESTIMATED***	\$ (10,819,625.00)	\$ (375,989.95)	\$ (10,014,291.06)	92.6%	96.4%
SALES AND OTHER TAXES	\$ (1,583,300.00)	\$ (150,841.65)	\$ (787,094.83)	49.7%	48.9%
UNRESTRICTED INTERGOVERNMENT	\$ (101,500.00)	\$ (11,425.77)	\$ (23,953.75)	23.6%	19.4%
RESTRICTED INTERGOVERNMENT TRILLIUM Grant - \$300,000	\$ (1,108,001.00)	\$ (57,107.75)	\$ (557,325.05)	50.3%	64.5%
PERMITS & FEES	\$ (3,639,367.00)	\$ (249,452.37)	\$ (1,892,938.85)	52.0%	36.3%
SALES & SERVICES **BUDGET - \$826,651.00 - Hospital**	\$ (901,452.00)	\$ (9,458.25)	\$ (43,669.27)	4.8%	61.6%
MISCELLANEOUS *Water loan repay - \$855,000.00*	\$ (1,069,446.00)	\$ (11,846.75)	\$ (151,336.06)	14.2%	62.4%
INTEREST EARNED ON INVESTMENTS	\$ (15,000.00)	\$ (1,885.78)	\$ (13,164.08)	87.8%	43.5%
TRANSFERS	\$ (2,223,751.00)	\$ -	\$ -	0.0%	0.0%
FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED *Land - \$1,250,000.00*	\$ (2,419,557.00)	\$ -	\$ -	0.0%	0.0%
TRANSFERS TO DEBT SERVICE	\$ (3,145,535.00)	\$ -	\$ -	0.0%	0.0%
TRANSFERS GEN TO DSS	\$ (1,427,945.00)	\$ -	\$ -	0.0%	0.0%
DSS	\$ (3,597,936.00)	\$ (289,093.63)	\$ (1,646,812.46)	45.8%	58.1%
DSS PERMITS & FEES	\$ -	\$ (450.00)	\$ (3,600.00)	-	-
DSS MISCELLANEOUS	\$ -	\$ (20.00)	\$ (20.00)	-	-
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ (32,052,415.00)	\$ (1,157,571.90)	\$ (15,134,205.41)	47.2%	54.9%
EXPENDITURES					
GOVERNING BODY	\$ 196,134.00	\$ 10,253.35	\$ 102,116.13	52.1%	49.3%
ADMINISTRATION	\$ 246,904.00	\$ 21,189.73	\$ 158,865.25	64.3%	67.4%
HUMAN RESOURCES	\$ 109,547.00	\$ 5,344.95	\$ 54,691.58	49.9%	0.0%
FINANCE	\$ 254,311.00	\$ 16,908.30	\$ 149,490.82	58.8%	63.4%
TAX LISTING & COLLECTIONS	\$ 636,572.00	\$ 54,662.36	\$ 431,283.22	67.8%	52.2%
LEGAL	\$ 165,000.00	\$ 14,645.41	\$ 125,299.42	75.9%	44.7%
COURT FACILITIES	\$ 93,872.00	\$ 4,621.25	\$ 18,353.66	19.6%	31.7%
ELECTIONS	\$ 197,045.00	\$ 16,166.59	\$ 93,830.38	47.6%	63.4%
REGISTER OF DEEDS	\$ 308,557.00	\$ 26,115.24	\$ 167,314.34	54.2%	55.2%
PUBLIC BUILDINGS	\$ 978,275.00	\$ 83,001.67	\$ 638,959.89	65.3%	60.5%
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CENTER	\$ 230,844.00	\$ 17,718.20	\$ 154,488.53	66.9%	67.5%
SHERIFF	\$ 2,665,199.00	\$ 157,205.05	\$ 1,441,227.40	54.1%	57.3%
911 COMMUNICATIONS	\$ 422,538.00	\$ 41,835.79	\$ 270,630.65	64.0%	59.4%
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT	\$ 448,787.00	\$ 18,629.42	\$ 225,939.57	50.3%	51.4%
EMERGENCY SERVICES	\$ 2,185,990.00	\$ 238,081.56	\$ 1,395,619.69	63.8%	68.2%
NON-EMERGENCY TRANSPORT SERVICE	\$ 601,326.00	\$ 52,971.67	\$ 304,041.11	50.6%	30.9%
PLANNING/INSPECTIONS	\$ 301,291.00	\$ 23,527.64	\$ 182,841.27	60.7%	58.8%
MEDICAL EXAMINER	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 500.00	\$ 4,750.00	95.0%	81.0%
ANIMAL CONTROL	\$ 124,400.00	\$ 11,319.63	\$ 81,676.28	65.7%	55.7%
SOLID WASTE	\$ 472,308.00	\$ 37,644.03	\$ 308,959.12	65.4%	58.2%
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Land Purchase - \$1,250,000	\$ 1,470,426.00	\$ 23,503.46	\$ 130,057.54	8.8%	28.0%
COOPERATIVE EXTENSION	\$ 203,844.00	\$ 30,250.77	\$ 128,930.84	63.2%	56.4%
SOIL CONSERVATION	\$ 86,059.00	\$ 5,793.13	\$ 49,401.69	57.4%	58.9%
HEALTH DEPARTMENT	\$ 97,700.00	\$ 8,000.00	\$ 64,000.00	65.5%	65.8%
VETERAN SERVICES	\$ 27,255.00	\$ 1,966.44	\$ 18,564.30	68.1%	66.1%
AID TO AGING/NUTRITION	\$ 530,268.00	\$ 58,096.58	\$ 295,943.10	55.8%	51.0%
PARKS & RECREATION TRILLIUM Grant - \$300,000	\$ 580,253.00	\$ 26,238.34	\$ 139,906.16	24.1%	57.1%
SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS	\$ 5,328,814.00	\$ 597,099.39	\$ 3,506,878.39	65.8%	65.0%
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS	\$ 4,912,480.00	\$ -	\$ -	0.0%	0.0%
CONTINGENCY	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	-
SOCIAL SERVICES-ADMINISTRATION	\$ 2,699,621.00	\$ 183,055.88	\$ 1,507,660.94	55.8%	56.8%
SOCIAL SERVICES PROGRAMS	\$ 2,326,260.00	\$ 296,303.99	\$ 1,307,051.94	56.2%	57.5%
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE	\$ 3,145,535.00	\$ 6,178.81	\$ 1,606,955.98	51.1%	69.2%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 32,052,415.00	\$ 2,088,828.63	\$ 15,065,729.19	47.0%	51.0%

CASH

	Prior Year	
	February 29, 2016	February 28, 2015
CENTRAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNT - SOUTHERN	\$ 3,156,244.81	\$ 3,537,805.71
CD'S - SOUTHERN	\$ 6,500,000.00	\$ 6,500,000.00
NC CAPITAL MANAGEMENT TRUST	\$ 2,036,941.20	\$ 2,998,890.42
PSBCF	\$ 510,000.00	\$ -
	\$ 12,203,186.01	\$ 13,036,696.13

COUNTY OF BERTIE
 FINANCIAL SUMMARY
 FISCAL YEAR 15/16

		<u>BUDGET</u>	<u>FEB</u>	<u>YTD</u>	<u>% TO DATE</u>	<u>Prior Year % TO DATE</u>
UTILITY FUNDS						
DISTRICT - REGIONAL						
TOTAL PERMITS & FEES		\$ (150,500.00)	\$ (11,254.03)	\$ (95,109.21)	63.2%	41.3%
TOTAL SALES & SERVICES		\$ (2,550,000.00)	\$ (196,475.27)	\$ (1,582,655.19)	62.1%	68.7%
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS		\$ (3,100.00)	\$ (75.00)	\$ (4,377.44)	141.2%	15.1%
TOTAL OTHER		\$ (8,000.00)	\$ -	\$ -	0.0%	0.0%
FUND BALANCE APPR.	*Water loan repay - \$855,000.00*	\$ (855,000.00)	\$ -	\$ -	0.0%	0.0%
TOTAL REVENUES		\$ (3,566,600.00)	\$ (207,804.30)	\$ (1,682,141.84)	47.2%	65.0%
WATER DISTRICT REG.	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 3,566,600.00	\$ 113,389.43	\$ 1,059,327.52	29.7%	40.4%
BERTIE PHONE						
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS		\$ (70,000.00)	\$ (5,983.05)	\$ (47,701.74)	68.1%	68.2%
TRANSFERS GEN TO PHONE		\$ (4,000.00)	\$ -	\$ -	0.0%	0.0%
FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED		\$ (85,370.00)	\$ -	\$ -	0.0%	0.0%
TOTAL REVENUES		\$ (159,370.00)	\$ (5,983.05)	\$ (47,701.74)	29.9%	68.2%
BERTIE PHONE SYSTEM	EXPENDITURES	\$ 159,370.00	\$ 68,213.39	\$ 155,475.58	97.6%	62.8%



Bertie County

Board of Commissioners

ITEM ABSTRACT

MEETING DATE: March 7, 2016

AGENDA ITEM: D-4

DEPARTMENT: Administration

SUBJECT: Water District III (and South Windsor) – resolution to approve Engineering Design and Final Plans for submittal to USDA Rural Development

COUNTY MANAGER RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS:

SUMMARY OF AGENDA ITEM AND/OR NEEDED ACTION(S):

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

LEGAL REVIEW PENDING: N/A

ITEM HISTORY: ---

**RESOLUTION TO APPROVE ENGINEERING DESIGN AND FINAL PLANS
FOR SUBMITTAL TO USDA RURAL DEVELOPMENT AS THEY RELATED TO
WATER DISTRICT III/SOUTH WINDSOR**

WHEREAS, on Monday, July 20, 2015, the Bertie County Board of Commissioners accepted the USDA's Letter of Conditions for Water District III system improvements (including the area of South Windsor); and

WHEREAS, the County Water Department and its consulting engineer have worked to develop detailed engineering plans and specifications to meet the needs of Water District III; and

WHEREAS, the Bertie County Water Department has reviewed, consulted, and concurred with these engineering plans and specifications; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, the Board of Commissioners on behalf of Bertie County Water District III do hereby approve these specifications and plans for submission to USDA Rural Development for its review.

Resolved this **7th** day of **March**, 2016.

John Trent, Chairman
Bertie County Board of Commissioners

ATTEST:

Sarah S. Tinkham, Clerk to the Board
Bertie County Board of Commissioners